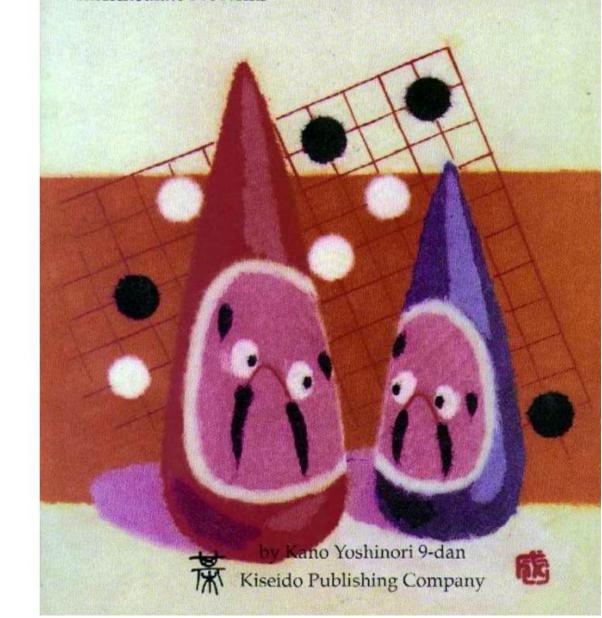
GRADED GO PROBLEMS FOR BEGINNERS

Volume Three Intermediate Problems

20-kyu to 15-kyu



GRADED GO PROBLEMS FOR BEGINNERS

VOLUME THREE

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Kano Yoshinori 9-dan

The Nihon Ki-ın

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PREFACE

This volume is a continuation of the second volume of GRADED GO PROBLEMS FOR BEGINNERS and is aimed at the 15-kyu to 20-kyu player.

The problems presented here will require some thought, but none of them is so difficult that a player who understands the rules, has had some experience playing games, and has studied the first and second volumes of this series would not be able to solve them in less than a minute.

Since the aim of this series is to present as many examples of go technique as possible, I have avoided giving a lot of different variations of possible answers. The reader is advised to attempt to 'refute' the correct answer until he knows beyond a doubt that the correct answer does in fact work. By pondering each problem in this way, the reader will develop an instinct for finding the winning move in his games.

March, 1987

Kano Yoshinori 9-dan

GLOSSARY

atari — check, i.e. a move threatening to capture on the next move.

dame — neutral points which profit neither Black nor White.

dan — a rank given to players to indicate their strength at the game.

When a player's strength improves after attaining the rank of 1-kyu, he is promoted to amateur 1-dan and as he becomes stronger, the numerical value of his dan increases. The top amateur dan rank is usually 6-dan. The professional dan ranks start at 1-dan and go up to 9-dan, which is the highest rank attainable. A professional 1-dan is usually about two stones stronger than an amateur 6-dan. See kyu. Couble. atari — giving atari to two different groups of stones at the same time.

eye — a point on the board which is surrounded by stones of the same color.

ko – a shape in which your stone is captured but it is illegal to retake the capturing stones even though you can occupy all of its liberties.

Beginners are arbitrarily classified at 30-kyu and as they become estronger, the numerical value of their kyu decreases. For example, 15-kyu is stronger than 20-kyu. See dan.

nakade — a large eye-space which, by skillful play, can be reduced to a single eye.

oiotoshi — a move which gives atari to a group of stones in such a way that no matter how one defends, the group will still be in atari.

oshitsubushi — a snape in which you give atari to two or more of your opponent's stones in such a way that he cannot defend against this atari without committing suicide.

attack the other side's group, his own group is put into atari and dies. Therefore, neither side can attack or attempt to atari.

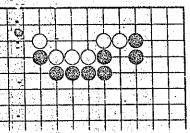
snapback — a tactic in which one stone is offered as a sacrifice and if it is taken, the capturing stones are in turn captured.

PART ONE **PROBLEMS**

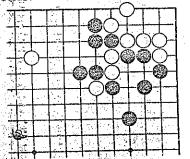
I INTERMEDIATE PROBLEMS LEVEL ONE

Section 1	Middle Game Problems.			3
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	Opening Problems			
	Living Groups and Dead			
Section 4	Endgame Problems			17

SECTION 1. MIDDLE-GAME PROBLEMS

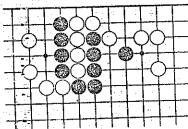


PEOBLEM 1. Black to play. How should Black play so as to completely surround the white stones?

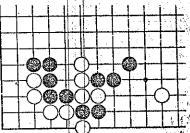


PROBLEM 3. White to play. How can White play so as to

escape with his two scones in the centre?

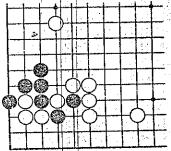


PROBLEM 5. Black to play. How should Black play?

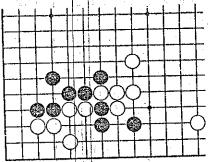


PROBLEM 2. Black to play."

Black should play so as to prevent the capture of his two stones on the second line.

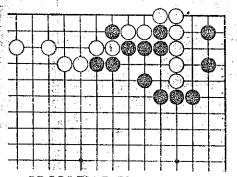


PROBLEM 4. Black to play. What is Black's best move?

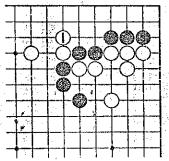


PROBLEM 6. Black to play.

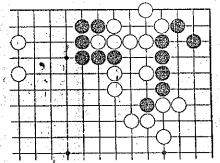
The first thing Black should do is make sure that his two stones at the bottom cannot be captured.



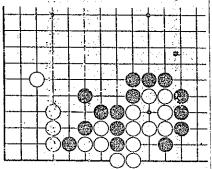
PROBLEM 7. Black to play. How should Black play so as to capture the eight white stones on the right?



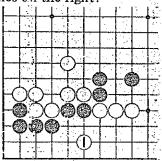
PROBLEM 9. Black to play. How should Black respond to White 1?



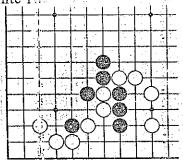
PROBLEM 11. Black to play. How should Black play so as to capture the seven white stones at the top?



PROBLEM 8. Black to play. How should Black play so as to capture the thirteen white stones on the right?

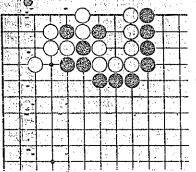


PROBLEM 10. Black to play. How should Black respond to White 1?

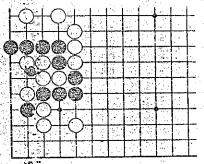


PROBLEM 12. Black to play.

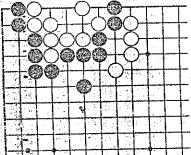
How should Black play so as to capture the two white stones in the center?



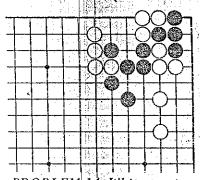
PROBLEM 13, Black to play. How should Black play so as to capture seven white stones?



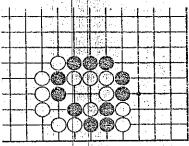
PROBLEM 15. White to play. How can White save his five endangered stones?



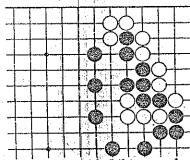
PROBLEM 17. Black to play. Black has a move which will create a ko for the life of the whitestones on the left.



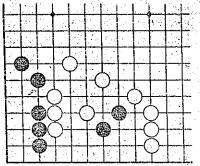
PROBLEM 14. White to play. How should White play so as to link up his three stones at the top to the ones on the left?



PROBLEM 16. White to play. How can White capture six black stones?

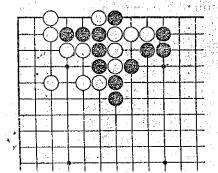


PROBLEM 18. White to play. How should White play?



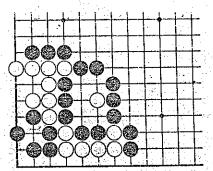
PROBLEM 19. Black to play.

How can Black link up his stones on the right to the ones on the left?

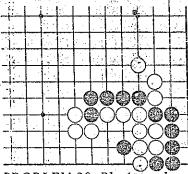


PROBLEM 21. Black to play.

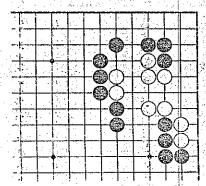
How can Black win the capturing race?



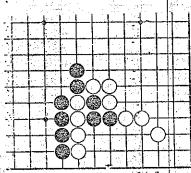
PROBLEM 23. White to play. What is White's best move?



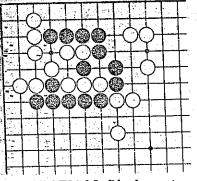
PROBLEM 20. Black to play.
How can Black capture eight white stones?



FROBLEM 22. Black to play.
If you strike at the vital point,
you can kill the white stones.

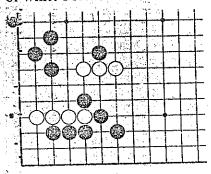


PROBLEM 24. Black to play.
How can Black capture four white stones?



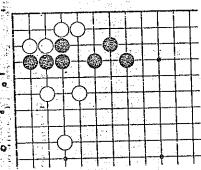
PROBLEM 25, Black to play.

How can Black capture some of White's stones?



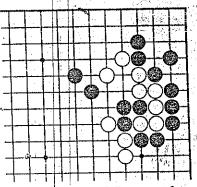
PROBLEM 27. White to play.

How can White link up his two groups?



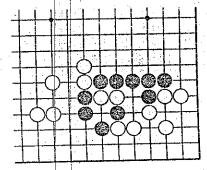
PROBLEM 29. Black to play.

How does Black kill the white stones in the corner?

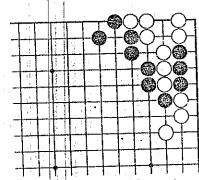


PROBLEM 26. White to play.

How can White capture three black stones?

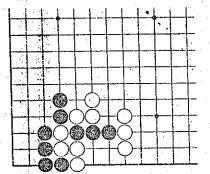


PROBLEM 28. White to play. How should White play?

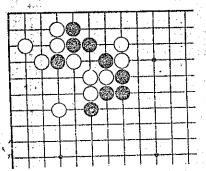


PROBLEM 30, Black to play.

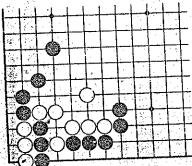
How can Black capture the white stones in the corner?



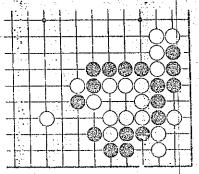
PROBLEM 31. White to play. How can White capture three black stones?



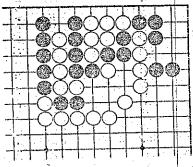
PROBLEM 33. Black to play. How should Black play?



PROBLEM 35. Black to play. How should Black play?

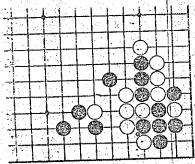


PROBLEM 32. White to play. How should White play?

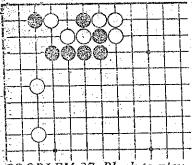


PROBLEM 34. Black to play.

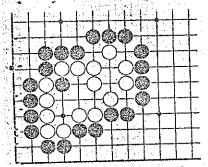
Lere you are asked to capture either five or six white stones.



PROBLEM 36. White to play.
How can White capture three black stones?

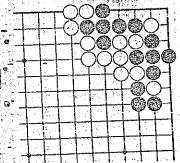


PROBLEM 37. Black to play.
How should Black play?



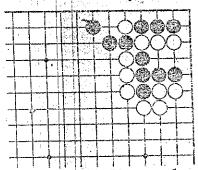
PROBLEM 39. Black to play.

How should Black play so as to capture all the white stones?

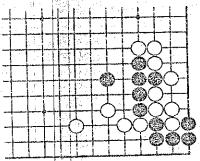


PROBLEM 41. Black to play.

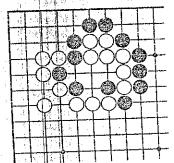
How should Black play so as to secure all his stones?



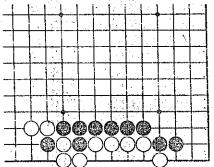
PROBLEM 38. Black to play.
How can Black capture three white stones?



PROBLEM 40. Black to play. How should Black play so as to capture four white stones?

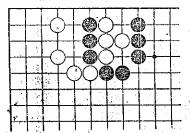


PROBLEM 42. White to play. How can White save his seven endangered stones?

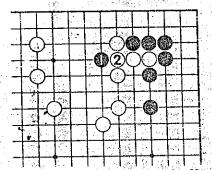


PROBLEM'43. Black to play.

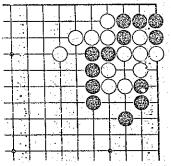
How should Black play so as to capture the eight white stones on the edge?



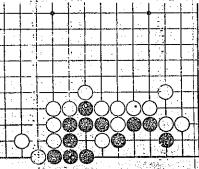
PROBLEM 45. White to play.
How should White play so as to capture three black stones?



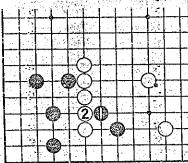
PROBLEM 47. Good or bad? Is peeping at 1, forcing White to connect at 2, a good or a bad move?



PRCBLEM 44. Black to play. How should Black play?



PROBLEM 46. Black to play. How should Black play?

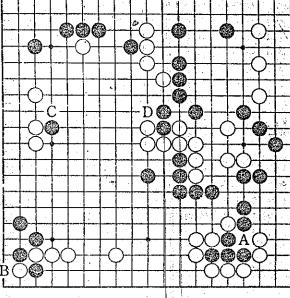


PROBLEM 48. Good or bad?
Is reeping at 1, forcing White

to connect at 2, a good or a bad move?

PROBLEM 49
Black to play.
Among the poin

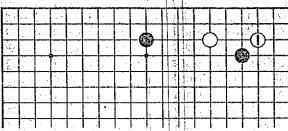
Among the points A through D, which is the most important one for Black to play?



SECTION 2. OPENING PROBLEMS

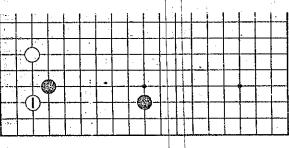
PROBLEM 50
Black to play,

In the position at the top right, how should Black respond to White



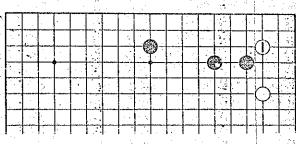
PROBLEM 51
Plack to play.

In the position at the bottom left, how should Black respond to White



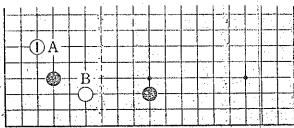
PROBLEM 52
Black to play

In the position at the top right, how should Black respond to White 1?



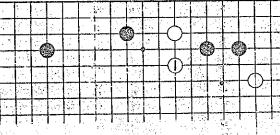
PROBLEM 53 Black to play.

In the position at the bottom left, should Black respond to White i by attaching at A or B?



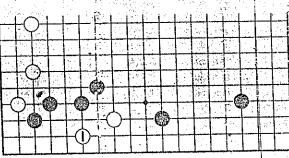
PROBLEM 54
Black to play.

This is a position that often arises in 4-stone handicap games. How should Black respond to White 1?



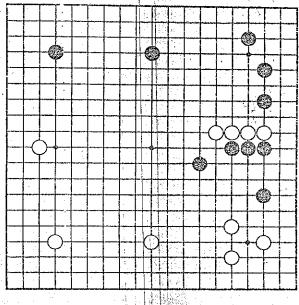
PROBLEM 55
Black to play.

This is also a 4-stone handicap position. How should Black respond to White 1?

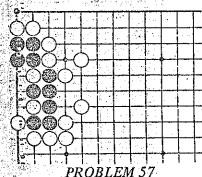


PROBLEM 56 Black to play.

In the opening, it is sometimes more important to play on an urgent point than to map out territory. In this position, where should Black play?

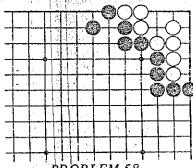


SECTION 3. LIVING GROUPS AND DEAD GROUPS

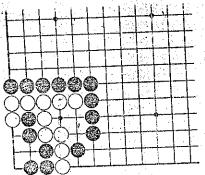


Black plays and lives.

If you know the under-thestones tactic, you will have no trouble solving this problem.

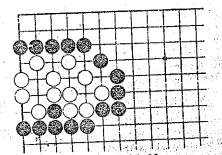


PROBLEM 58
Black plays White dies.
You can kill White by making a bent-four-in-the-corner shape.



PROBLEM 59

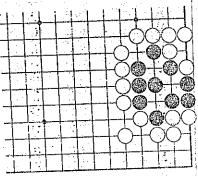
Black plays White dies.
Black can kill White by making a 6-space big eye.



PROBLEM 61 Black plays White dies. Black's first move decides the

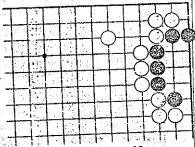
fate of the white group.

PROBLEM 63 Black plays and lives. Black has to sacrifice two stones if he is going to live.



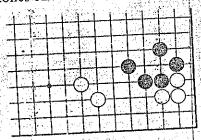
PROBLEM 60 Plack plays and lives.

There is a double ko in this position. How does Black live?

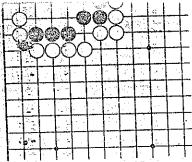


PROBLEM 62 Black plays and lives.

By making a shape known as the 'comb formation', Black's stones can live.



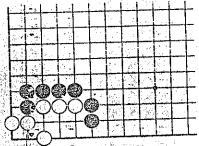
PROBLEM 64
Black plays White dies.
Kill the three white stones in the corner.



PROBLEM 65

-Black plays and lives.

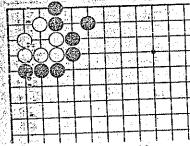
Make two eyes for the black group.



PROBLEM 67

Black plays White dies.

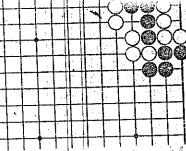
Since three of White's stones are short of liberties, the whole white group dies.



PROBLEM 69

Black plays White dies.

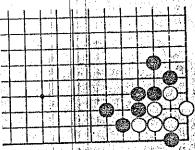
If you use the stone on the 1st line, you can kill White.



PROBLEM 66

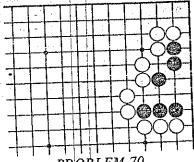
Black plays and makes a ko.

If you sacrifice a stone two times, you can get a ko.



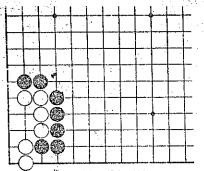
PROBLEM 68

Black plays and makes a ko.
Black can kill White by making a ko.



PROBLEM 70 Black plays and lives.

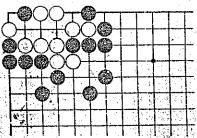
You have to play on the vital point.



PROBLEM 71

Black plays White dies.

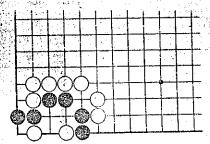
Since four of White's stones are short of liberties, all the white stones die.



PROBLEM 73

Black plays White dies.

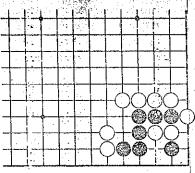
You can kill White by taking advantage of his shortage of liberties.



PROBLEM 75

Black plays and lives.

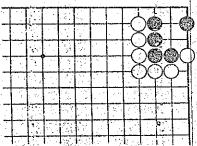
Black can live by making a seki.



PROBLEM 72

Black plays and lives.

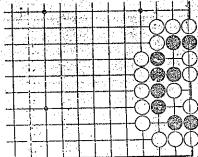
Be a bit cautious before playing the first move.



PROBLEM 74

Black plays and lives.

Black has to play on the vital point.

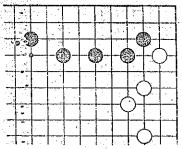


PROBLEM 76

Black plays and lives.

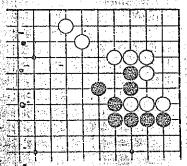
Black can live by sacrificing two stones.

SECTION 4. ENDGAME PROBLEMS

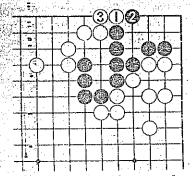


PROBLEM 77. Black to play.

Mäke a oig endgame move.

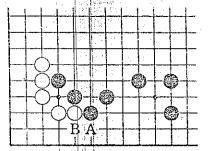


PROBLEM 79. Black to play. How should Black play the endgame on the right?

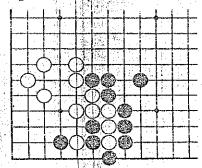


PROBLEM 81. Black to play.

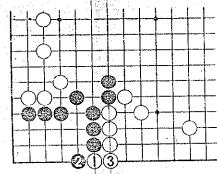
How should Black play after
White 1 and 3?



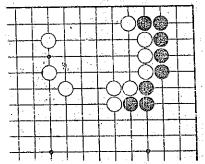
PROBLEM 78. White to play.
In general, which is the bigger endgame move A or B?



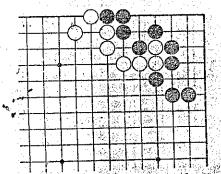
PROBLEM 80. White to play.
What is White's most profitable move?



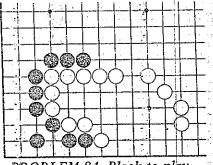
PROBLEM 82. Black to play.
What is the most profitable way for Black to respond to White I and 3?



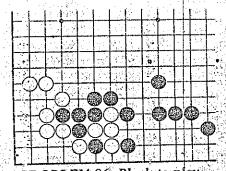
PROBLEM 83. Black to play.
What is the most profitable way for Black to reduce White's territory?



PROBLEM 85. White to play. What is the most profitable way for White to reduce Black's territory?



PROBLEM 84. Black to play. What is the most profitable way for Black to reduce White's territory?

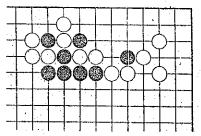


PROBLEM 86. Black to play.
What is the most profitable way for Black to atari the four white stones?

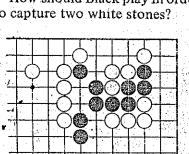
II INTERMEDIATE PROBLEMS LEVEL TWO

The Desire of the Comp Problems					. 20
Section 1. Middle Game Problems		nyles Polisie in		g filologie e filologie	28
Section 2. Opening Problems	77.7				31
Section 3. Living Groups and Dead Groups			• • • •		34
Section 4. Endgame Problems	• •	••••	••••	•••	

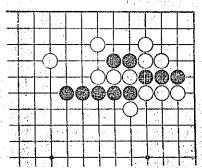
SECTION 1. MIDDLE GAME PROBLEMS



PROBLEM 87. Black to play. How should Black play in order to capture two white stones?

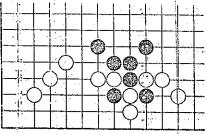


PROBLEM 89. Black to play.
How does Black take advantage of White's shortage of liberties?



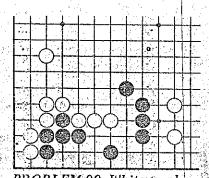
PROBLEM 91. Black to play.

By sacrificing the three stones on the right using a squeeze tactic, Black can get a good position.

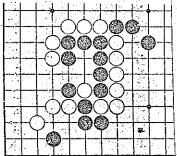


PROBLEM 88. Black to play.

How should Black play in order to capture two white stones?

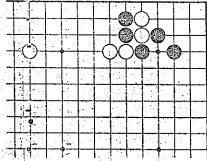


PROBLEM 90. White to play. In order to separate Black into two groups, White has to sacrifice a stone.

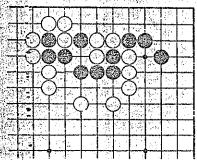


PROBLEM 92. White to play.

How should White sacrifice his stone in atari?

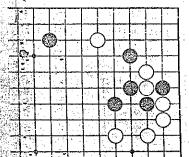


PROBLEM 93. White to play.
Voite is going to sacrifice two stones. What is the correct order of moves?



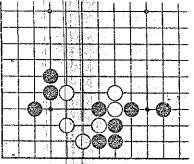
PROBLEM 95. Black to play.

How should Black play in order to capture three white stones?

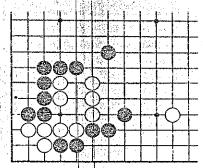


PROBLEM 97. Black to play.

By sacrificing two stones,
Black can get a good position.

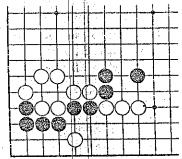


PROBLEM 94. White to play. Should White sacrifice or save his stone in atari?



PROBLEM 96. Black to play.

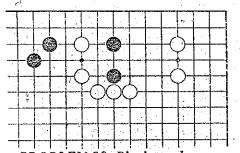
Black can capture the five white stones in the corner.



PROBLEM 98. Black to play.

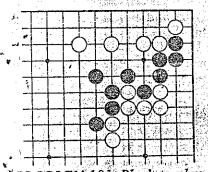
Black can capture one stone.

How should he play?



PROBLEM 99. Black to play.

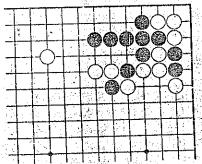
If Black sacrifices a stone, he can link up his stones.



PROBLEM 101. Black to play.

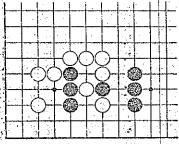
Black has a sente move that ensures all of his stones are

connected.



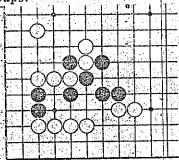
PROBLEM 103. Black to play.

All the black stones are in danger. How can some of them be saved?

and the second and the second


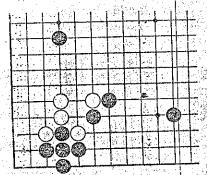
PROBLEM 100. Black to play.

How should Black play so as to unconditionally link up his two groups?



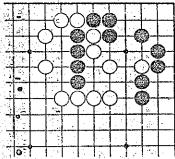
FROBLEM 102. Black to play.

Black has a sente move that ensures all of his stones are connected.



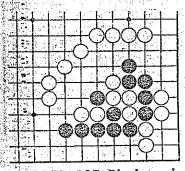
PROBLEM 104. White to play.

Black's position is thin. How should White play?

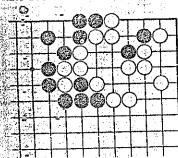


PROBLEM 105. Black to play.

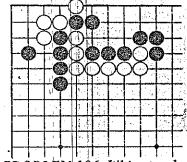
How should Black play so as to rescue his four endangered stones?



PROBLEM 107. Black to play.
How can Black capture four white stones?

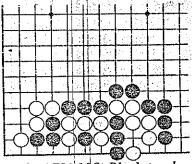


PROBLEM 109. Black to play. Where should Black cut?



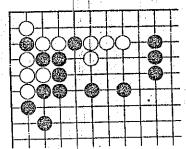
PROBLEM 106. White to play.

How can White capture two black stones and rescue his four stones in the corner?



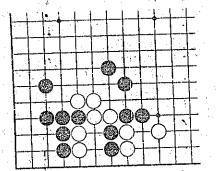
PROBLEM 108. Black to play.

How does Black play so as to capture six white stones?



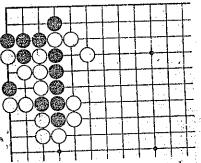
PROBLEM 110. Black to play.

By sacrificing a stone, Black can separate White into two groups.

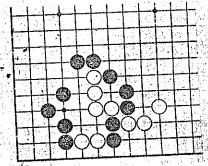


PROBLEM 111. Black to play.

Save Black's two endangered stones.

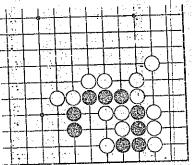


PROBLEM 113, Black to play, How can Black capture five white stones?



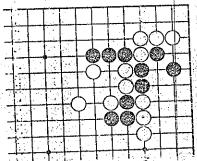
PROBLEM 115. Black to play.

How can Black save his two endangered stones and capture six white ones?

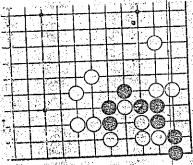


PROBLEM 112. Black to play.

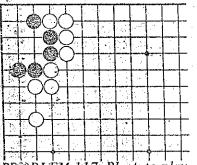
How does Black play so as to capture three white stones?



PROBLEM 114. Black to play.
Black can link up all his groups by capturing two white stones.



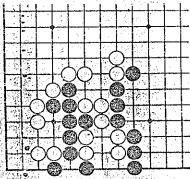
PROBLEM 116. Black to play. How should Black play?



PROBLEM 117. Black to play.

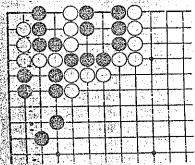
If Black plays the shape

If Black plays the 'shape' move, his five stones will live.



PROBLEM 119 White to play.

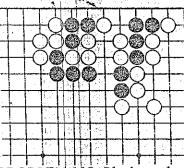
How does White prevent the black groups from linking up?



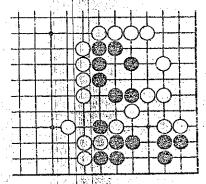
PROBLEM 121. Black to play.

Black can break the seki and

Black can break the seki al capture eight white stones.

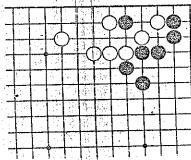


PROBLEM 118 Black to play.
How can Black capture two white stones?

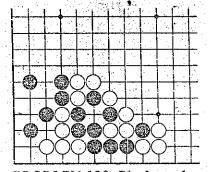


PROBLEM 120. Black to play.

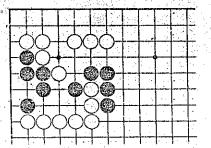
Black can link up his two groups by sacrificing a stone.



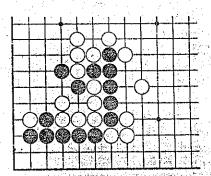
PROBLEM 122. Black to play. How should Black play?



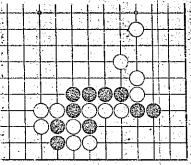
PROBLEM 123. Black to play. How does Black play so as to save six of his endangered stones?



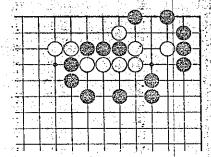
PROBLEM 125. Black to play.
Black has to sacrifice a stone in order to connect his groups.



PROBLEM 127. Black to play.
Capture six white stones.

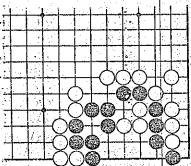


PROBLEM 124. Black to play. How does Black play so as to capture three white stones?

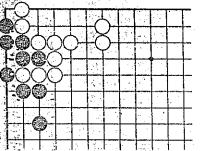


PROBLEM 126, Black to play.
How does Black link up his

How does Black link up his tirree endangered stones to the ones on the left?

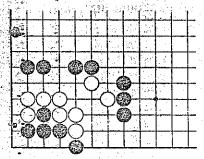


PROBLEM 128. Black to play. Capture three white stones.



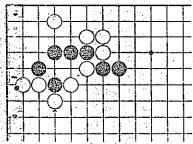
PROBLEM 129. Black to play.

How can Black prevent five of his stones from being captured and get sente at the same time?

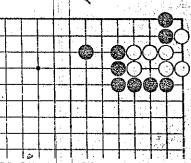


PROBLEM 131. Black to play.

Link up Black's five stones in the corner to the ones on the right.

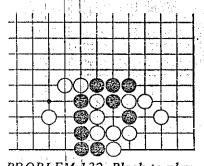


PROBLEM 133. Black to play. How should Black play?

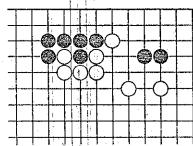


PROBLEM 130. Black to play.

Link up Black's two stones in the corner to the ones on the left.

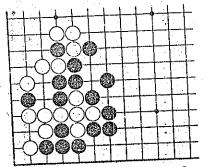


PROBLEM 132. Black to play. How should Black play so as to capture six white stones?

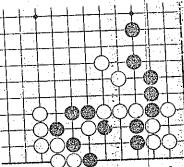


PROBLEM 134, Black to play.

Link up the two black stones in the corner to the ones on the left.

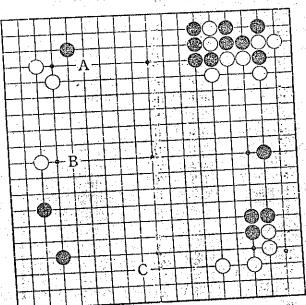


PROBLEM 135. Black to play. Before Black can capture any white stones, he must correct the defect in his shape.



PROBLEM 136. Black to play. How should Black play?

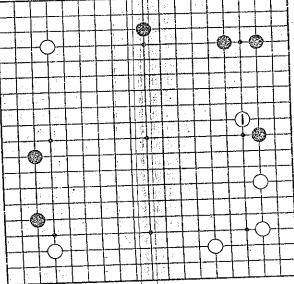
SECTION 2. OPENING PROBLEMS



PROBLEM 137 White to play. Among the three points A, B and C, which one is the best?

PROBLEM 138 Black to play. Among the three points A, B and C, which one is best? PROBLEM 139 Black to play. Black has two good

ways of responding to White I. What are they?



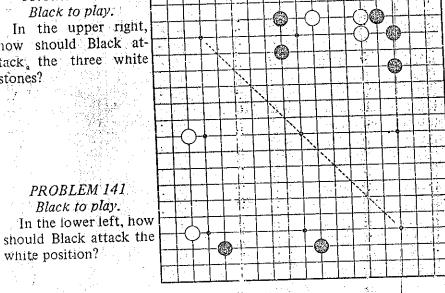
PROBLEM 140 Black to play:

In the upper right, how should Black attack, the three white stones?

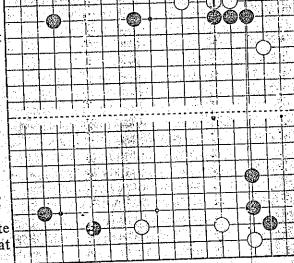
PROBLEM 141

Black to play.

white position?

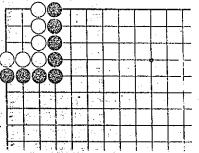


PROBLEM 142 Black to play. How should Black respond to White 1?

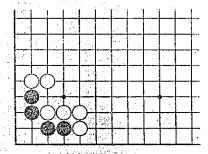


PROBLEM 143 White to play. How should White defend his position at the bottom?

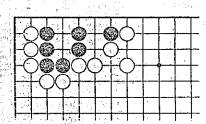
SECTION 3. LIVING GROUPS AND DEAD GROUPS



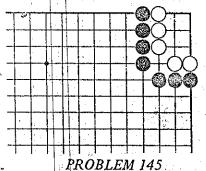
PROBLEM 144 Black plays White dies. Black can unconditionally kill · White.



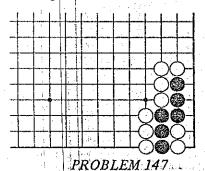
PROBLEM 146 Black plays and lives, You have to play on the 1-2 point; but which one?



PROBLEM 148 Black plays and lives. Black needs space to make two eyes.

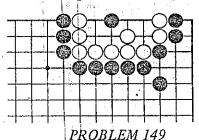


Black plays and makes a ko. The only way to kill White is through a ko.



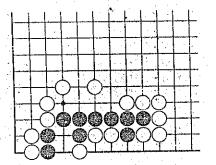
Black plays and lives.

There is a clever move which relieves Black's shortage of liberties and gives him two eyes.

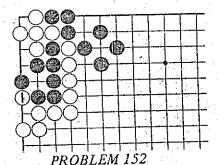


Black plays White dies. If Black sacrifices a stone, White dies.

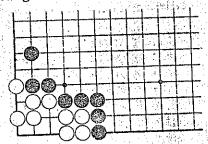
Anne a de anticipat de la compactica de la



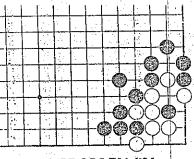
PROBLEM 150 Black plays and lives. Black can live by sacrificing a stone.



Black plays and wins.. Black can capture the five white stones in the corner by starting a double ko.

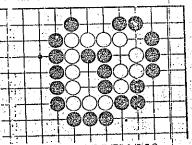


PROBLEM 154 Black plays White dies. Your first inspiration may not be the correct move.

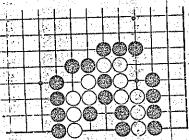


PROBLEM 151 Black plays White dies.

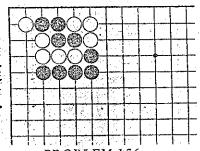
Black has to make a twostone sacrifice in order to kill White.



PROBLEM 153 Black plays White dies. You can kill White by making a 5-space big eye.

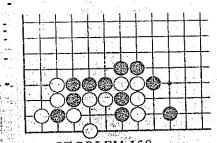


PROELEM 155 Black plays White dies. You can kill White by making a 6-space big eye.



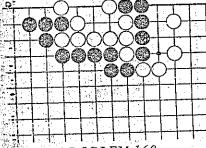
- PROBLEM 156

· Black plays and makes a ko. Black can consider it a success if he can get a ko in the corner.



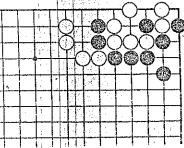
PROBLEM 158 Black plays and wins. How can Black play so as to

capture four white stones?



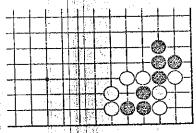
PROBLEM 160 White plays and wins.

First of all. White has to increase his liberties. Then he can win the capturing race.



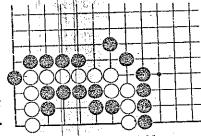
PROBLEM 157

Black plays and wins. Black can capture the seven white stones in the corner.



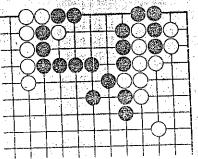
PROBLEM 159 Black plays and wins.

Black can win the capturing race by striking at the vital point in the corner.



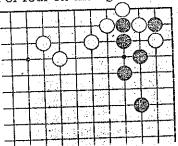
PROBLEM 161 Black plays and wins.

A 5-space big eye gives you eight liberties. With this hint, kill White



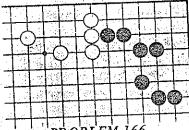
PROBLEM 162 White to play.

There is a move that will catch either two black stones on the left or four on the right.



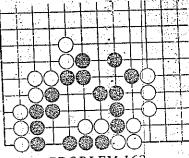
PROBLEM 164
Black to play

With a little thought you can capture a white stone without getting involved in a ko fight.



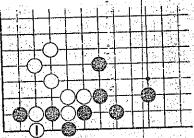
PROBLEM 166 White to play.

If you know the 'monkey jump', you can make a big reduction in Black's territory.



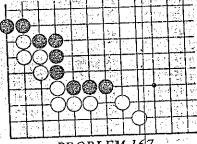
PROBLEM 163 White to play

If you take advantage of Black's shortage of liberties, you can capture three of his stones.



PROBLEM 165 Black to play.

White 1 is a bad move. How should Black play?

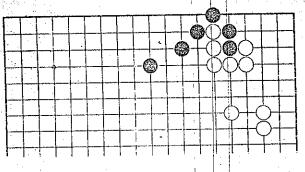


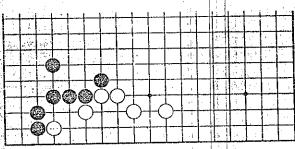
PROBLEM 16 Black to play

White's four stones on the left are short of liberties. How does Black take advantage of this?

PROBLEM 168. Black to play.

In the position at the top, what is the most profitable way for Black to invade White's territory?





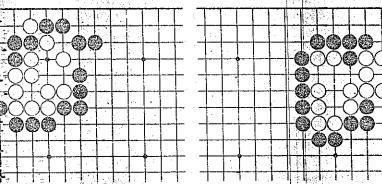
PROBLEM 169. Black to play.

In the position at the bottom, what is the most profitable move for Black?

III INTERMEDIATE PROBLEMS *LEVEL THREE LIFE AND DEATH PROBLEMS

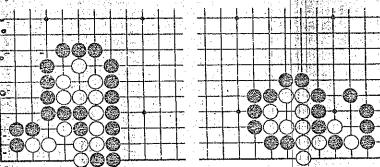
	Life and Death	31
Section I.	Ko	-53
Section 2.	Ko	
Section 2.		54
Section 3.	Seki	. 55
Cantian A	Conturing Races	33

SECTION 1. LIFE AND DEATH



PROBLEM 170 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

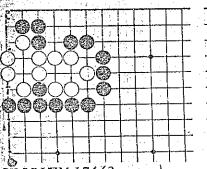
PROBLEM 171 (1 move) Black plays White dies.



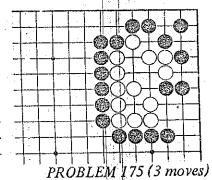
PPOBLEM 172 (3 moves)

Black plays White dies.

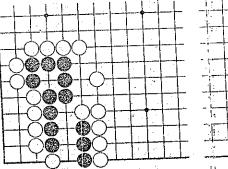
PROBLEM 173 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



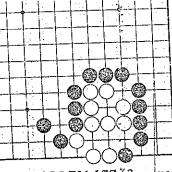
PROBLEM 174 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



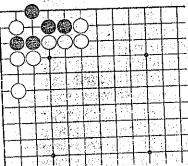
PROBLEM 175 (3 moves, Black plays White dies.



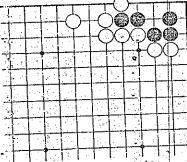
PROBLEM 176 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.



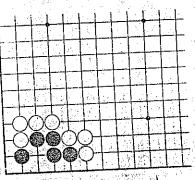
PROBLEM 177 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



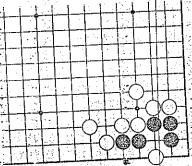
PROBLEM 178 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.



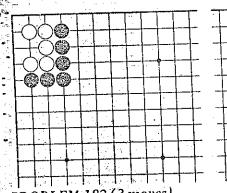
PROBLEM 179 (1 move) Black plays and lives.



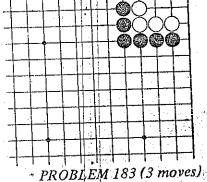
PROBLEM 180 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.



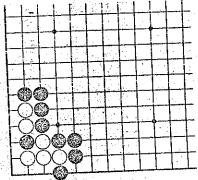
PROBLEM 181 (3 moves) Black plays and lives.



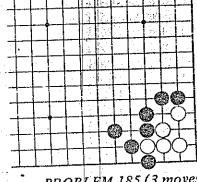
PROBLEM 182 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



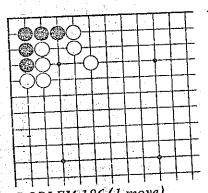
PROBLEM 183 (3 moves Black plays White dies.



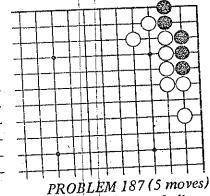
PROBLEM 184 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



PROBLEM 185 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

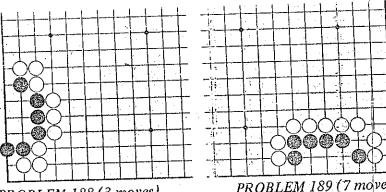


PROBLEM 186 (1 move)
Black plays and lives.



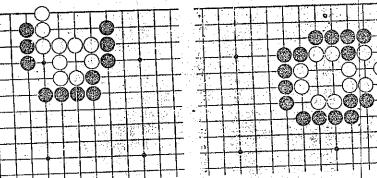
White plays Black dies.

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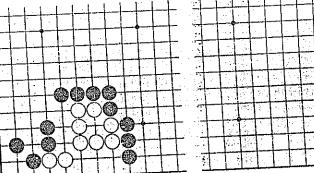
PROBLEM 188 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 189 (7 moves)
Black plays and lives.



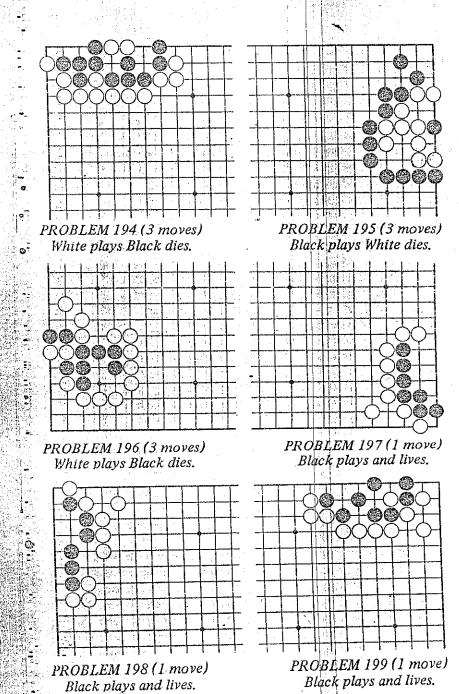
PROBLEM 190 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 191 (1 move) Black plays White dies.

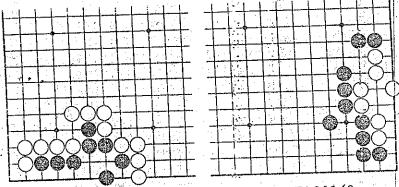


PROBLEM 192 (1 move) Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 193 (1 move) Black plays and lives.

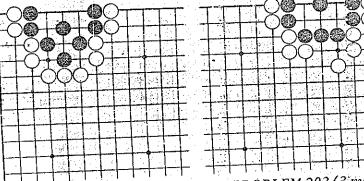


-41 -



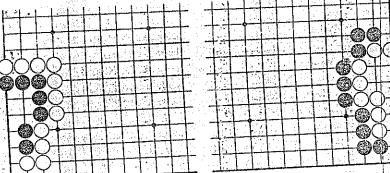
PROBLEM 200 (1 move)
Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 201 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



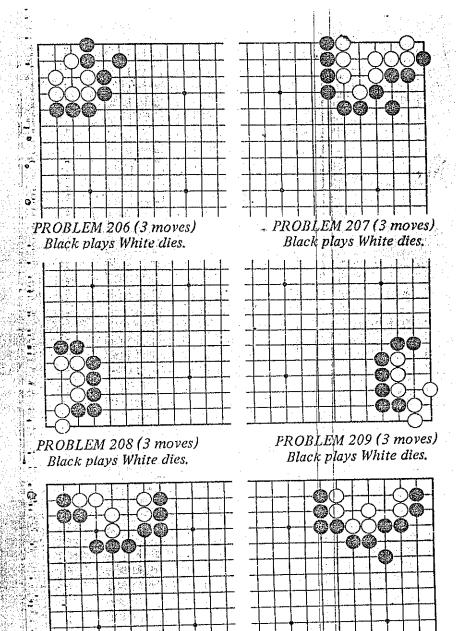
PROBLEM 202 (1 move) White plays Black dies.

PROBLEM 203 (3 moves) White plays Black dies.



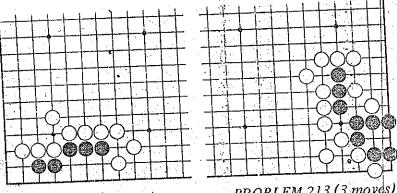
PROBLEM 204 (1 move) Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 205 (1 move)
Black plays White dies.



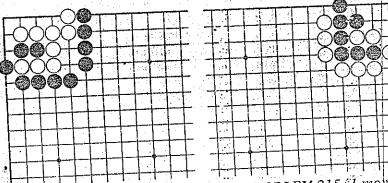
PROBLEM 210 (3 moves)
White plays and lives.

PROBLEM 211 (1 move) White plays and lives.



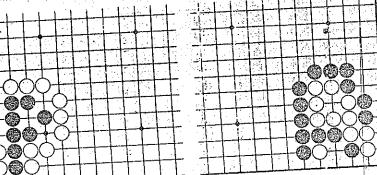
PROBLEM 212 (1 move) Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 213 (3 moves) Black plays and lives.



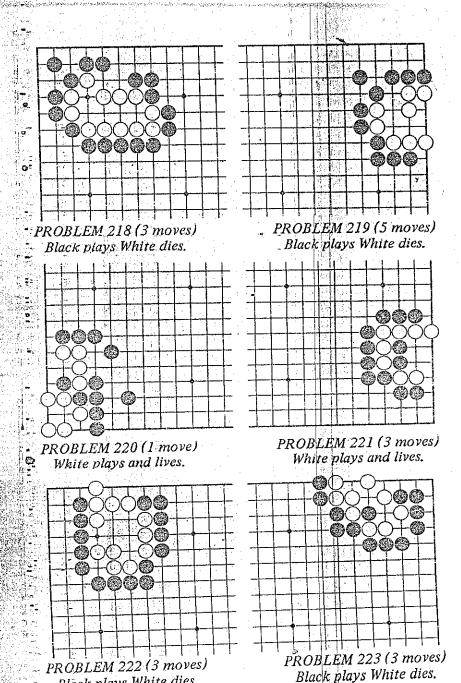
PROBLEM 214 (1 move) Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 215 (1 move) Black plays and lives.



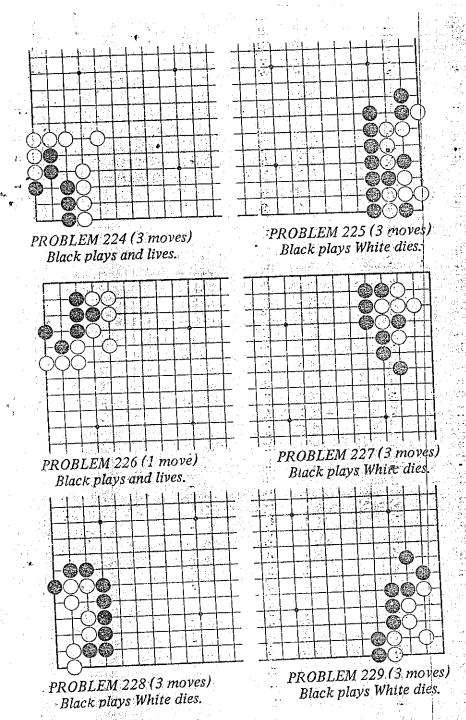
PROBLEM 216 (1 move) Black plays and lives.

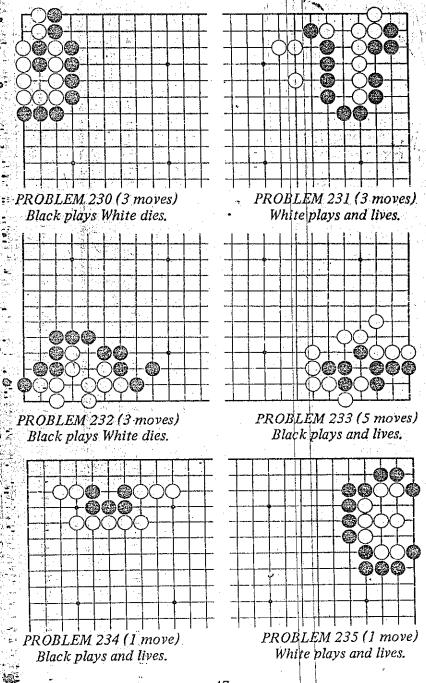
PROBLEM 217 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.

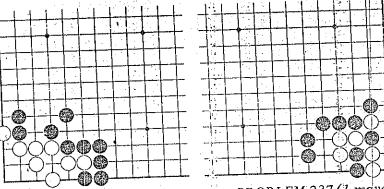


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Black plays White dies.

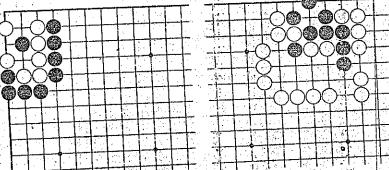






PROBLEM 236 (1 move) Black plays White dies.

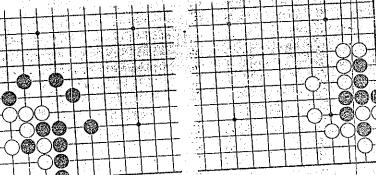
PROBLEM 237 (1 move) Black plays White dies.



PROBLEM 238 (3 moves)

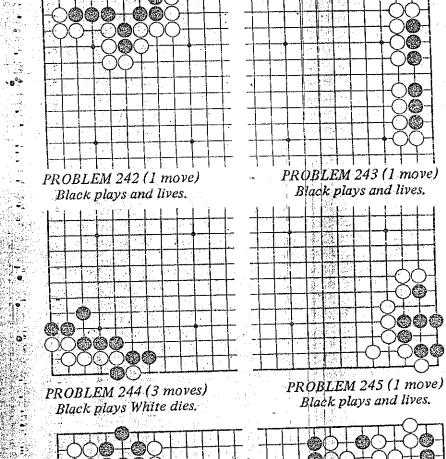
Black plays White dies.

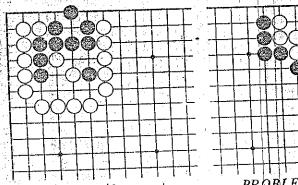
PROBLEM 239 (1 move)
Black plays and lives.



PROBLEM 240 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

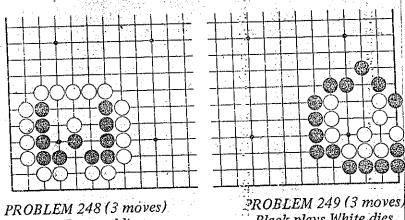
PROBLEM 241 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.





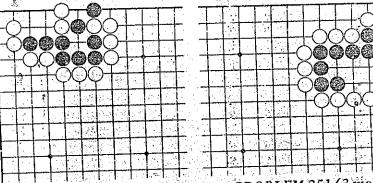
PROBLEM 246 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 247 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



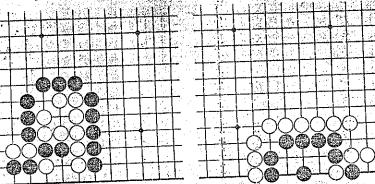
Black plays and lives.

Black plays White dies.



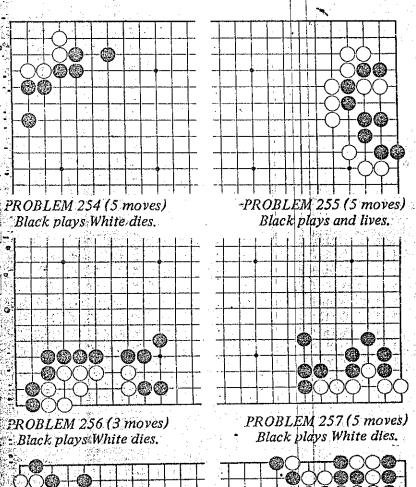
PROBLEM 250 (3 moves) Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 251 (3 moves) Black plays and lives.

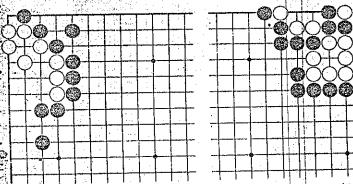


PROBLEM 252 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 253 (3 moves) White plays Black dies.

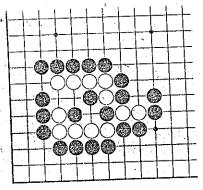


PROBLEM 257 (5 moves) Black plays White dies.

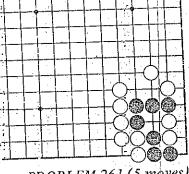


PROBLEM 258 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.

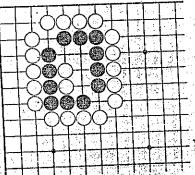
PROBLEM 259 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.



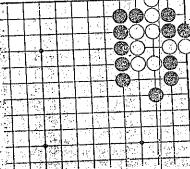
PROBLEM 260 (1 move)
Mhite plays and lives.



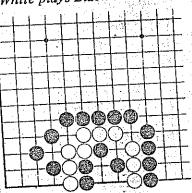
PROBLEM 261 (5 moves)
Black plays and lives.



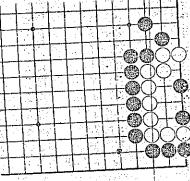
PROBLEM 262 (I move). White plays Black dies.



PROBLEM 263 (3 moves).
Black plays White dies:

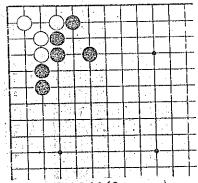


PROBLEM 264 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

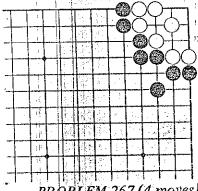


PROBLEM 265 (1 move)
Black plays White dies.

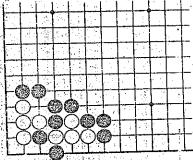
SECTION 2. KO



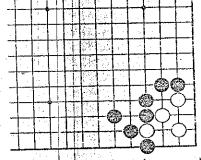
PROBLEM 266 (3 moves)
Black plays and makes a ko.



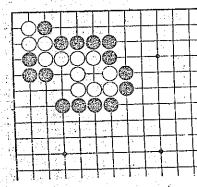
PROBLEM 267 (4 moves) Black plays and makes a ko.



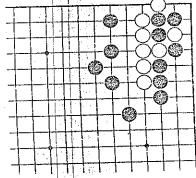
PROBLEM 268 (2 moves)
Black plays and makes a ko.



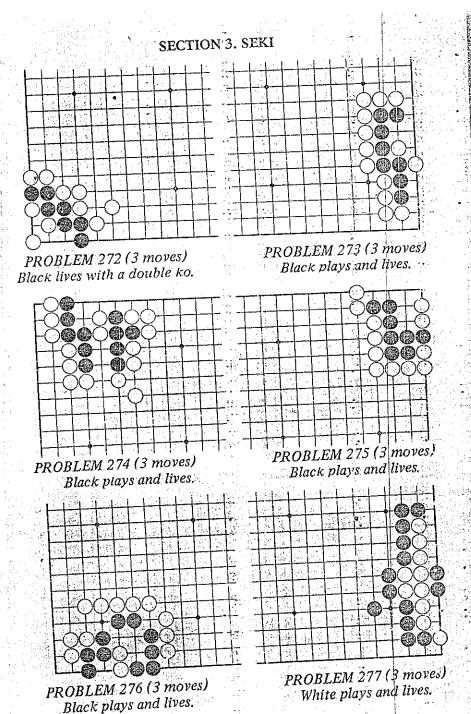
PROBLEM 269 (2 moves) White plays and makes a ko.

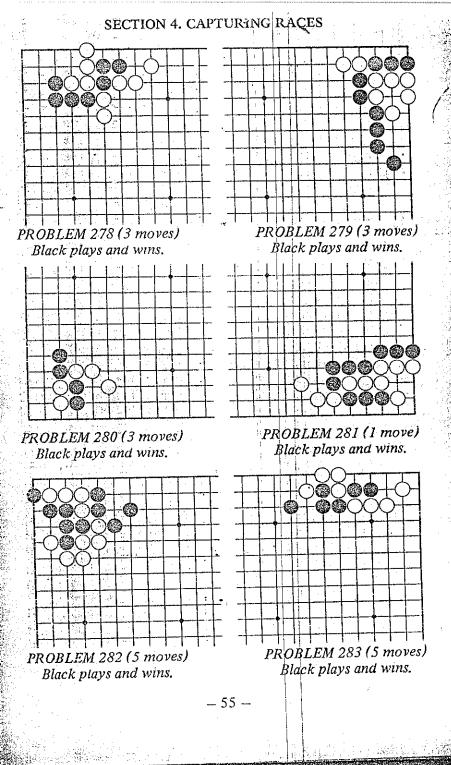


PROBLEM 270 (4 moves) Elack plays and makes a ko.



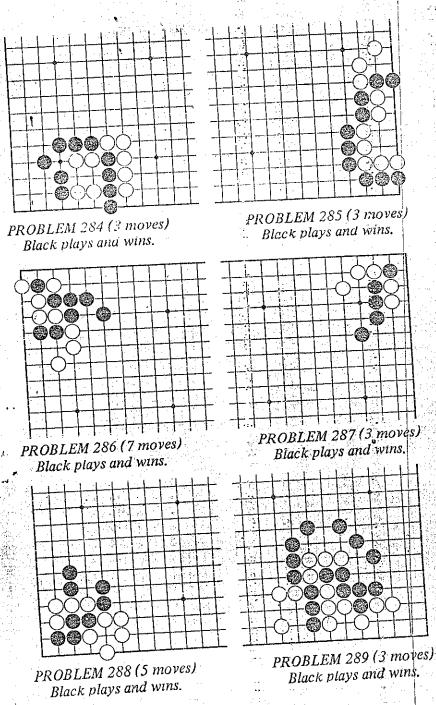
PROBLEM 271 (4 moves) White plays and makes a ko.

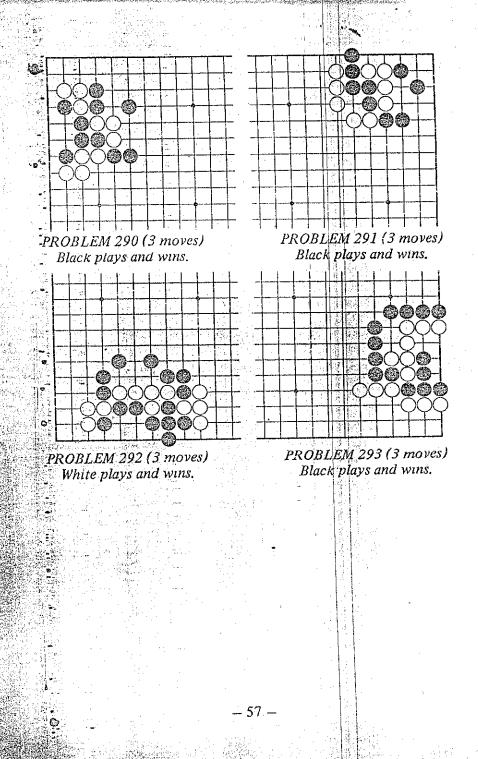




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IV INTERMEDIATE PROBLEMS LEVEL FOUR LIFE AND DEATH PROBLEMS

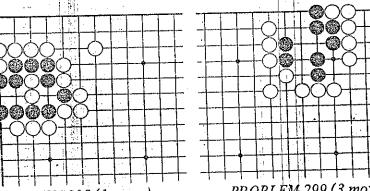
Life and Death (Incorporating Ko, Seki, and Capturing Races)...

PROBLEM 294 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 295 (1 move)
Black plays White dies.

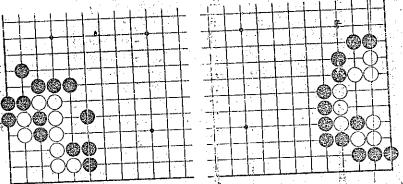
ROBLEM 296 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 297 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



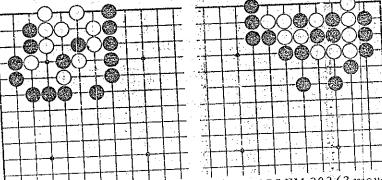
PROBLEM 298 (1 move)
Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 299 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.



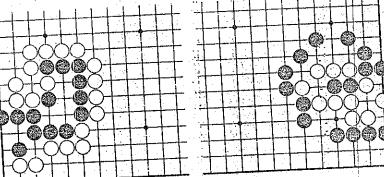
PROBLEM 300 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 301 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



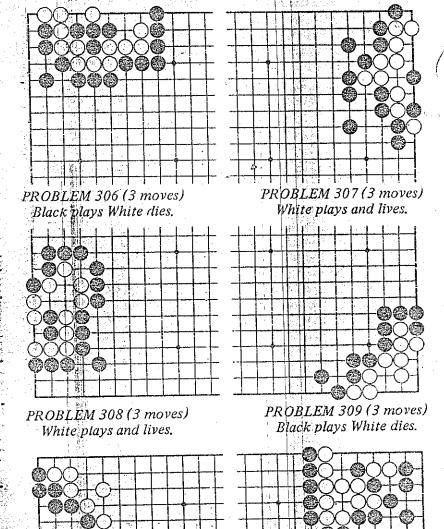
PROBLEM 302 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 303 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.



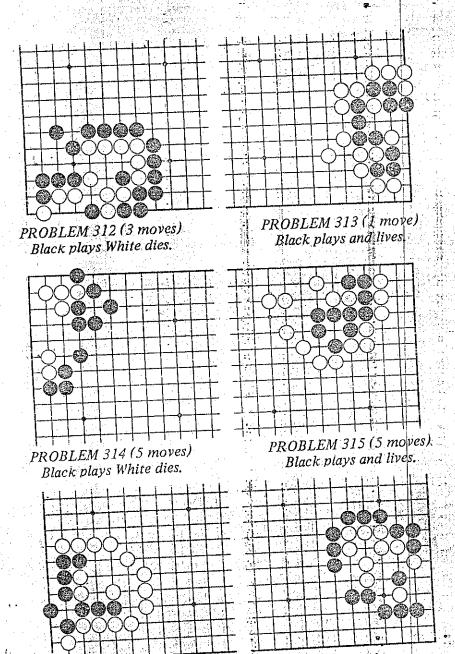
PROBLEM 304 (3 moves) White plays and makes a ko.

PROBLEM 305 (1 move): Black plays White dies.



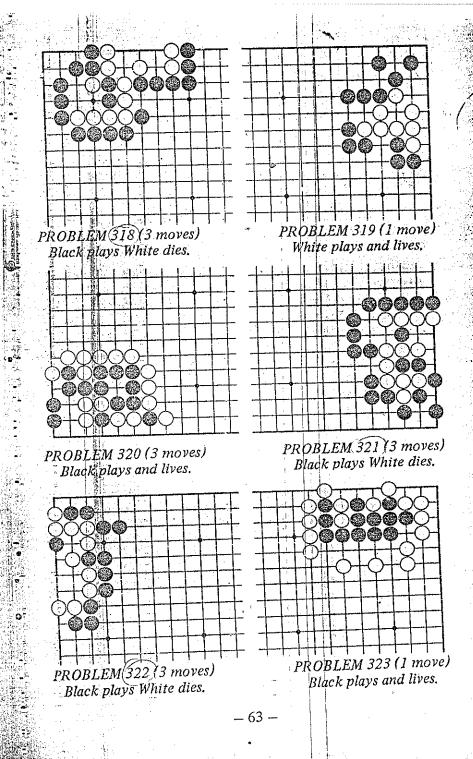
PROBLEM 310 (3 moves)
Black plays and lives.

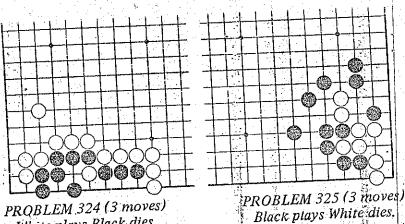
PROBLEM 311 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.



PROBLEM 316 (1 move)
Black plays and lives.

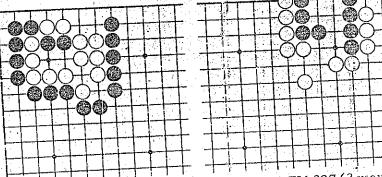
PROBLEM 317 (3 moves)
White plays and lives.





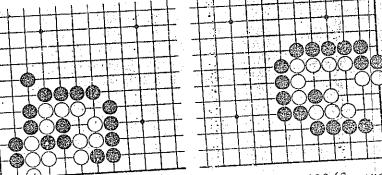
White plays Black dies.

Black plays White dies.



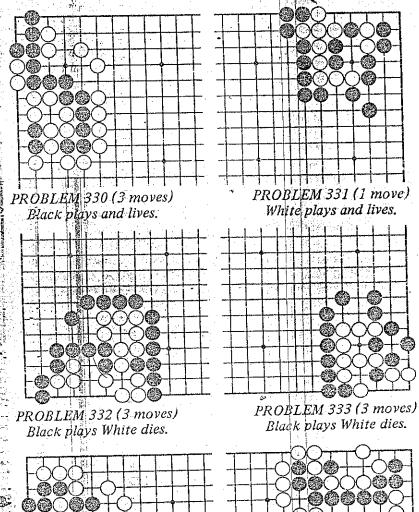
PROBLEM 326 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.

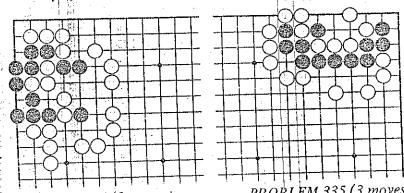
. PROBLEM 327 (3 moves) Black plays and lives.



PROBLEM 328 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.

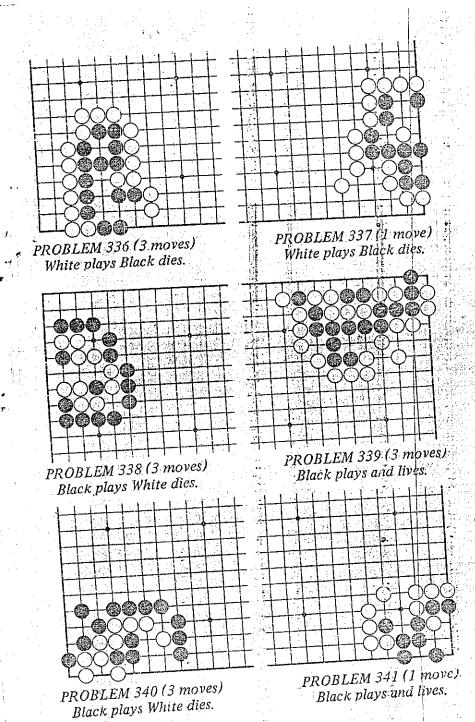
PROBLEM 329 (5 moves) Black plays White dies.

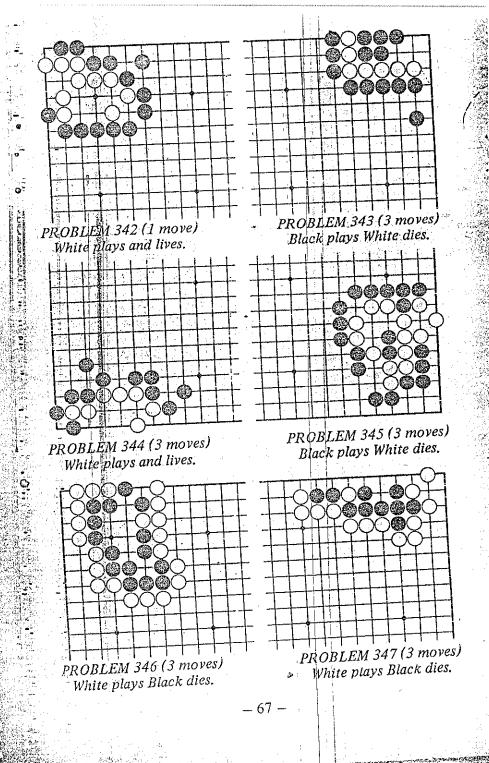


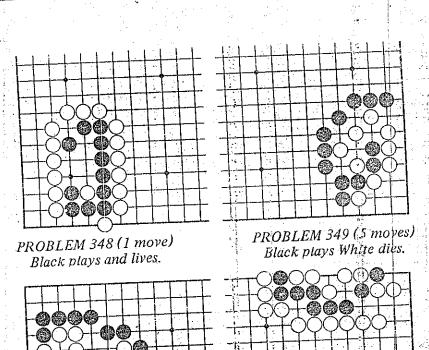


PROBLEM 334 (3 moves) Black plays and lives.

PROBLEM 335 (3 moves) Black plays and lives.

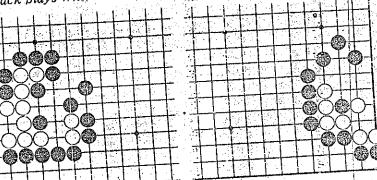






PROBLEM 350 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

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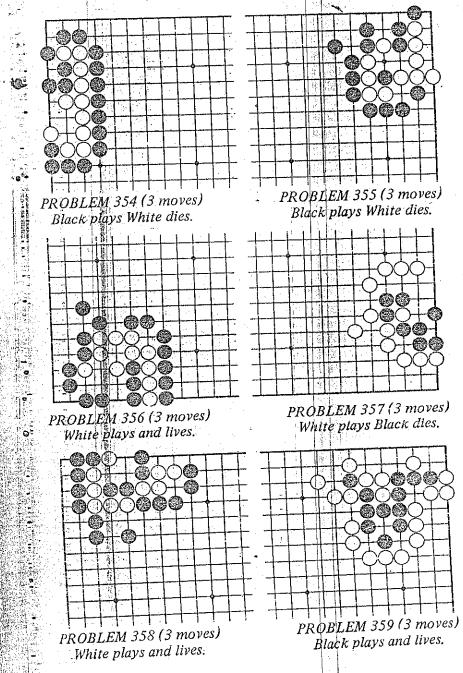


PROBLEM 352 (3 moves)
White plays and lives.

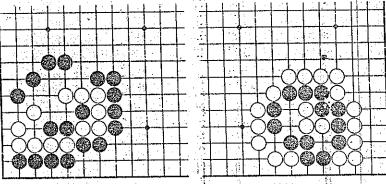
PROBLEM 353 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 351 (1 move)

Black plays and lives.

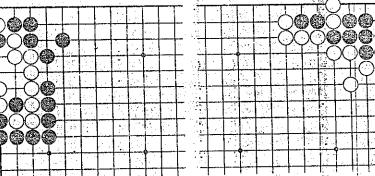


- 69 -



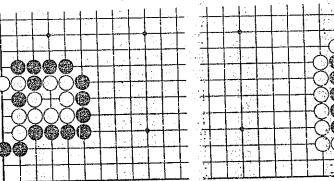
PROBLEM 360 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 361 (1 move) Black plays and lives.



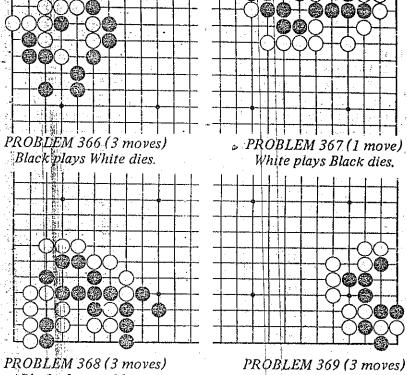
PROBLEM 362 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 363 (3 moves) White plays Black dies.



PROBLEM 364 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.

PROBLEM 365.(3 moves) Black plays and lives.

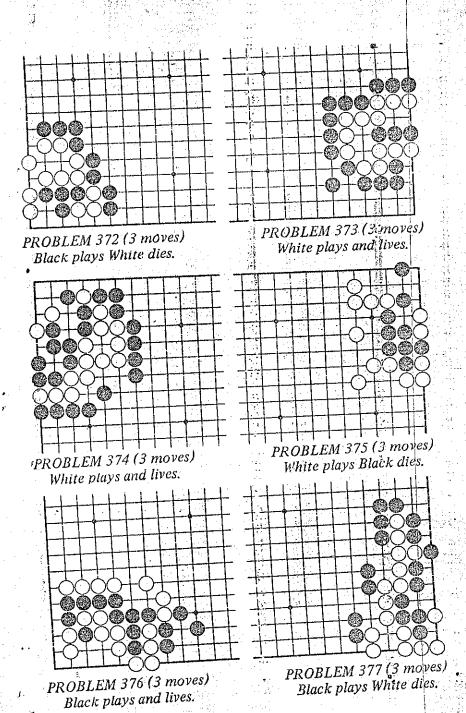


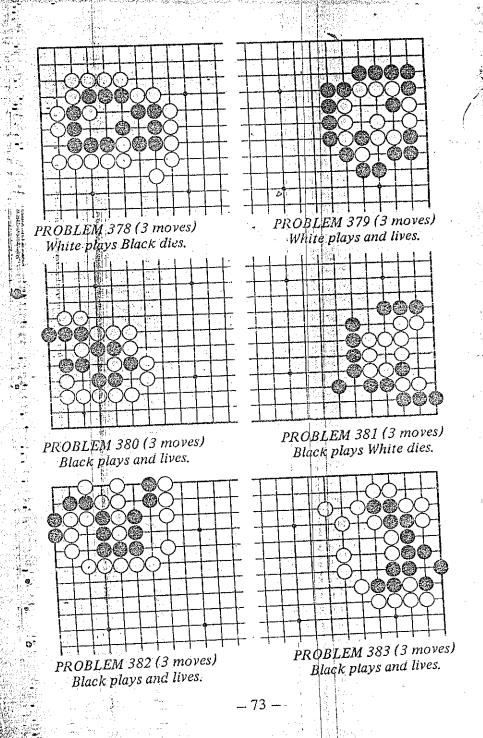
PROBLEM 368 (3 moves) Black plays and lives.

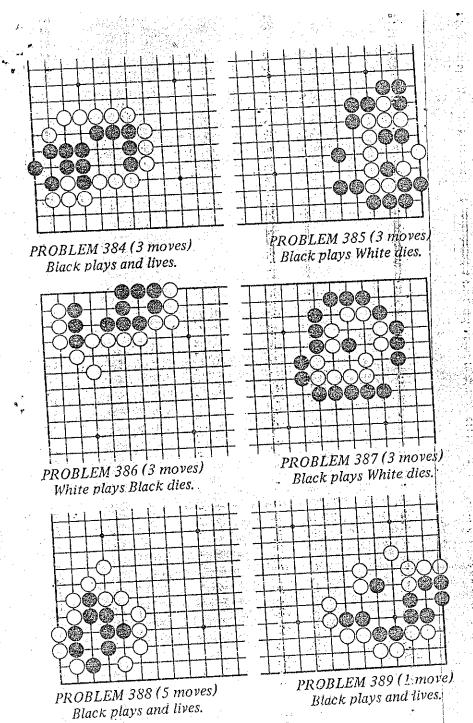
Black plays and lives.

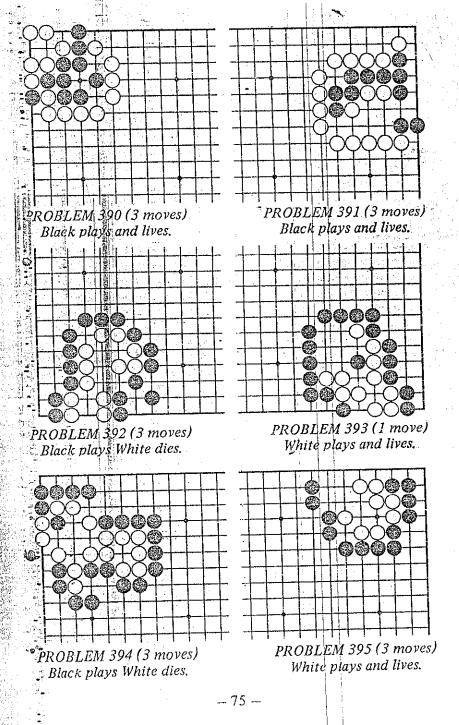
PRCBLEM 370 (1 move) White plays and lives.

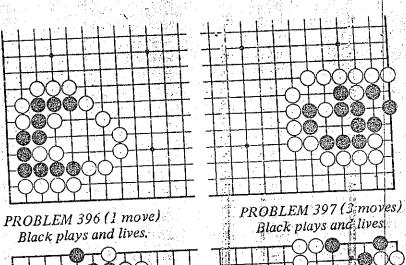
PROBLEM 371 (3 moves) Black plays White dies.







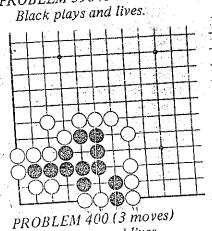




PROBLEM 398 (3 moves)

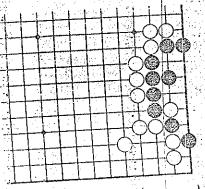
PROBLEM 398 (1 move)

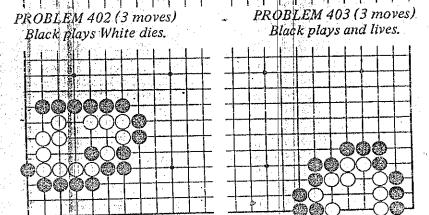
Black plays and lives.

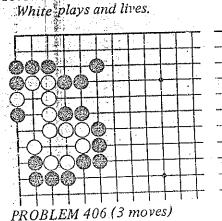


Black plays and lives.

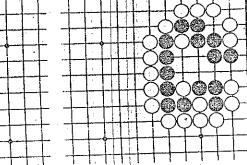
PROBLEM 401 (2 moves) Black plays and makes a ko.







PROBLEM 404 (3 moves)

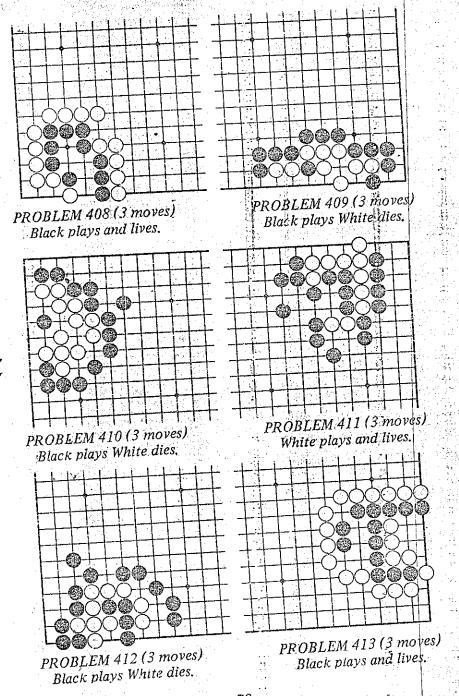


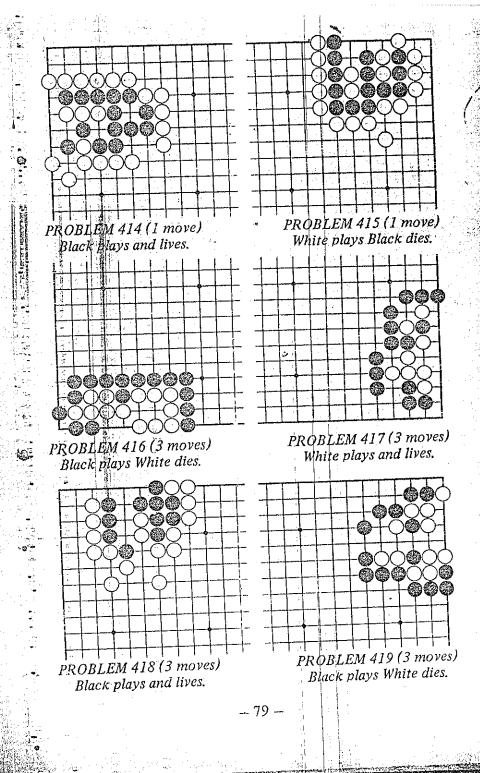
White plays and lives.

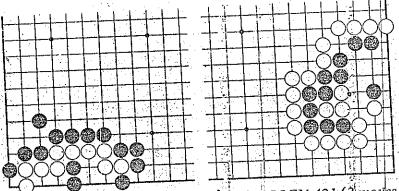
PROBLEM 407 (3 moves) White plays Black dies.

PROBLEM 405 (3 moves)

White plays and lives.





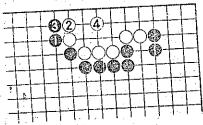


PROBLEM 420 (3 moves)
Black plays White dies.

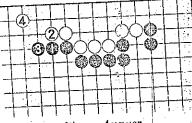
PROBLEM 421 (3 moves) Black plays and lives

PART TWO

ANSWERS



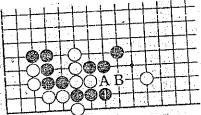
Pressing from the outside with I and 3 is severe. White is confined to the side and must play 4 to live.



Wrong Answer

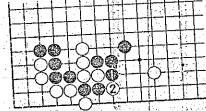
Extending to 1 is slack; White expands along the side with 2 and 4. This is a failure for Black.

PROBLEM 2



Correct Answer

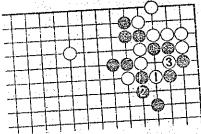
Black saves his two stones by extending to 1. If White A, Black blocks at B and Black cannot be captured.



Wrong Answer

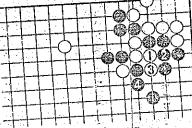
If Black blocks at 1, White catches two black stones when he ataris at 2.

PROBLEM 3



Correct Answer

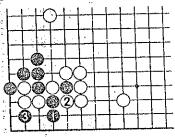
White can escape if he ataris at 1. If -Black 2, White captures two stones with 3. If Black 2 at 3, White 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

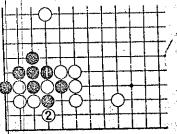
Directly playing atari with 1 is crude. After the sequence to 4, White's four stones are lost.

PROBLEM 4



Correct Answer

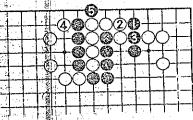
Descending to 1, followed by 3, ... catches three white stones in the cor-



Wrong Answer

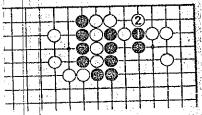
Capturing with 1 allows White to link up his stones on the left to the ones on the right.

PROBLEM 5



Correct Answer

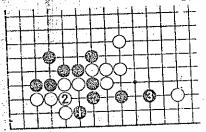
If Black places a stone at i, Black wins the capturing race by one move. If White 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

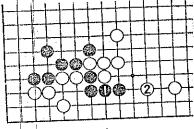
Pushing through with I only help White to link up his stones. The fou black stones on the left are now dead.

PROBLEM 6



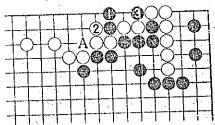
Correct Answer

First of all, Black plays i, threatening to capture two stones with 2. When White defends, Black extends to 3.



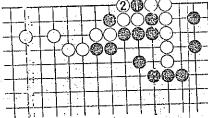
Wrong Answer

If Black 1, Black's stones are in pinch after White 2. If Black 2, Wh plays I, capturing two black stones.



Correct Answer

Black 1 sets up a throw-in at 3 which captures two stones. If White 2 at 3, Black cuts at A, capturing two white stones.

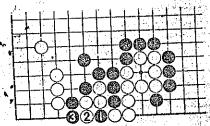


Wrong Answer

Throwing in first at 1 is premature.

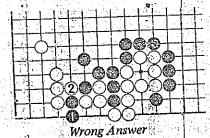
The ione black stone on the left will be captured before the white stones on the right.

PROBLEM 8



Correct Answer

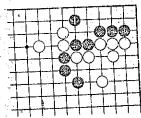
Exchanging 1 for 2 lets Black atari at 3 in sente. The white group on the right is now isolated with only one eye.



Descending first to 1 lets White atazi at 2. The two black stones at

the edge will now be captured.

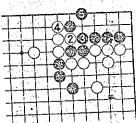
PROBLEM O



Correct Answer

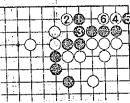
Black i is the 'shape' move that gives Black's group in the corner life.

Next —



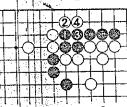
Reference Diagram

White 2 and 4 are the best White can do. Up to 5, Black gets a living shape in the corner.



Wrong Answer 1

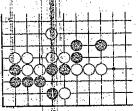
If Black 1, White 2-aims at 3. Up to 6, the situation is either seki or ko. This is a big loss for Black.



Wrong Answer 2

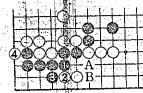
Black 1 is the worst move. White 2 and 4 kill the black group.

PROBLEM 10



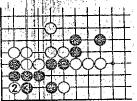
... Correct Answer

Black 1 is the best move in this position. Next —



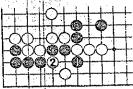
Wrong Answer 1

If Black 1, White kills Black with 2 and 4. If Black A next, White B.



Reference Diagram

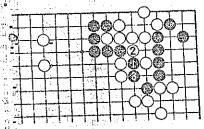
If White attacks at 2, Black 3 gives the black group in the corner two eyes.



Wrong Answer 2

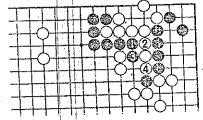
Black i sunreasonable. When White cuts at 2, Black loses three stones.

PROBLEM 11



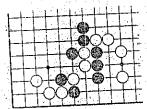
- Correct Answer

Black 1 is a surprising move. If White 2, Black 3; the white stones above die.



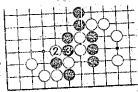
Wrong Answer

Black 1 is artless. Up to 4, White links up to his stones on the outside.



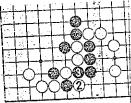
Correct Answer

Cutting with Black I is the correct move. White will now lose two stones.



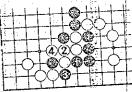
Reference Diagram 2

If White ataris from the outside with 2, Black 3 again will capture two white stones.



Reference Diagram 1

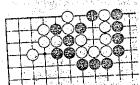
If White ataris with 2, Black 3 will capture the two stones in atari.



Wrong Answer

Directly giving atari to the two white stones without first cutting leads to failure, as this diagrams shows.

PROBLEM 13



Correct Answer

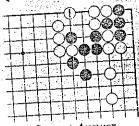
After Black 1, White can't give atari to the two black stones, so seven white ones can be captured.



Wrong Answer

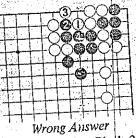
ever, if Black i at 3, White plays 2 at 1 and Black will be captured

PROBLEM 14



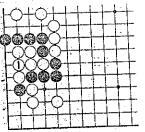
Correct Answer

White can link up his three stones with 1.



White I fails. After Black 2 and 4, White's stones cannot escape atam,

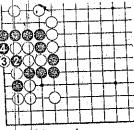




Correct Answer

If White connects at 1, his six stones

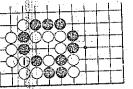
eat the edge cannot be captured.



Wrong Answer

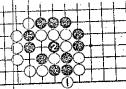
If White 1, Black throws in a stone at 2. After 4, White loses four stones.

PROBLEM 16



Correct Answer

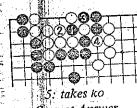
White I ensures that six black stones will be captured.



Wrong Answer

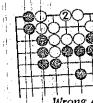
If White ataris with 1, Black 2 will capture five white stones.

PROBLEM 17



Correct Answer

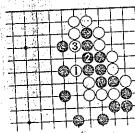
Black can get an advantageous ko Black 1 and 3 lead to a seki, Howby throwing in a stone at 1.



Wrong Answer

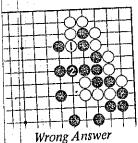
If Black connects at 1, White gets two real eyes by playing at 2.

PROBLEM 18



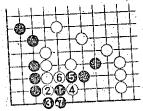
Correct Answer

If White ataris with 1, Black's five stones can't escape capture. If Black 2. White 3.



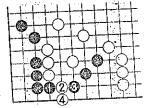
White I only threatens two unimportant stones. Black connects with 2, catching four white stones.

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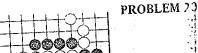
Correct Answer

Black t ensures a connection between the two black groups.



Wrong Answer

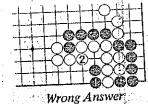
Black cannot link up with 1 and 3. White 4 ensures the separation.





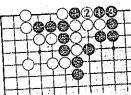
Black cuts at 1. If White atams with 2, Black 3 sets up a snapback.

Correct Answer



If Black 1, White secures his stones by connecting at 2.

PROBLEM 21



Correct Answer

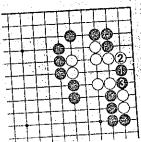
Black 1 is the point to attack. Up to 3, it is clear that White's stones die.



Wrong Answer

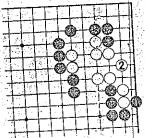
If Black captures with 1, he loses the capturing race by one move

PROBLEM 22



Correct Answer

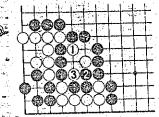
Black 1 is the vital point. If White 2, Black 3. If White 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

If Black i, White will play on the vital point himself and live.

PROBLEM 23

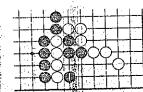


White I and 3 allow White to link up all his stones and live.

Wrong Answer

White 1 and 3 capture two stones, but 4 takes away White's second eye.

PROBLEM 24



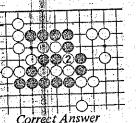
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point to capture the four white stones.

Wrong Answer

Black 1 fails. Against White 2, Black has no answer.

PROBLEM 25

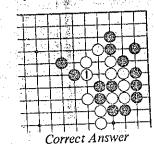


-Sacrificing two stones with Black I is the way to capture White's stones.

Reference Diagram

Black sacrifices another stone with 3 and gives the killing atan with 5.

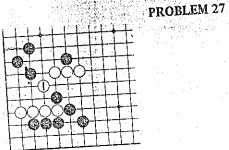
PROBLEM 26



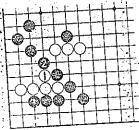
After White 1, the three black stones cannot escape.

Wrong Answer

Giving atari with 1 is a crude move. Black escapes with 2.

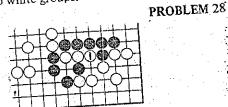


White I makes the linkup between the two white groups.



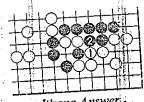
Wrong Answer

If White 1, Black blocks with 2. Now White's stones on the left are dead.



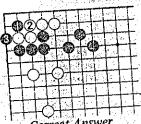
Correct Answer

There is no way for Black to capture. White after he plays 1. PROBLEM 29



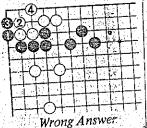
Wrong Answer:

If White ataris with 1, Black sets up a snapback with 2. White has failed.



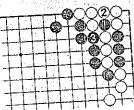
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point. After 3, there is no way for White to live.



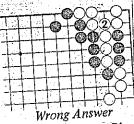
If Black 1, White gets two eyes with 2 and 4. Black has failed.

PROBLEM 30



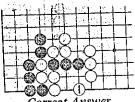
Correct Answer

Black can kill the white group with a throw-in at 1, followed by 3.



Without the sacrifice, Black would lose his three stones on the right.

PROBLEM 31

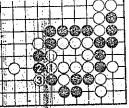


White 1 saves his four stones on the left. Now Black's three stones are dead.

Wrong Answer

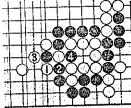
White 1 fails. Black will capture four white stones after playing 2.

PROBLEM 32



Correct Answer

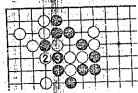
After White hand 3, all the black stones at the edge will die.



Wrong Answer

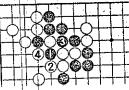
If White 1, Black will capture eight white stones with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 33



Correct Answer

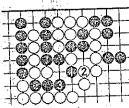
-Black 1 and 3 capture three white stones and save Black's at the top.



Wrong Answer

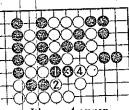
- If Black captures a stone with 1 and 3, his stones at the top will die.

PROBLEM 34



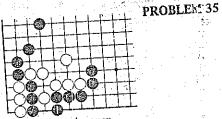
Correct Answer

Black-1 and 3 catch the five white stones on the left.

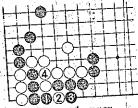


Wrong Answer

Black 1 and 3 are thoughtless moves. After 4, all White's stones are safe.

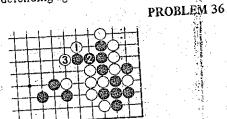


Black 1 saves his three stones to the left by defending against olotoshi.



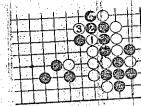
Wrong Answer

If Black ataris at 1. White 2 and 4 set up an oiotoshi.



Correct Answer

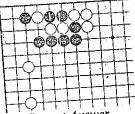
White 1 and 3 catch four of Black's stones.



Wrong Answer

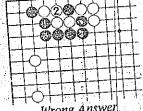
White I and 3 here fail to capture any black stones.





Correct Answer

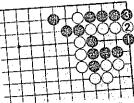
If Black plays at 1, he will capture three white stones.



Wrong Answer

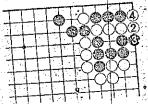
Black I is in the wrong direction. Black fails to capture any stones.

PROBLEM 38



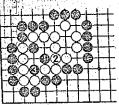
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 are the only moves that will catch White's stones.

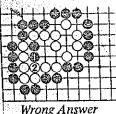


Wrong Answer

If Black plays 1 and 3, White cannot be captured after White 2 and 4.



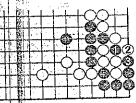
Black 1 and 3 set up a snapback. All of White's stones will die.



If Black ataris at 1, he has no follow-up after White 2.

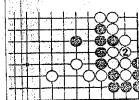
PROBLEM 40

PROBLEM 39



Correct Answer

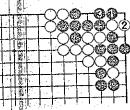
Black sacrifices a stone and then ataris at 3. White cannot escape.



Wrong Answer

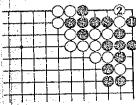
If Black simply ataris at 1, Black has no follow-up after White 2.

PROBLEM 41



Correct Answer

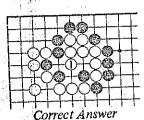
If Black makes an eye with 1 and 3, he can eventually capture two stones.



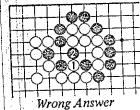
Wrong Answer

If Black ataris with 1, he will lose his five stones at the top after White 2.

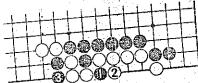
PROBLEM 42



White I is the only move that will save his endangered stones.

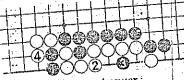


If White 1, Black 2 sets up a snapback. Black 2 is the vital point.

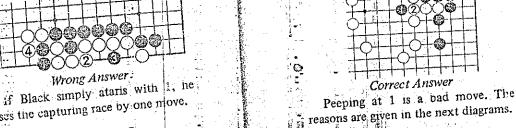


Correct Answer

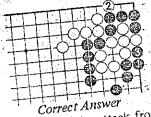
If Black sacrifices a stone with 1, White can't escape capture after 3.



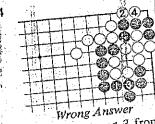
loses the capturing race by one move.



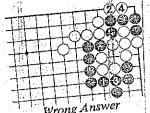
- PROBLEM 4



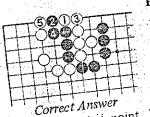
If Black starts the attack from the side, he will capture White.



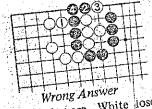
If Black plays 1 and 3 from below, ire loses his five stones at the top.



PROBLEM 45

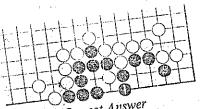


White i is the vital point. White wins the capturing race by one move.



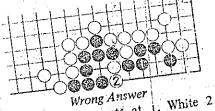
If White 1 here, White loses the capturing race by one move.

PROBLEM 46



Correct Answer Black has to play 1 if his stones at the bottom are going to live.

The telephological production of the production of the contraction of



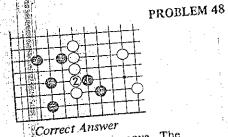
Wrong Answer

If Black connects at

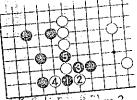
catches eight black stones.

Reference Diagram 2

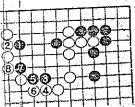
After peeping, the best endgame moves are Black 1 and 3.



Peeping at 1 is a bad move. The reasons are given in the next diagrams.



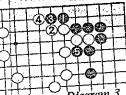
Reference Diagram 2 Without the peep, Black would be able to link up to his stones on the left.



PROBLEM 47

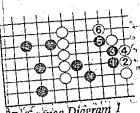
Reference Diagram 1

It is practically impossible for Black to live. If he tries, White gets thickness.



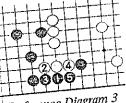
Reference Diagram 3

Without the peep, Black has more profitable endgame moves up to 5.



Reference Diagram 1

The thickness White gets if Black tries to live is too good.

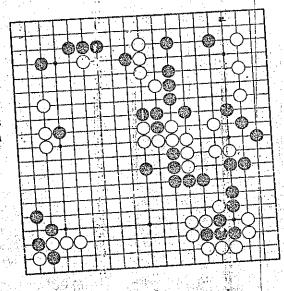


Reference Diagram 3

It is impossible for White to preven this linkage, as the sequence to 5 show

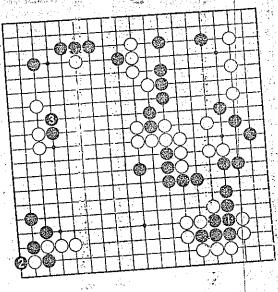
— 95 —

There are a lot of places that Black would like to play, but Black I here (D in the Problem Diagram) is the best point. The reason is that Black I creates two weak white groups: the four stones at the top and the eleven in the center.

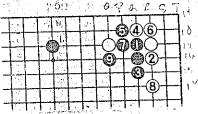


Wrong Answers

Black I is a big move, worth more than ten points. Black 2 is also big and Black would like to play there as soon as possible. Black 3 is not bad either, but it is in the wrong direction. None of these moves, however, matches the severity of Black I in the Correct Answer diagram.

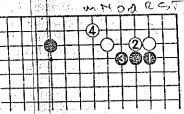


PROBLEM 50



Correct Answer

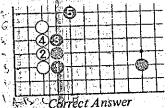
Because of the black stone under the star-point to the left, blocking at it is the best move. The sequence to Black 9 is a basic joseki. The stone to the left is now an ideal extension from the black formation on the right.



Wrong Answer

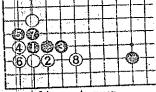
If Black blocks from the other side with 1 as here, the black stone under the star point is out of place after the continuation to 4.

PROBLEM 51



Build a wall on the side that you have a stone on or near the star-point.

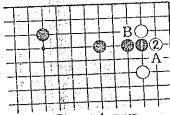
The moves Black 1, 3 and 5 follow this principle.



Wrong Answer

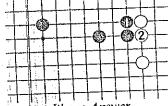
If Black makes a wall in the other direction, the stone under the starpoint is out of place after White 8.

PROBLEM 52



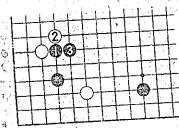
Correct Answer

In this position, blocking at 1 is played in almost all cases. After White 2 Black has the choice of playing at either A or B.

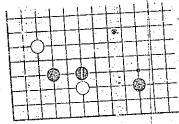


Wrong Answer

Blocking at 1 makes it easy for White to link up his stones with 2. Territorially, Black has suffered a big loss.



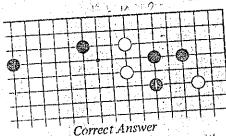
When confronted with a doubleapproach move, always attach against the stone which is not attacked by a pincer.' Black 1 follows this principle.



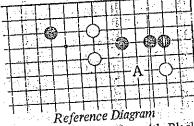
Reference Diagram

Attaching at I on the side that you have a pincer (the black stone under the star-point) is a strategy for special situations.





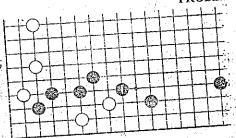
Jumping out into the center with Black 1 is a standard move in handicap games.



Defending the corner with Black 1 is another move that can be considered,

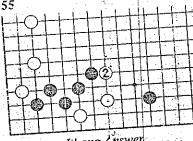
but Black 1 at A is bad shape. There are other moves, but Black 1 in the correct answer is superior to all of them.

PROBLEM 55



Correct Answer

Confining White to the side with Black 1 is the best move. Even if you fail to kill White, you cannot get a bad result.

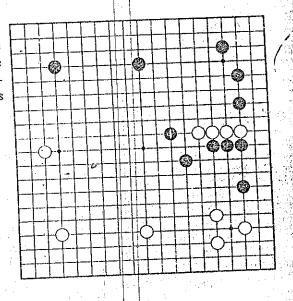


Wrong Answer

Black 1 is a cowardly move. White easily moves out into the center with 2 and Black's stones in the corner are overconcentrated.

Correct Answer

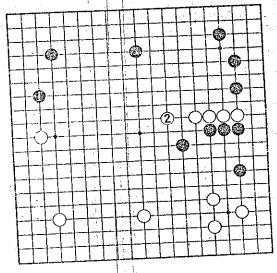
Capping the four white stones with Black 1 is the most important move on the board. It is impossible to estimate how profitable this

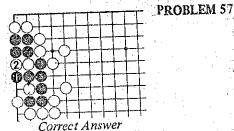


PROBLEM 56

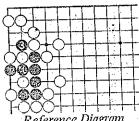
Wrong Answer

No one can say that Black 1 is a bad move, but attacking the four white stones on the right as in the Correct Answer is far more profitable.





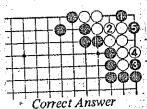
Black 1 catches one stone below and sets up the 'under the stones' tesuji.



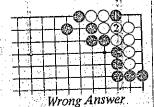
Reference Diagram

After White captures at 2, Black 3 returns to capture two white stones.

PROBLEM 58

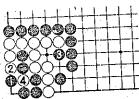


Black sets up a 'bent four in the corner up to 5. White is dead.



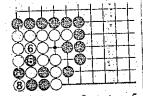
Black ataris with 1, White connects with 2. White cannot be killed.

PROBLEM 59



Correct Answer

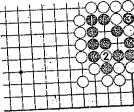
Black 1 and 3 are the vital points. If White 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2, making two eyes. After White captures with 4 -



7: connects; 9: below 5 Reference Diagram

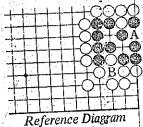
The sequence to 8 leaves White with a dead 6 space big eye. 9 kills White.

PROBLEM 30



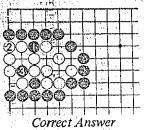
Correct answer

Black 1 is the vital point. If White. 2, Black 3. Black lives because of the •double ko.



If White makes a ko threat, then takes at A, Black simply takes at B.

PROBLEM 61

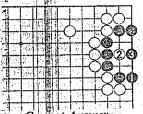


Black 1 is the vital point. If 2, Black 3 kills White. White gets only one eye.

Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White plays the vital point and easily gets two eyes.

PROBLEM 62



Correct Answer

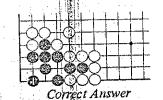
Black 1 makes the 'comb formation', a standard living shape. If 2, Black 3.

Wrong Answer

If Black 1. White can get a ko with

the atari of 2

PROBLEM 63

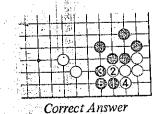


Black I makes two eyes. If White takes two stones. Black retakes.

Wrong Answer

If Black 1. White plays on the vital point of 2 and Black dies.

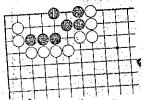
PROBLEM 64



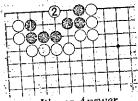
Black I is the vital point. No matter how White plays, he can't get two eyes.

Wrong Answer

If Black simply plays i, White lives by playing 2 and 4. 5



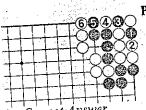
Correct Answer Black 1 is the vital point for making eye shape. With 1, Black easily lives.



Wrong Answer

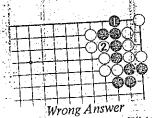
If Black 1. White 2 kills the black

PROBLEM 66



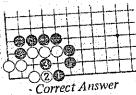
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 are the right order of moves. After 6, it is Black's turn to take the ko.



If Black descends to 1, White plays 2. Since White's group has an eye, Black loses the capturing race.

PROBLEM 67.

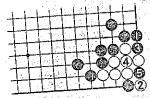


Black 1 is the vital point. White cannot capture 3, so he is dead.

Wrong Answer

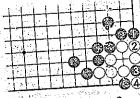
if Black 1, White lives by playing 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 68



Correct Answer 1

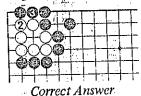
Black 1 is the vital point for getting a ko. White 2 is one of two variations.



Correct Answer 2

· White could also play Zas here. The result is again a ko.

PROBLEM 69

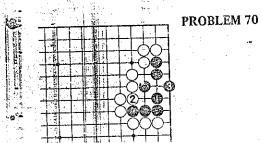


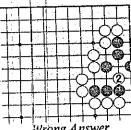
Wrong Answer

Black 1 is the vital point, If White

If Black 1, White lives by playing at 2.

2, Black 3 and White dies.





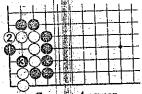
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point. If 2, Black 3. If White 2 at 3 Black 3 at 2.

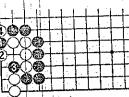
Wrong Answer

Black i is refuted by White 2, the vital point. Black dies.

PROBLEM 71



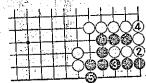
Black plays I and 3. Because of shertage of liberties, White cannot attack the two black stones, so he dies.



Wrong Answer

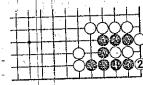
Black 1, followed by 3, fails. After 4, White has no trouble making life.

PROBLEM 72



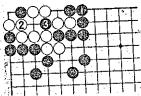
Correct Answer

Black 1 forces White 2. Black can now get two eyes with 3 and 5.



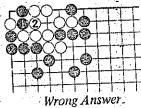
Wrong Answer

If Black ataris at 1, White takes the vital point of 2 and Black dies.



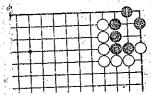
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point for attack. If White 2, Black 3 kills White.



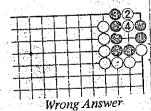
If Black 1, White catches these two stones and gets two eyes.

PROBLEM 74



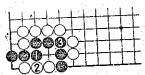
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point for getting two eyes.



If Black ataris with 1, White plays 2, followed by 4, and Black dies.

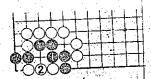
PROBLEM 75



Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 are the vital points.

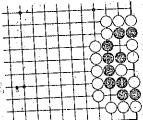
The result is a seki.



Wrong Answer

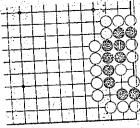
If Black ataris with 1, he is dead after White plays 2.

PROBLEM 76



Correct Answer

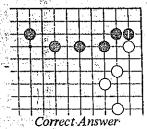
Black 1 sets up an olotoshi. Black loses two stones, but he still lives.



Wrong Answer

If Black plays at 1, he is dead as he stands.

PROBLEM 77

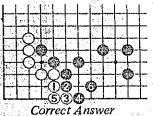


Black 1 is among the biggest endgame moves.

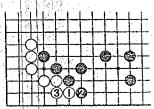
If White Plays First

If it were White's turn, this is where he would play.

PROBLEM 78



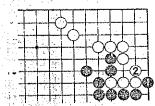
White 1, followed by 3 and 5, is sente and the best endgame sequence.



Reference Diagram

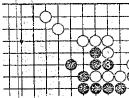
Actually White 1 and 3 are more profitable, but this sequence ends in gote.

PROBLEM 79



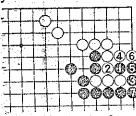
Correct Answer

Black I is best. After White 2, Black will play elsewhere.



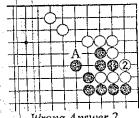
Reference Diagram

White 2 is unreasonable. Black will capture three white stones with 3.



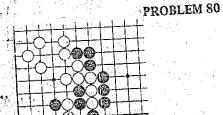
Wrong Answer 1

Black 1 is crude. In the sequence to 7, Black ends in gote.

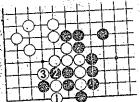


Wrong Answer 2

Black 1 has the same value as the correct answer, but A becomes sente for White.

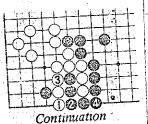


White 1 prevents Black from linking up with his lone stone on the left.

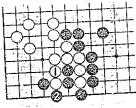


Reference Diagram

Black 2 is unreasonable. White 3 catches three black stones.

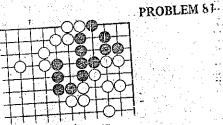


After White 1, the sequence will continue up to Black 4.



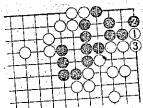
Wrong Answer

White I lets Black link up his stones. This is a big loss in territory for White.



Correct Answer

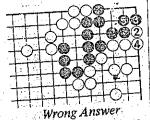
Black I is the correct answer. The reasons are given in the next diagrams.



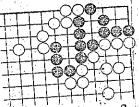
Reference Diagram 1

In the correct answer, White 1 and 3 end in gote for White.

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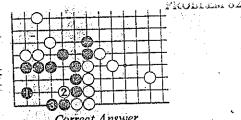


If Black 1, White can play 2 and 4 in sente.



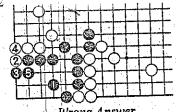
Reference Diagram 2

Using this diagram for analysis, Black has 7 points, whereas in the Wrong Answer Diagram he has only 5 points.



Correct Answer

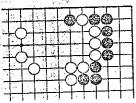
-Black I is the correct answer. Even if White cuts at 2, Black need not worry.



Wrong Answer

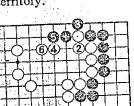
If Black 1, White can play 2 and 4 in sente. This is a 4-point loss for Black.





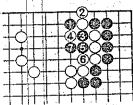
Correct Answer

Black 1 causes a huge reduction in White's territory.



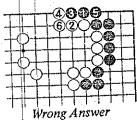
Reference Diagram 2

White must prudently play 2. Howeger, Black has made a big invasion.



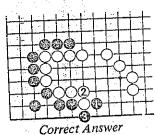
Reference Diagram 1

Resisting with 2 is unreasonable, as the sequence to Black 7 shows.



Ordinary endgame moves up to Black 5 allow White to keep his territory intact.

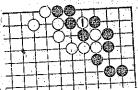
PROBLEM 84



A clamp with Black 1 is again the right way to invade White's territory.

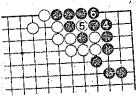
Wrong Answer

Neither Black I nor A is a very big endgame move. White replies with 2.



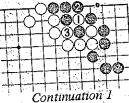
Correct Answer

Throwing in a stone with White 1 is the correct answer. Next -

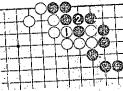


-Continuation 2

To avoid an unfavorable ko, Black must defend with 4 and 6.



Because of shortage of liberties, taking with 2 is the only move. After 3 -



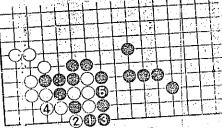
Wrong Answer

If White exchanges 1 for 2, Black's territory here is at least 3 points more than in the preceding diagram.

PROBLEM:86

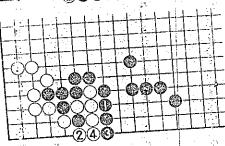
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3, followed by 5, are the best endgame moves. Black retains sente after White connects with 6.

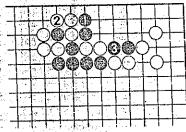


Wrong Answer

Black also retains sente with this sequence, but it is two points better for White.

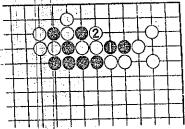


PROBLEM 87



Correct Answer

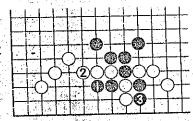
Black 1 sets up a double threat. He can capture two stones by playing at either 2 or 3.



Wrong Answer

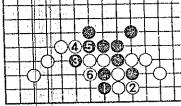
Black I is the wrong order of moves. After White 2, Black has no follow-up.

PROBLEM 88



Correct Answer

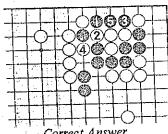
Black 1 again sets up a double Threat. He can capture two stones by playing at either 2 or 3.



Wrong Answer

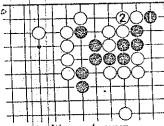
Black 1 is the wrong order of moves. After White 2, no matter how Black plays, he cannot capture any stones.

PROBLEM 89



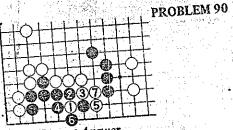
Correct Answer

Black plays 1 and then squeezes up to 5. Black can now take the white stone in the corner.

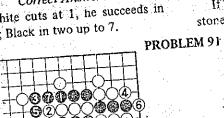


Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White connects at 2 and Black loses both territory and eye shape in the corner.

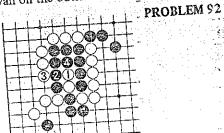


If White cuts at 1, he succeeds in splitting Black in two up to 7.



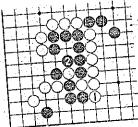
Correct Answer

By squeezing up to 7, Black gets a strong wall on the outside.



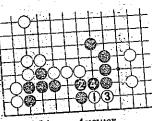
Correct Answer

First of all, White increases the sacrifice to two stones and starts to squeeze.



Wrong Answer I

If White I immediately, Black captures with 2 and Black's stones are safe.



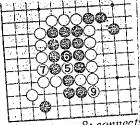
Wrong Answer

If White 1, Black can link up his stores with the sequence to 4.

Wrong Answer

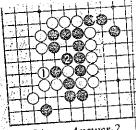
If Black 1, White gains territory at

tne top.



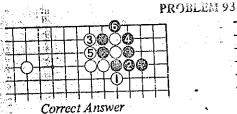
Continuation 8: connects

The squeeze continues up to 8. After 9, Black is in trouble.



Wrong Answer 2

An atari from the left with White I s similar to the preceding diagram.

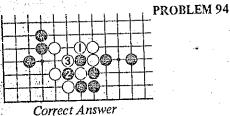


White 1, followed by 3 and 5, is the right order of moves.

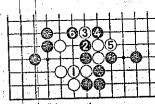


Wrong Answer

If White 3, Black exchanges 4 for 5, leaving a cutting point at A for later.

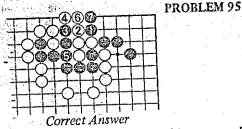


White takes care of his stones with 1 and 3 and gets good shape.

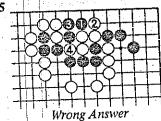


Wrong Answer

If White connects at 1, Black divides White into two weak groups.



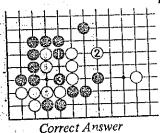
Black can capture the three white stones up to 7. White cannot escape.



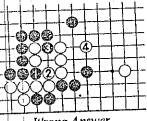
Black I and 3 fail. White ataris with

4 and the three black stones die.

PROBLEM 96



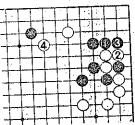
Because White can't make eyes he has to jump to 2 when Black plays 1. Next, 3 cuts off five white stones.



Wrong Answer

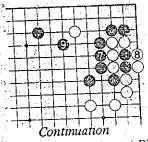
Black I lets White connect at the vital point of 2. Black 3 takes away the second eye, but White escape with 4. Correct Answer

Black increases the sacrifice to two stones and then squeezes with 3 and 5.

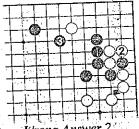


Wrong Answer 1

If Black doesn't sacrifice two stones, he can't keep sente, so White escapes with 4.



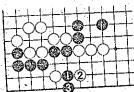
Black 7 seals White in, and Black 9 takes the territory at the top.



Wrong Answer 2

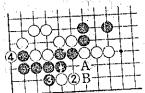
Black could take the side with 1 and 3, but the corner is open to an invasion.

PROBLEM 98



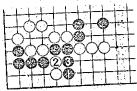
Correct Answer

Black 1 catches the lone white stone. If White 2, Black descends to 3.



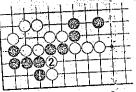
Wrong Answer 1

If Black connects at 1, he is dead after White 2 and 4. If Black A, White B.



Reference Diagram

If White plays 2, he just loses two stones after Black 3.



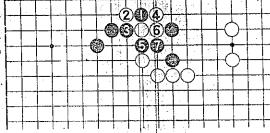
Wrong Answer 2

Black 1 loses two stones. Black has suffered a big loss.

PROBLEM 99

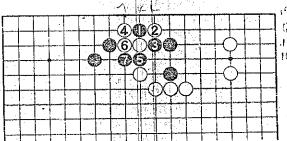
Correct Answer 1

*Black 1 is the tesuji for linking up the black groups. If-White-2, the sequence to Black 7 follows.

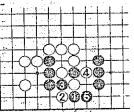


Correct Answer 2

If White blocks from the other side with 2, Black links up with the sequence to 7. Black 1 is the basic tesuji for linking up in these kinds of positions.

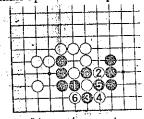


PROBLEM 100



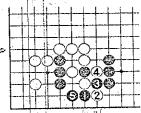
Correct Answer 1

Black 1 is the same kind of tesuji. Pack links up with the sequence to 5.



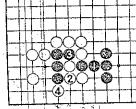
Wrong Answer 1

Black i fails. The sequence to White 6 results in a ko.



Correct Answer 2

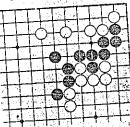
If White blocks from the other side with 2, Black 3 and 5 safely link up.



Wrong Answer 2

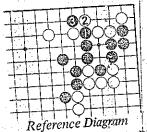
Black 1 is a terrible move. With the sequence to 4, Black loses four stones.

Black I ensures that Black's stones will link up and also forces White 2.

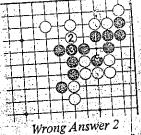


Wrong Answer 1

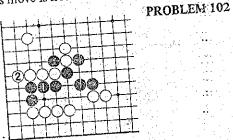
Black can link up his stones with 1, but this move is not a threat to White.



If White doesn't defend, Black 1 and 3 inflict a big loss on White.

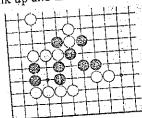


Black 1 also ends in gote for Black after White forces with 2.



Correct Answer

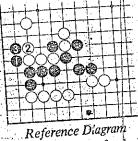
Black 1 ensures that Black's stones
will link up and also forces White 2.



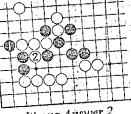
Wrong Answer I

Black 1 doesn't threaten anything.

White will play elsewhere.



If White doesn't defend, Black 1 and 3 inflict a big loss on White.



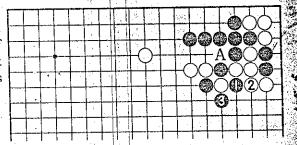
Wrong Answer 2

Black i is an overplay. Black is too thin to play so aggressively.

PROBLEM 103

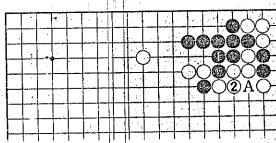
Correct Answer

Black ataris with 1 and captures a stone with 3. If White 2 at A, Black ataris at 2 and the three white stones in the corner die,



Wrong Answer

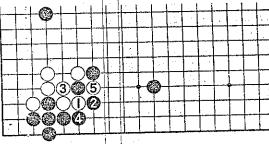
If Black connects at 1, White connects at 2. If Black 1 at A. White 2 and Black has failed.



PROBLEM 104

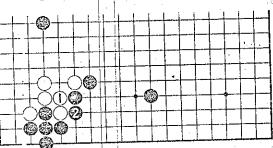
Correct Answer

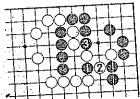
White should push through with 1. After 5, Black's shape is in tatters:



Wrong Answer

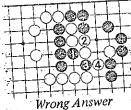
If White connects at 1. Black gets a strong position on the right when he plays at 2. White has failed.





Correct Answer

Wedging in with I enables Black to capture two stones with 3.



Directly giving atari with 1 fails. Black loses six stones after White 4.

PROBLEM 106.



Correct Answer

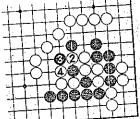
White catches two black stones with 1. If Black 2, White 3 and 5.



Wrong Answer

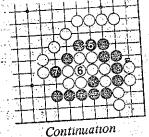
White I is artless. Now the four white stones in the corner die,

PROBLEM 107



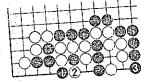
Correct Answer

Black 1 catches four white stones. It is futile to resist with White 2 and 4.



Black gives atari with 5 and 7, killing nine white stones.

PROBLEM 108



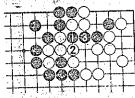
Correct Answer

Black 1 creates a shortage of liberties for White. After 3; the six white stones on the right die.

Wrong Answer

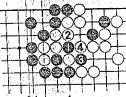
Black I fails, After Black 3, White 4 gives atari to three black stones.

PROBLEM 109



Correct Answer

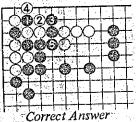
If Black plays 1 and 3, he catches three white stones at the top.



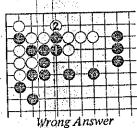
Wrong Answer

Black 1 here is insufficient. Up to 4, Black has captured only one stone.

PROBLEM 110

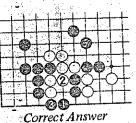


Black cuts and sacrifices with I and 3. White's four stones on the right are separated from the corner after 5.

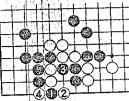


Black 1 lets White link up with 2. If 1 at 2, White 2 at 1.

PROBLEM 111



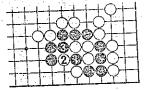
Plack can link up by playing 1 and 3.1f White 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

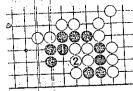
Black 1 fails. White captures with 2 and 4. Black has no follow-up.

PROBLEM 112



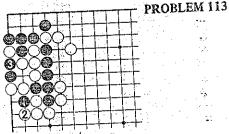
Correct Answer

Sacrificing a stone with I is the key move. White's five stones now die.



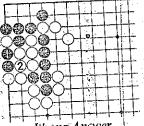
Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White connects at 2 and the four black stones to the right die.

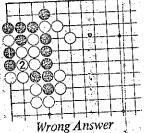


Correct Answer

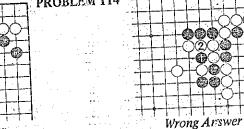
Black 1 sets up a shortage of liberties, so White can't save his four stones.



Without the cut, White can atari at 2 when Black captures at 1.



PROBLEM 114



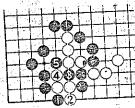
Correct Answer

By attaching at 1, Black can capture two white stones with 3.



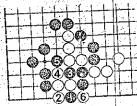
If Black ataris with I, White's stones escape when White connects at 2.

PROBLEM 115



Correct Answer

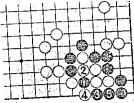
By exchanging 1 for 2, Black captures the white stones on the left up to 5.



Wrong Answer

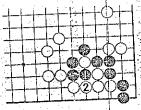
Black 1 here fails. Black loses four stones up to 6.

PROBLEM 116



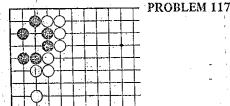
Correct Answer

Black sacrifices a stone with 1 and catches five white stones up to 5.



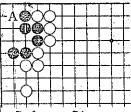
Wrong Answer

Black I captures only one stone. After 2, White's stones are safe.



Correct Answer

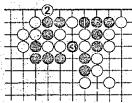
Black 1 is the 'shape' move to live. "You should remember this move.



Reference Diagram

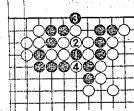
Black at I or A also gets life for Black, but they are not as profitable.

PROBLEM 118



Correct Answer

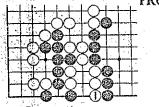
Black i is the key point. With 3, Black captures two stones.



Wrong Answer

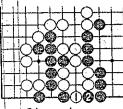
If Black I and 3, White 4 ataris Black first, so White can't be captured.

PROBLEM 119



Correct Answer

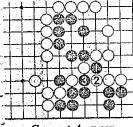
White 1 separates Black, so his stones on the left will be captured.



Wrong Answer

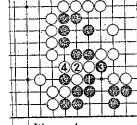
If White ataris with 1, Black 2 makes the situation a ko.

PROBLEM 120



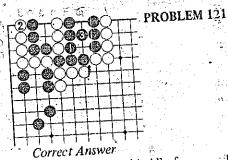
Correct Answer

If Black sacrifices a stones with 1, Black can link up his stones with 3.

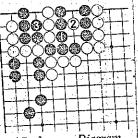


Wrong Answer

Black I and 3 fail to link up, as can be seen after White plays 4.



Black 1 and 3 break the seki. All of White's stones on the left now die.

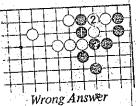


Reference Diagram

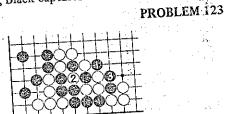
If White 2 in response to 1, Black 3 afairs three white stones.

PROBLEM 122

Correct AnswerBlack i is the vital point. After
White 2, Black captures a stone with 3.

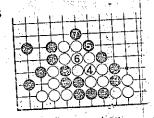


If Black 1, White 2 catches the two



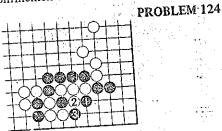
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point to break
out of confinement. After Black 3—



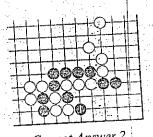
Continuation

If White 4 and 6, Black catches
White in a ladder with 7.



Correct Answer I

Black I captures three white stones.

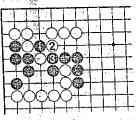


Correct Answer 2

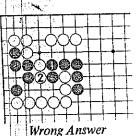
Black 1 also catches three white stones.



and a surprise property of the contract of the

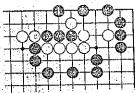


Black cuts at 1. After White 2.
Black 3 ensures the linkup.



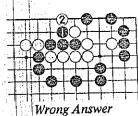
If Black 1, White 2 separates Black into two groups.





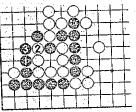
Correct Answer

If Black jumps to 1, there is no way
White can stop Black from linking up.



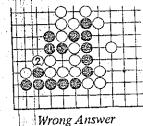
If Black 1, White 2 will capture four black stones.

PROBLEM 127



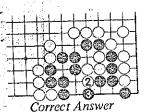
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 capture seven white stones in a snapback.

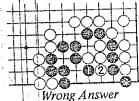


If Black 1, White increases his liberties and Black's stones on the right die.

PROBLEM 128'

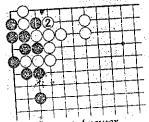


Black 1 and 3 capture four white tones.



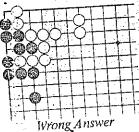
If Black 1, White 2 ataris three black stones. Black has failed.

- 121 -



Correct Answer

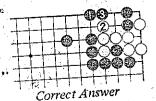
Black can defend his five stones and keep sente by playing at 1...



Black I defends his five stones, but

now it : White who has sente.

PROBLEM 130



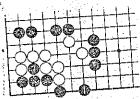
Black 1 links up his two stones in the corner and kills the white stones.



Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White 2 and 4 catch four black stones. White lives.

PROBLEM 131



. Correct Answer

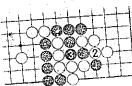
Black links up his stones to the ones on the outside with 1.



Wrong Answer

Black I fails to link up, as the sequence to White 6 demonstrates.

PROBLEM 132.



Correct Answer

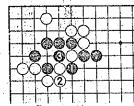
Black i is the vital point for capturing the six white stones.



Wrong Answer

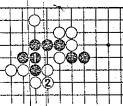
11 Black 1, White saves his stones by playing on the vital point of 2.

PROBLEM 133



Correct Answer

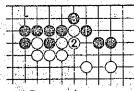
Black 1 and 3 capture a white stone. If White 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

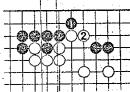
If Black i, Black's stones in the corner are in grave danger after White 2.

PROBLEM 134



Correct Answer

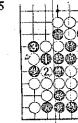
Black 1 and 3 enable him to link up his two groups of stones.



Wrong Answer

When Black plays 1, he suffers major damage when White plays 2.

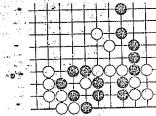
PROBLEM 135



Correct Answer 2

If White 2 here, Black double ataris with 3.

stones in the corner.

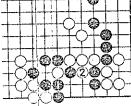


Correct Answer

Correct Answer 1 ...

Black 1 and 3 catch the nine white

Black catches a stone and makes two eyes for his group by playing 1.

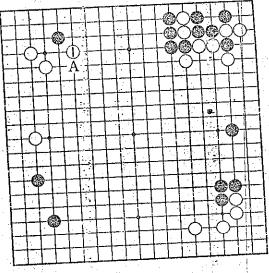


Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White captures two black stones with 2. Black has failed.

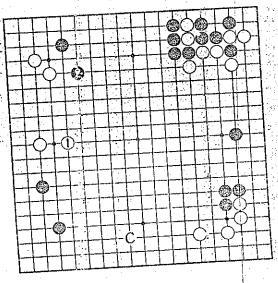
PROBLEM 136

Pressing down on the lone plack stone with I is the most important point to play in this position. This move prevents Black from expanding his position at the top. If White were to play any other point, Black would play at A, building a large framework of territory at the top.



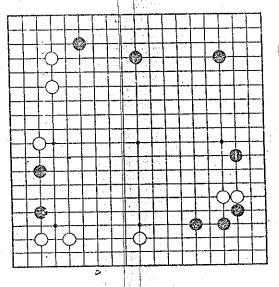
Reference Diagram

White I is unsatisfactory in the face of Black 2. The same can be said of White I at C. Both of these moves are inferior to White I in the Correct. Answer.



-Correct Answer -

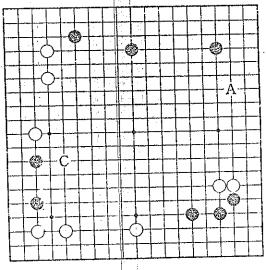
Of the three points in the problem diagram, Black 1 is the best. It not only attacks the two white stones but also extends from the black position at the top.



Reference Diagram

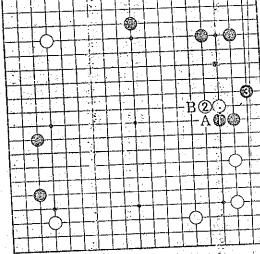
Black A would be unsatisfactory. It tightly reinforces Slack's position at the top right, but it puts no pressure on the two white stones at the bottom.

Black C is also a good point, but in this position the right side is the most important.



Black 1, followed by 3, is the standard response. Black's stones end with good shape.

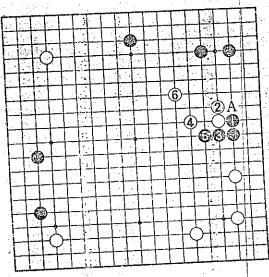
Before playing 3, Black could first exchange A for B.



Reference Diagram

Black i here is another way to play. The continuation to White 6 is the standard sequence.

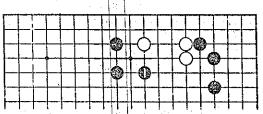
However, Black I at A and 5 are bad moves.



PROBLEM 140

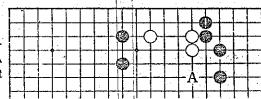
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the standard way to play in this position.



Reference Diagram

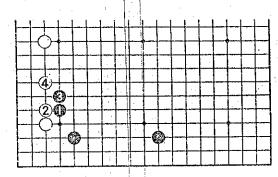
Depending on the circumstances, Black i or Black A could be played. You can't say that these moves are bad.



PROBLEM 141

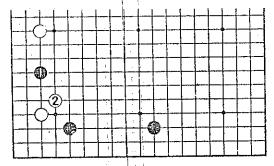
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 are the best moves in this position. After 4, White's position on the left is too low, while Black's extension from his wall is ideal.



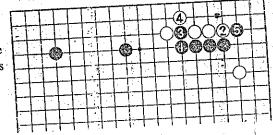
Wrong Answer

Black i is in the wrong direction. White 2 works very well in conjunction with his stone to the left of the side star-point.



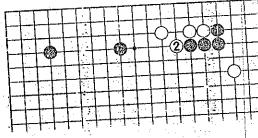
Correct Answer
Without any doubt, Black 1

is the vital point. The sequence to Black 5 leaves White's stones vulnerable.



Wrong Answer

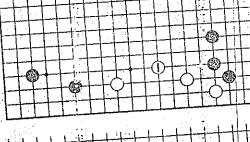
If Black 1, 2 gives White a strong position. Black has failed!



PROBLEM 143

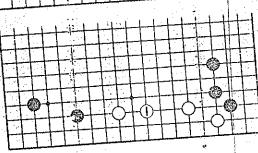
Correct Answer

White 1 is the correct way to play in this position. White's position at the bottom is now perfectly balanced.

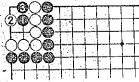


Wrong Answer

This is the wrong way for White to play. His stones at the bottom are too low.

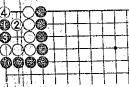


PROBLEM 144



Correct Answer

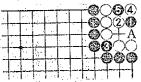
Because of shortage of liberties
-Black-1 and 3 kill White.



Wrong Answer

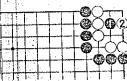
Black 1 and 3 here fail. After White 4, White can get a ko.

PROBLEM 145



Correct Answer

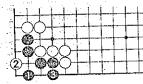
Black gets a ko up to 5. Black 3 at A is also a ko, but 3 in the diagram is more profitable.



Wrong Answer

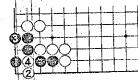
Black I fails. After 2, White has enough liberties to live.

PROBLEM 146



Correct Answer

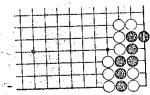
Black 1 is the vital point for making two eyes. If White 2, Black lives with 3.



Wrong Answer

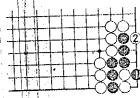
If Black 1, Black can't attack White after 4 because of shortage of liberties.

PROBLEM 147



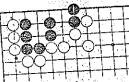
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point. There is now nothing White can do to kill Black.

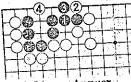


Wrong Answer

If Black 1, Black dies because of a shortage of liberties after White 2.



After Black 1, Black can live no matter how White plays.

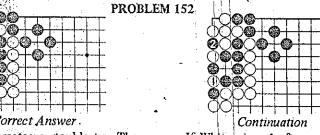


Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White 2 and

Wrong Answer

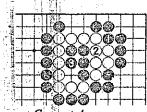
Black I allows White to live with a



Black I creates a double ko. The

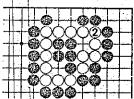
If White plays 1 after making a ko threat, Black takes the other ko with 2.

* four corner white stones will now die. PROFILEM 153



Correct Answer

Black ataris with I and then makes a 5-space big eye with 3. White is dead.



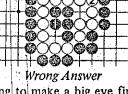
Trying to make a big eye first with

PROBLEM 154



Wrong Answer

If Black captures four stones after 2. White can live by capturing two stones with the 'under-the-stones' tesuji.



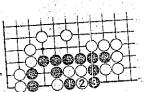
I fails. After 2, the eye is too big.

if White 4 at 1, Black defends at A. PROBLEM 150

seki after 2.

Black.

PROBLEM 144

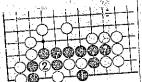


Correct Answer

Black i and 3 kill White, Finally,

Correct Answer

Black sacrifices with 1. After 3, Black captures three stones and lives,



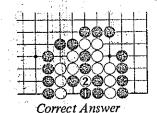
Wrong Answer

If I here, Black dies after White 2. Even if Black plays 1 at 2, he still dies.

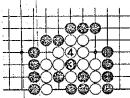
Correct Answer Black I is the right point to attack.

White is dead.

PROBLEM 155



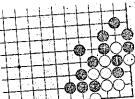
-Black 1 is the vital point to make a big eye. If White captures with 2 -



Continuation

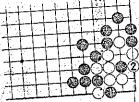
After the exchange of 3 for 4, White has a dead 6-space big eye shape.

PROBLEM 151



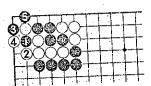
Correct Answer

If Black sacrifices two stones with 1. White will die.



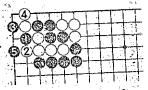
Wrong Answer

Black 1 here fails. White 2 gives White two eyes.



Correct Answer 1

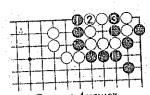
Black can get a ko with the sequence up to 5.



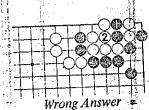
Correct Answer 2

If White plays 4 as here, it is still a ko after Black 5.

PROBLEM 157

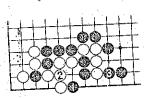


If Black 1, followed by 3, Black wins the capturing race by one move.

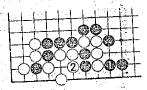


Playing Black 1 first is wrong, Black loses the capturing race.

PROBLEM 158:



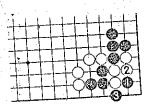
Correct Answer
Threatening a snapback with 1, followed by 3, wins the capturing race.



Wrong Answer

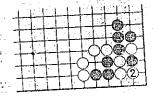
Black I here fails. White catches two stones when he plays 2.

PROBLEM 159



Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point here. After
3 Black catches four white stones.

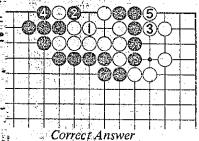


Wrong Answer

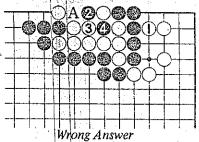
Elack 1 catches a stone, but after 2

Black loses three stones at the bottom.

PROBLEM 160

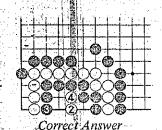


White increases his liberties by one move if he plays 1. The five stones on the gight can now be captured.

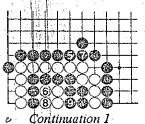


Going after the five black stones with 1 results in a ko up to 4. If 1 at A, Black plays at 3 and White loses,

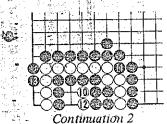
PROBLEM 161



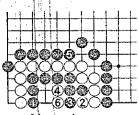
Black 1 and 3 make a big eye. After White 4 —



Black starts filling in the liberties on the outside, After taking with 9 —

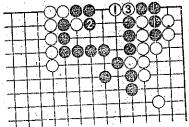


Prom here you can see that Black wins the capturing race by one move.



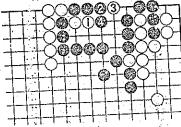
Wrong Answer
te 2 is the vital noi

White 2 is the vital point. If Black plays 1, Black loses the capturing race.



Correct Answer

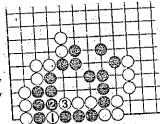
White I is the vital point. If Black 2, White catches four stones with 3. If Black 2 at 3, White catches two stones on the left by playing at 2.



Wrong Answer

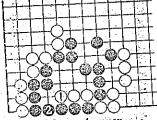
The order of moves is important. If White i first, White has no follow-up after Black 4.

PROBLEM 163



Correct Answer

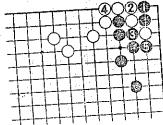
White should sacrifice a stone with 1. If Black 2, White 3 catches three black stones.



Wrong Answer

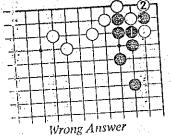
White can't catch anything with 1. Black defends at 2 and he has no shortage of liberties.

PROBLEM 164



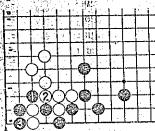
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the key point. Up to 5, Black unconditionally captures a white stone.



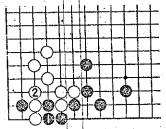
If Black 1, a ko arises in the corner.
This is a failure for Black.

PROBLEM 165



Correct Answer

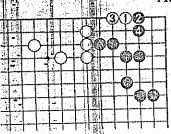
Black 1 and 3 catch two white stones by setting up a snapback. You have to watch out for moves like 3.



Wrong Answer

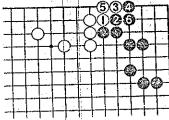
If Black 1, Black suffers a big loss after White 2.

PROBLEM 166



Correct Answer

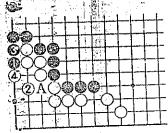
The monkey jump of White 1 is the best way to eat into Black's territory. Black 2 is the best answer here, but in other situations different replies are necessary.



Wrong Answer

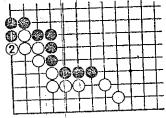
These moves are inferior to the correct answer.

PROBLEM 167



Correct Answer

Black 1 is the best move. White must respond submissively with 2 and 4. White 2 at 3 is unreasonable because of Black A.

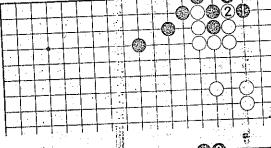


Wrong Answer

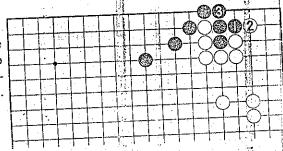
Compared to the correct answer, Black I is two points inferior.

Correct Answer

Black 1 is the most profitable way to reduce White's area. If White captures two black stones after 3, Black simply retakes one stone to maintain the connection.



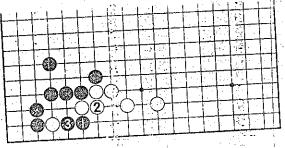
Wrong Answer
Black 1 is inferior. White blocks with 2. Compared to the correct answer, this diagram is much less profitable.



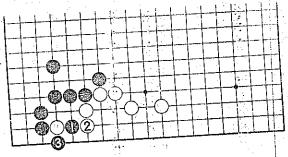
PROBLEM 169

Correct Answer

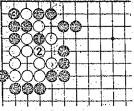
Black 1 is the most profitable way to catch the ione white stone on the left. White 2 at 3 would be unreasonable. In that case, Black would atarrat 2.



Wrong Answer
The sequence to 3 is greatly inferior to the correct answer.



PROBLEM 170





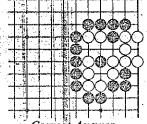
Correct Answer

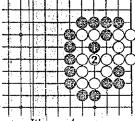
Black I is the vital point. White is dead after Black plays 3.

Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White lives by playing 2. If Black 1 at 2, White 2 at 1.

PROBLEM 171





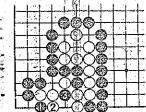
Correct Answer

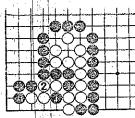
If Black plays I. White's second eye is false no matter what he does.

Wrong Answer

Black I will capture two stones, but the main body of White's group lives.

PROBLEM 172



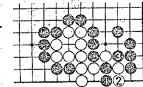


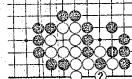
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 are the correct order. White's second eye at the edge is false. Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White lives with 2. If Black 1 at 2, White lives with 2 at 1.

PROBLEM 173



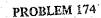


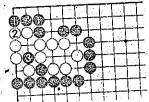
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 kill White. If White takes two stones, Black plays above 1.

Wrong Answer

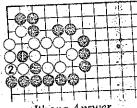
Black 1 fails. White is alive after he captures with 2.





Correct Answer

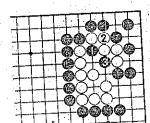
Black 1 is the vital point. If White



Wrong Answer

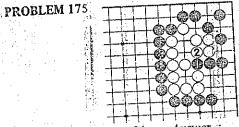
If Black 1, White lives by playing

2, then Black kills White with 3.



Correct Answer

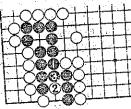
Black i is the vital point. If White 2, White dies when Black plays 3.



Wrong Answer

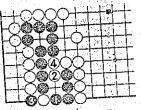
If Black 1, White gets two eyes when he plays at 2.

PROBLEM 175



. Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. If White ataris with 2, Black lives with 3.

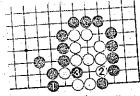


Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White 2 and 4 kill

Black.

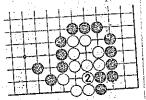
PROBLEM 177



Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point. If White

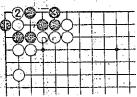
2, Black 3 kills White.



Wrong Answer

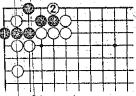
If Black 1, White gets two eyes and lives when he plays 2.

PROCLEM 178



Correct Answer

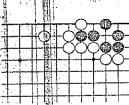
2. Black lives with 3.



Wrong Answer

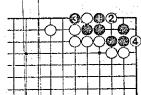
Black I is the vital point. If White . If Black plays I, he can't get two eyes after White 2.

PROBLEM 179



Correct Answer

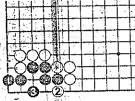
Black gets two eyes and lives when hi plays i.



Wrong Answer

If Black plays at i, he can't get two eyes after White 2 and 4.

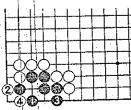
PROBLEM 180



Correct Answer

Black i is the vital point. If White

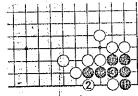
2. Black lives with 3.



Wrong Answer

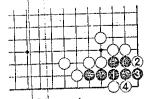
If Black 1, Black's group can live only if he wins the ko after 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 181



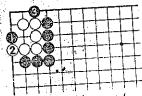
Correct Answer

Black gets two eyes and lives when he plays 1 and 3.46



Wrong Answer

Black fails if he plays 1. He can't get two eyes after White 2 and 4.

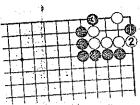


get two eyes, so he dies.

Correct Answer I
After Black 1 and 3, White can't

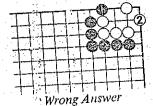
Playing I and 3 in this order also kills White.

PROBLEM 183



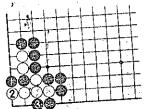
Correct Answer
Black 1 is the vital point. After

Black 3, White is dead.



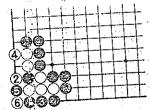
If Black: 1, White gets two eyes and lives when he plays 2.

PROBLEM 184



Correct Answer

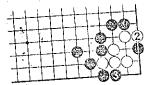
Black 1 and 3 prevent White from getting two eyes, so White is dead.



Wrong Answer

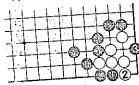
If Black 1, the sequence to 6 results in a ko. Black has failed.

PROBLEM 185



Correct Answer I

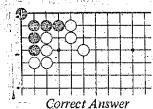
If Black i and 3. White can't get two eyes, so he dies.



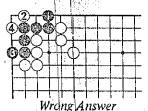
. Correct Answer 2

Black 1 and 3 in this order also kill White.

PROBLEM 186

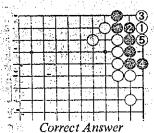


Black 1 ensures that Black will get two eyes and life.

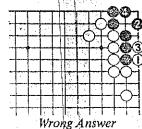


It may look like a seki after Black 1 and 3, but it is not! Black is dead.

PROBLEM 187

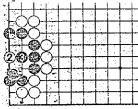


The sequence up to 5 gives Black the dead bent-four-in-the-corner shape.



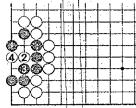
If White 1. Black plays on the vital point of 2 and lives up to 4.

PROBLEM 188



Correct Answer

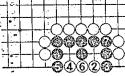
Black 1 makes the 'comb' formation. If White 2, Black lives with 3.



Wrong Answer

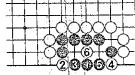
If Black 1, he dies after the sequence to White 4.

PROBLEM 189



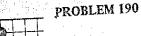
Correct Answer

Black i is the vital point. The sequence to Black 7 results in a seki.



Wrong Answer

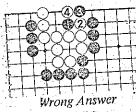
If Black 1, the sequence to White 6 kills Black.





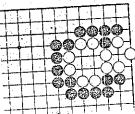
Correct Answer

After 3, Black will sacrifice two stones, leaving White with a dead shape.



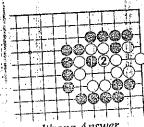
If 1 and 3, White sacrifices 4, but he can then recapture i and live.

PROBLEM 191



Correct Answer

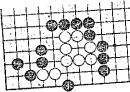
After 1, White dies since he can't avoid the capture of two of his stones.



Wrong Answer

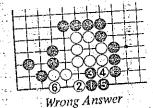
Black I doesn't capture anything. White lives by playing 2.

PROBLEM 192



Correct Answer

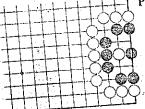
Black i is the vital point. White has only one eye, so he dies.



If Black I, White lives with the

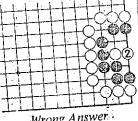
sequence to 6.

PROBLEM 193



Correct Answer

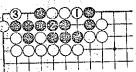
If Black plays the vital point of 1, he lives.



Wrong Answer.

of Black plays i, he can't get two eyes after White 2, so he dies.

PROBLEM 194



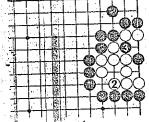
Correct Answer

White i is the vital point. After 3, Black is left with a dead 3-space big eye.



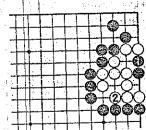
. If White 1, Black can live after he captures three stones with 4.

PROBLEM 195



Correct Answer

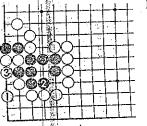
Black 1 sets up a snapback. If White defends at 3 with 2, Black plays 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

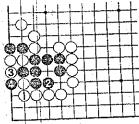
fails. White 2 makes two Black eyes. If Black 1 at 2, White 2 at 1.

PROBLEM 196



Correct Answer

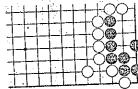
After 1. White sacrifices three stones th 3. If Black captures, White retakes at 3, leaving Black with a false eye.



Wrong Answer

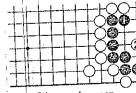
White I here doesn't permit the three-stone sacrifice as in the correct answer. After 4, Black is alive.

PROBLEM 197



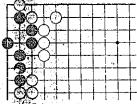
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point for making two eyes.



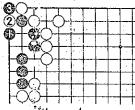
Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White strikes at the vital point with 2, killing Black.



*Correct Answer

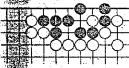
Black Fensures that Black will get



Wrong Answer

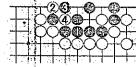
If Black 1, the life of Black's group depends on the result of a ko.

PROBLEM 199



Correct Answer

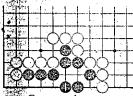
Black sis the vital point for getting two eyes and life.



Wrong Answer

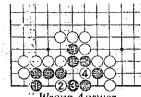
If Black 1, it becomes a ko after White 4. Black 1 at 3 also results in a ko.

PROBLEM 200



Correct Answer

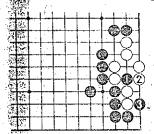
Black 1 is the vital point for getting two eyes and life.



Wrong Answer

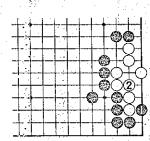
If Black 1, the combination of White 2 and 4 kills Black.

PROBLEM 201



Correct Answer

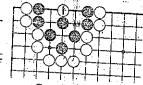
After Black 1 and 3, the white group dies.



Wrong Answer

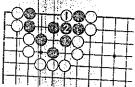
If Black 1, White plays 2, getting two eyes and life.

PROBLEM 202



Correct Answer

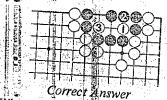
White I sets up a snapback on either side, so Black dies.



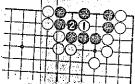
Wrong Answer

If White ataris with 1, Black defends with 2 and lives.

PROBLEM 203



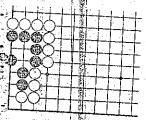
White 1 and 3 kill the black group.
White 1 at 3 first also kills Black.



Wrong Answer

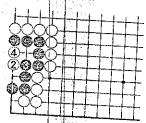
White I fails, Black lives by playing 2.

PROBLEM 204



Correct Answer

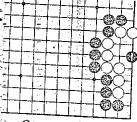
Black 1 is the vital point for making two eyes.



Wrong Answer

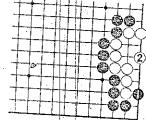
If Black 1, White 2 and 4 give the black group a dead 3-space big eye.

PROBLEM 205



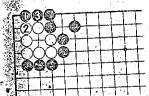
Correct Answer

After Black 1, there is no way that White can make two eyes.



Wrong Answer

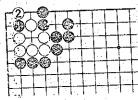
If Black 1, White gets two eyes and lives by playing at 2



Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point, If White

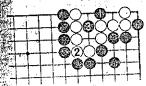
2. Black 3 and White dies.



Wrong Answer

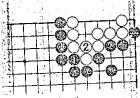
If Plack plays 1, White 2 gives White two eyes and life.

PROBLEM 207



Correct Answer

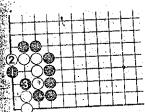
Black 1 and 3 kill White. If 2 is to the left of 1, Black throws in below 3.



Wrong Answer

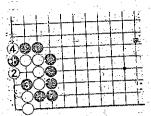
If Black exchanges 1 for 2. White gets a fiving 4-space big eye.

PROBLEM 208



Correct Answer

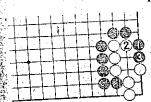
Black i is the vital point, If White 2, White has no follow-up after Black 3.



Wrong Answer

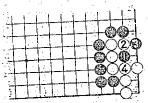
Black 1 and 3 fail. After White captures with 4, White can't be killed.

PROBLEM 209



Correct Answer

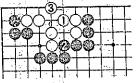
Black 1 and 3 prevent White from getting two eyes and life.



Wrong Answer

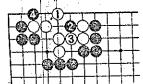
If Black 1, White lives with the sequence up to 4.

PROBLEM 210



Correct Answer ...

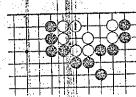
White 1 is the vital point. White can live with the sequence to 3.



Wrong Answer

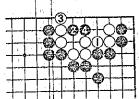
If White 1, Black 2 and 4 prevent White from getting two eyes.

PROBLEM 211



Correct Answer

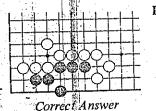
If White plays 1, there is no way that Black can kill White.



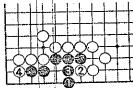
Wrong Answer

If White 1, White will be reduced to a dead 3-space big eye after 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 212



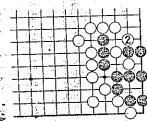
Plack 1 is the vital point for getting two eyes and life



Wrong Answer

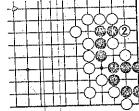
If Black 1, Black dies after White 2 and 4. If Black 1 at 3, White 2 at 4.

PROBLEM 213



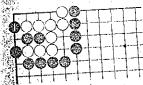
Correct Answer

Black 1-and 3 capture one white stone and give Black life.



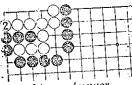
Wrong Answer

If Black exchanges 1 for 2, there is no way that he can live.



Correct Answer

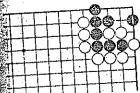
Black i kills White. If White takes two stones, Black retakes a stone.



Wrong Answer

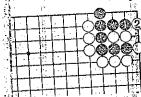
If Liack plays 1, White gets a living shape in the corner with 2.

PROBLEM 215



Correct Answer

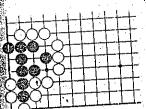
If Black plays 1, he will get two eyes and his stones will live. The transfer to give



Wrong Answer

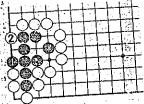
If Black plays 1, his stones are dead after White 2.

PROBLEM 216



Correct Answer

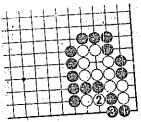
If Black plays 1, White can't prevent Black from getting two eyes.



Wrong Answer

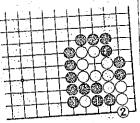
If Black 1, White 2 gives up two stones but destroys Black's second eye.

PROBLEM 217



Correct Answer

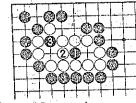
Black 1 is the vital point. After Black 3, White is dead.



Wrong Answer

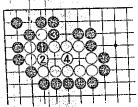
Dlack 1 lets White get a second eye and life with 2.

PROBLEM 218



Correct Answer

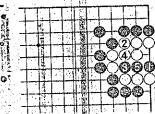
Black I and 3 prevent White from getting two eyes, so White dies.



Wrong Answer

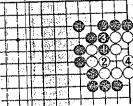
Black 1 fails White lives with 2 and

PROBLEM 219



Correct Answer

Black kills White by sacrificing three stones with the sequence up to 5.



Wrong Answer

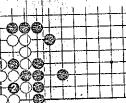
If Black 1, White lives by playing 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 220



Correct Answer

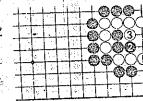
White I ensures that White will get two eyes and life.



Wrong Answer

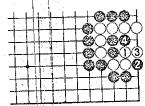
If White 1, Black kills White by destroying his eye in the corner with 2.

PROBLEM 221



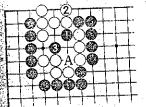
Correct Answer

White L and 3 are the vital points for White to live.

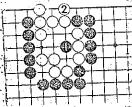


Wrong Answer

If White plays I first, Black 2 and 4 give White a dead 3-space big eye.



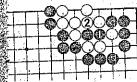
Black 1 and 3 kill White by threatening a snapback at A.



Wrong Answer

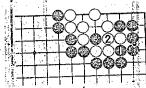
If Black 1, White can live by playing 2. If Black 1 at 2, White 2 at 15

PROBLEM 223



Correct Answer

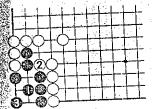
Black kills White by sacrificing two stones with 1 and then playing 3 at 1.



Wrong Answer

If Black I, White gets two eyes and lives with 2.

PROBLEM 224

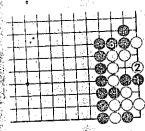


. Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point. If White 2, Black lives with 3.

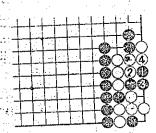
Wrong Answer If Black plays i, he is reduced to a 5-space big eye, so he dies.

PROBLEM 225



Correct Answer

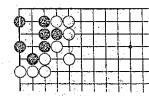
If Black plays 1 and 3, White dies because of snortage of liberties.



Wrong Answer

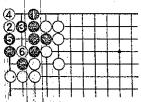
Waite answers 1 with 2 and 4. White now captures three stones, so he lives.

PROBLEM 226



Correct Answer

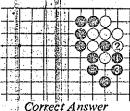
Black 1 is the vital point for ensuring that the black stones will live.



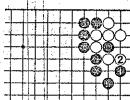
Wrong Answer

In answer to Black 1, White strikes at the vital point of 2, killing Black.

PROBLEM 227



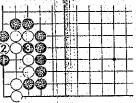
If Black plays and 3, White can't get-two eyes, so his stones die.



Wrong Answer

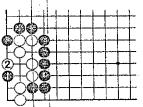
If Black plays 1, White gets two eyes and life with 2.

PROBLEM 228



Correct Answer

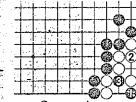
Black I and 3 (or 3 to the right of 1) Sll White.



Wrong Answer

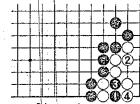
If Black plays 1, White can live by playing at 2.

PROBLEM 229



Correct Answer

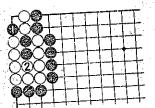
Black 1 sets up a snapback at 3. If 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2 also kills White.



Wrong Answer

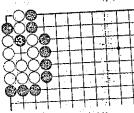
If Black 1, White can live by giving up two stones with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 231



Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. White aptures two stones with 2, but —

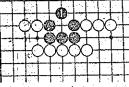


Continuation

Black sets up a snapback with 3. The white stones are now dead.

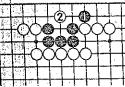
Wrong Answer

In response to 1, Black plays 2 and



Correct Answer

If Black plays on the central point with 1, he can make another eye either to the left or to the right.



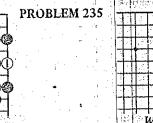
Wrong Answer

If Black plays on any other point, White will kill Black by striking at the vital point of 2.



Correct Answer

The central point is crucial. White can now get two eyes above and below.

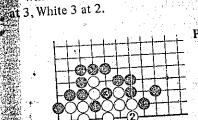


PROBLEM 236

PROBLEM 234

Wrong Answer

If White 1, White is left with only one eye after Black 2 and 4.

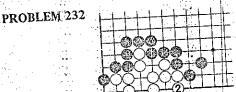


Correct Answer

White lives if he plays 1. If Black 2

Correct Answer

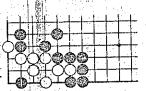
Even if White plays 2, 1 and 3 make White's second eye false, so he dies.



4, killing White.

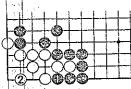
Wrong Answer

In answer to Black 1, White can get two eyes and live with 2.



Correct Answer

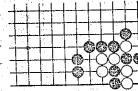
Black 1 is the vital point for killing White.



Wrong Answer

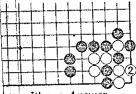
If Black 1, White sacrifices two stones and lives with 2.

PROBLEM 237



Correct Answer

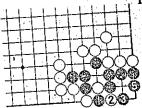
If Black plays 1, White can get only one eye in the corner, so White dies.



Wrong Answer

If Black captures a stone with 1, White gets his second eye at 2.

PROBLEM 233



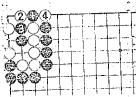
Correct Answer

Black sacrifices a stone with 1 and lives with 3 and 5. (White 4 at Black 1.)

Reference Diagram

Black can live with 1 and 3, but he one eye in the loses four stones when White plays 4.

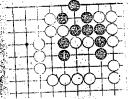
Black kills White with the sequence



Wrong Answer

Black 1 is answered by White 2 and 4. White easily lives.

PROBLEM 239



.Correct Answer

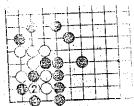
Black I captures two stones, securing the eye he needs to live.



Wrong Answer

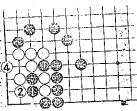
Black ends up with a false eye when White plays 4 above Black 1.

PROBLEM 240



Correct Answer

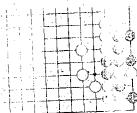
Black I and 3 leave Whit it it only one eye, so he is dead.



Wrong Answer

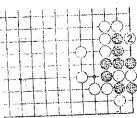
Black I and 3 cleanly capture two white stones, but White lives with 4.

PROBLEM 241



Correct Answer

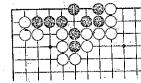
Black sets up a snapback with I and then makes his second eye at 5.



Wrong Answer

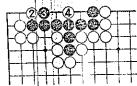
If Black captures two stones with 1, White destroys the second eye with 2.

PROBLEM 242



Correct Answer

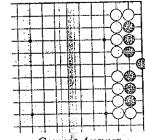
Black 1 is the vital point. If White takes two stones, Black retakes one.



Wrong Answer

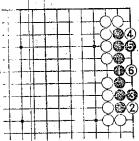
If Black plays 1, he ends up with a dead 3-space big eye after 2 and 4.

PROB1 EM 243



Correct Answer

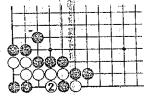
Black lives with 1. He can now get an eye both above and below.



Wrong Answer

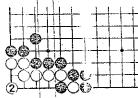
The proverb 'eight live, six die' is well illustrated by this sequence.

PROB. EM 244



Correct Answer

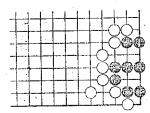
Black I and 3 reduce White to a dead 3 space big eye.



Wrong A. swer

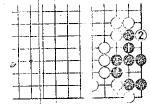
Black i allows White to play on the vital point for getting two eyes.

PROBL. M 245



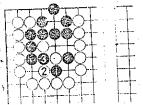
... Correct Answer

Black I ensures that Black will get two eyes and life.

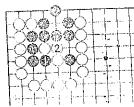


Wrong A .. swer

If Black I, White destroys Black's second eye with 2.



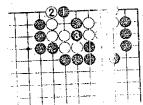
and life by Black can get two cy playing 1 and 3.



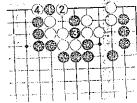
Wrong Answer

In answer to 1, White connects at 2 and Black is left with only one dye.

PROBLEM 347



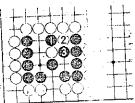
I the white r and 3 kill stones.



Wrong Answer

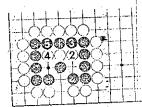
... After Black 1 and 3 in this diagram, White lives by capturing with 2 and 40

PROBLEM 248



Correct Answer

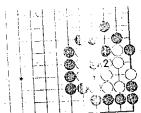
Black + is the central, and of a symmetrical shape. Black It gets two eyes.



Reference Diagram

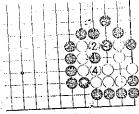
In the worst case, Black lives in a seki, as the sequence to 5 shows:

PROBLEM 249



Correct Arswer

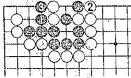
Black 1 and 3 desires White's eyes, killing the white stone.



Wrong Answer

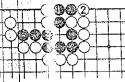
Black 1 fails. White lives by capturing a stone for his second eye.

PROBLEM 250



Correct Answer

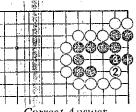
Black 1 and 3 sacrifice a stone, but then Black retakes three stones and gets two eyes.



Wrong Answer

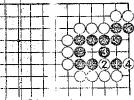
In response to 1, White ataris at 2, killing the black stones.

PRCBLEM 251



Correct Answer

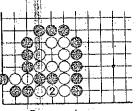
Black can get two eyes and life by playing I and 3.



Wron; Answer

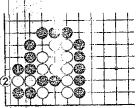
If Black 1, ti only way Black can live is to win a k

PROBLEM 252



Correct Answer

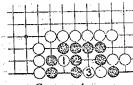
Black kills White by playing at 1. then throwing in a stone two spaces to the right of i.



Wrong Answer

If Black exclinges 1 for 2, White will live by capt ling the two stones in the corner.

PROBLEM 253

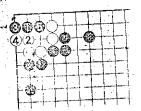


Correct Answer

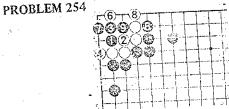
White kills Black by destroying one of his two eyes with 1 and 3.



If White I, Black makes a living 4space big eye with 2.



Black it is the vital point to he carpenter's square'. Up to 5, W ... e is left with a dead 3-space big eye.



Reference Diagram

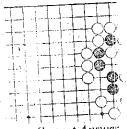
ng three

inte dies

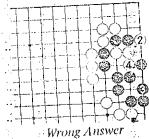
3. After

Black 1, as well as Black + at 4, also kills White, out the standard attacking move is Black 1 in the correct answer.

PROBLEM 255

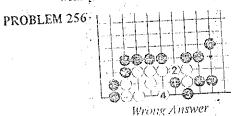


Correct Answer Black can live by sacrif stones with 1.



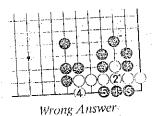
Against Black 1, White kills Black with 2 and 4.

Correct Answer Black this the vital point after the sequence to be

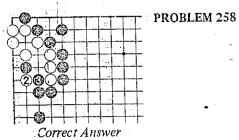


Islack I tails to kill White. White lives with 2 and 4.

Correct Answe Black attacks with I Black > White is dead.



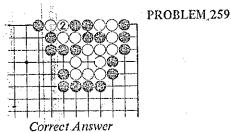
Black it is the wrong order. White lives with a seki.



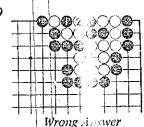
Black I kills White by taking advantage of his shortage of liberties.

Wrong Answer

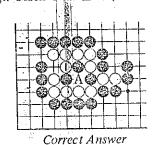
If Black plays | White lives with 2 and 4.



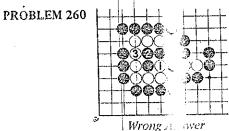
Black I sets up the 'under the stones' tesuji, Black 3 at a captures White.



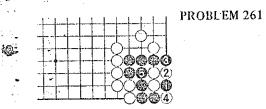
If Black I, Black has no follow-up after White captures with 2.



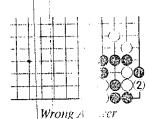
After White I, connecting at A would be suicide, so White lives.



If White captures ith I and 3, he dies after Black plays back in with 4 at 2.



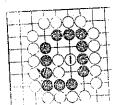
Correct Answer After the sequence to 5, White can't connect at 1, so Black lives.



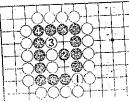
If Black i, Black . . . up with a dead 3-space big eye after write 2.

-- 159 ---

PROBLEM 257



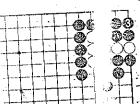
. White it is the vital policy for giving Black a dead 5-space big c



Avrong Answer

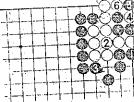
TI White 1, Black gets a seki with 2 and 4

PROBLEM 243



Correct Answ.

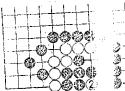
Black gives White a de 4-space big eye by playing 1 and 3.



Wrong Answer

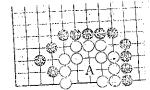
Af Black 3, White lives with 4 and 6.4 since connecting at 4 is suicide for Black.

PROBLEM 764



*Correct Ansi

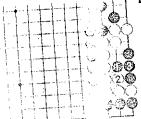
If Black plays 1 an 3, White is left with a dead 6-space



Reference Diagram

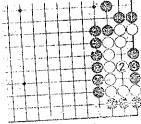
This shape is known as 'flowery six'. If Black plays at A, White is dead.

PROBLEM 265



* Correct All

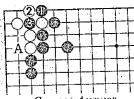
Sespace big Black d, and 5 mak eye. Winte dies.



Wrong Answer

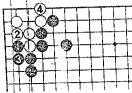
Black 1 lets White play the vital count of 2 to live with a sekt.

PROBLEM 266



Black 1 and 3 result in a ko. If White

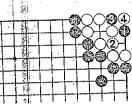
2 at 3, Black A kills White outright.



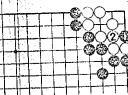
Wrong Answer

If Black 1 and 3, White lives unconditionally with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 267



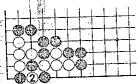
The sequence to White 4 results in a ko. White 2 at 4 also results in a ko, but this ko would be worse for White.



Wrong Answer

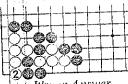
If Black 1, there is no ko. White is unconditionally alive after 2.

PROBLEM 268



Correct Answer

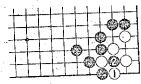
Black I sets up a ko for the soute



Wrong Answer

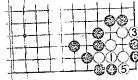
If Black 1, White catches three black stones and lives with 2.

PROBLEM 269



Correct Answer

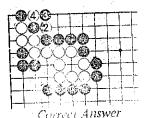
The only way White can save his stones is to start a ko with 1.



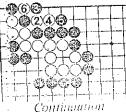
Wrong Answer

If White 1, White is reduced to a dead 3-space big eye up to Black 6.

. .

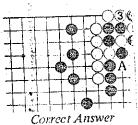


Black I and I set up a ka life of the white group,

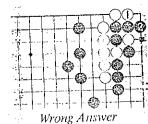


After Black 3, if Winne plays 4. Black responds with 5 and it is still a ko.

PROBLEM 271



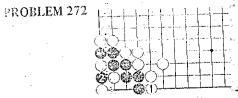
White 1 and 3 set up the o. If Black 4 to the left of 2, White blays A and it is still a ko.



If White I, there is no ke after Black 2:

Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 turn the core into a double ko; so Black lives.

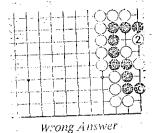


If White Plays First

If White plays first at 1, then Black
must play 2 and it becomes a real ko.

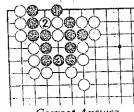
Correct Answer

Black can live by making a 1 and 3. If 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2



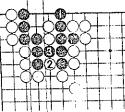
Black t is answered by 2. Even if Black p ays 3, he is dead.

PROBLEM 274



Correct Answer

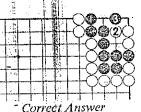
Black 1 and 3 live with a seki. If Where 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2 captures two stones and lives outright.



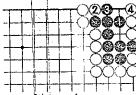
Wrong Answer

If Black 1 exchanging 2 for 3 reduces Black to a dead 4-space big eye.

PROBLEM 275



Black gets a seki with I and 3. If 2 at 3. Black 3 at 2 and it is still a seki.



Wrong Answer

If Black, it becomes a dead benttour-in-the-corner shape after 2 and 4.

Black gets a seki by playing 1 and 3.

PROBLEM 276

Wrong Answer

If Black 1, Black gets a dead 5-space big eye after White 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 277

Correct Answer
White 1 and 3 are the correct order of moves for White to get seki and live.

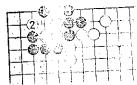
Wrong Answer

If White 1, White is reduced to a dead 3-space big eye.

with

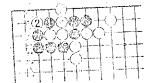
PROBLEM 273

EROBLEM 278



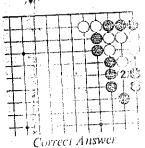
Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. If White 2, Black ataris with 3 and catches White.

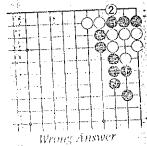


Black of fails to capture the four stones when White answers with 2.

PROBLEM 279

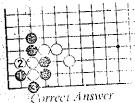


Black 1 and 3 are the vital points. Black wins the capturing race.

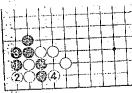


If Black plays 1, he loses his three stones in the corner.

PROBLEM 280



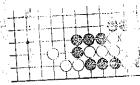
Black tas the vital pourt, A. 11.13, it is clear the Black will capture ! Lite.



Wrong Answer

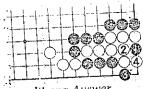
If Black plays 1 and 3, he will lose three stones when White plays at 4.

PROBLEM 281



Correct Answer

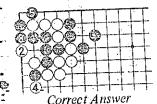
Black is is the vital point to, capturing the white stones in the comer-



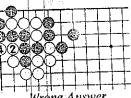
Wrong Answer

If Black 1 and 3, White gets an eye up to 4, so the three black stones die

PROBLEM 282



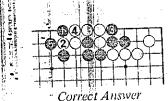
If Black 1, White can't atan, so Black catches four white stones.



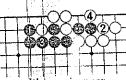
Wrong Answer

Playing Black 1 first lets White atari with 2 and 4. Black loses his stones.

PROBLEM 283



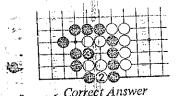
Black 1 and 3 catch the white stones at the edge.



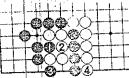
Vrong Answer

If Black 1, White will capture two black spones with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 284



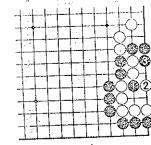
Black 1 first, followed by 3, will capture five white stones.



Wrong Answer

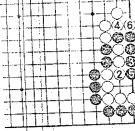
If Black plays I first, he will lose his four stones on the right.

PROBLEM 285



Correct Answer

4 If Black cuts at 1 and then plays 3, the white stones in the corner will die.

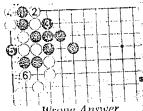


Wrong Auswer

If Black lets White connect at 2, he loses his stones in the sequence to 6.



Black sacrifices two stones with 1, sacrifices another by throwing in at A with 5, and wins the capturing race.



Wrong Answer

Black 3 is in the wrong direction. When White plays 6, it is clear that Black losses the capturing race.

PROBLEM 287

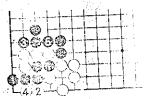


If Black descends to I, he will capture two white stones after Black 3.

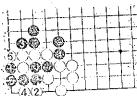


If Black 1 first, Black will lose two stones in the corner after 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 288



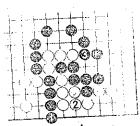
Correct Answer After praying 1. Black with the capturing race with the seque. \geq to 5,



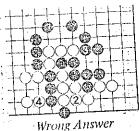
Wrong Answer

If Black plays 1, he will lose five stone: in the sequence to White o.

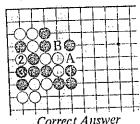
PROBLEM 289



Correct Answer Black & forces White 2. After 3, the tour white stones above will die.

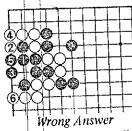


Black I doesn't increase his liberties. Black loses four stones after White 4.



Correct Answer Black can win the capturing race by

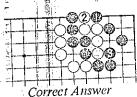
raying I, A, or B.



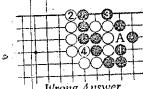
If Black plays i, he will lose his stones on the left.

PROBLEM 291

PROBLEM 290



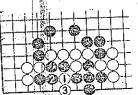
Black I is the vital point for winning the capturing race.



Wrong Answer

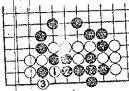
Playing 1 or A first is the wrong order. It is now Black who loses.

PROBLEM 292



Correct Answer

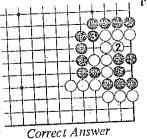
After White I and 3, Black can't attack because he is short of liberties.



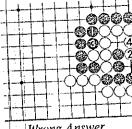
Wrong Answer

White captures a stone with 1 and 3, but he lose his five stones above.

PROBLEM 293



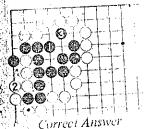
If Black makes an eye with 1, he wins the capturing race.



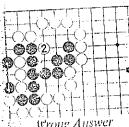
Wrong Answer

If Black plays 1, White 2 robs Black of his eye and he lives with a seki.





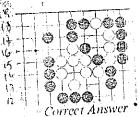
Black can live by playing I and



Wrong Answer

If Black plays I, he ends up with a dead Fispace big eye after White 2.

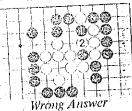




Black-tips the vital point for destroying White's eye shape.

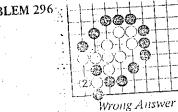
- C

(2 營))



If Black atans with 1, White captures and gets his second eye with 2.

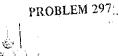




Correct Answer

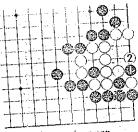
If Black 1, White easily gets his second eye with 2.

Black I is the vital police, After Black 3. White is dead.



Correct Answer

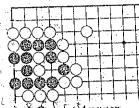
If Black 1 and 3, White can't attack because he's short of liberties, so he dies.



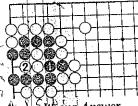
Wrong Answer

I Black captures with 1, White easily gets two eyes with 2.

PROBLEM 298



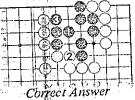
After 1, if White captures a stone, Black lives by retaking three stones.



Wrong Answer

If Black connects at 1, he ends up with a dead 3-space big eye.

PROBLEM 299



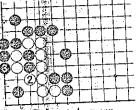
Black can live by playing 1 and 3. If White 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

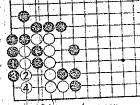
If Black plays 1, White kills Black by striking at the vital point with 2.

PROBLEM 300



Correct Answer

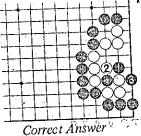
- Black 1 is the vital point for killing White. After 3, White has only one eye.



Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White lives with the sequence up to 4.

PROBLEM 301



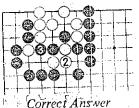
Black 1 and 3 are the vital points.

for killing White.

Wrong Answer

Black 1 fails to kill White, as the sequence to White 4 illustrates.



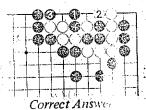


Black 1 and 3 are the vital points. Even if White captures a stone, he dies.

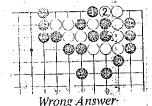


If Black plays 1 and 3, he loses three stônes after 4, so White lives.

PROBLEM 303

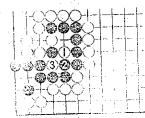


Black 1, followed by 3, kills the white stones.

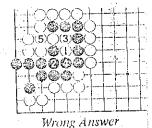


If Black captures with 1, he dies. when White plays 2.

PROBLEM 304

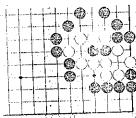


Correct Aus wa Both 1 and 2 are the vital points of attack and defense. The ko startswith 3.



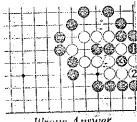
. After White I, Black can't avoid! the ko. If he plays at 2, he dies.

PROBLEM 305



Correct Answer

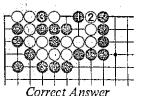
Black I turns the white eye on the right into a false one, so White dies.



Wrong Answer

If Black plays I from the other side, it becomes a ko.

PROBLEM 306

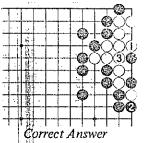


Wrong Answer

After Black 1 and 3, it is not a seki: White is dead.

If Black 1, White easily lives with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 207

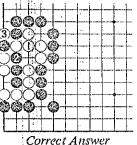


Wrong Answer

White can live by making two eyes with 1 and 3.

If White I, Black 2 prevents White from getting two eyes, so White dies.

ROBLEM 308

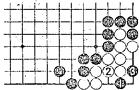


White can live with a sek by

Wrong Answer If White first captures with 1, Black

2 and 4 kill White's group.

PROBLEM 309



playing I and 3.

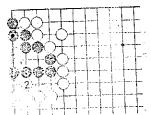
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 kill White by making 'bent four in the corner'.

Wrong Answer

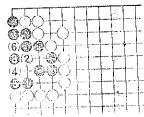
If Black exchanges i for 2, there is no way White can be killed.

PROBLEM 3.50



Correct Answer

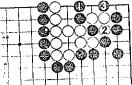
Black I is the vital point for getting a living 4-space big eye.



Wrong Answer

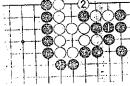
HI Black I, White can create a ko. with the sequence to 6.

PROBLEM 311



Correct Answer

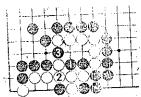
Black I is the vital point. If White takes with 2, Black 3 kills White.



Wrong Answer

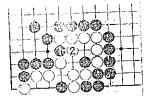
Hf Black connects with 1, White easily lives with 2.

PROBLEM 312



Correct Answer

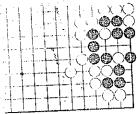
and 3 kill all the white stones.



Wrong Answer

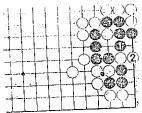
by playing 2.

PROBLEM 313



Correct Answer

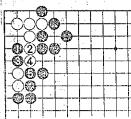
Black lives by giving atan to the white stone with 1.



Wrong Answer

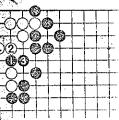
Giving atari with 1 in this direction allows White to kill him with 2

PROBLEM 314



Correct Answer

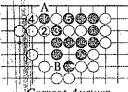
The sequence up to Black 5 kills all the white stones.



Wrong Answer

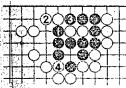
Black I and 3 catch the tw white stones, but White lives in the corner,

PROBLEM 315



Correct Answer

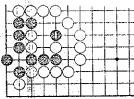
Black can live with the sequence to 5. If White A, Black B.



Wrong Answer

Black I and 3 catch two ston s, but White 4 destroys Black's second ye.

PROBLEM 316



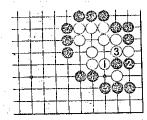
Correct Answer

Black I catches two white stones, Black it is ineffective. White can live so Black lives.

Wrong Answer

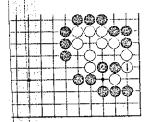
Black 1 and 3, White stones escape, so Black dies.

PROBLEM 317



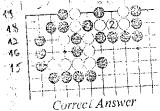
Correct Answer.

White I is the vital point for making = two eyes. White lives with 3.

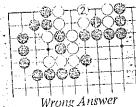


Wrong Answer

If White exchanges 1 for 2, he gets only one eye, so he dies.

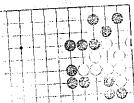


Black 1 and 3 catch the four white stones on the right, so White dies.



If Black !, White gets two eyes and lives with 2.

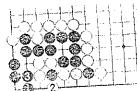




White I is the vital point for getting

h White I, Black 2 and 4 destroy Correct Answer White's second eye, so White dies.

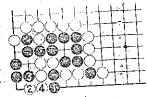




two eyes and life.

Correct Answer

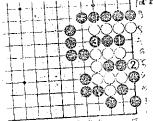
Black gets his second eye in the corner with I and 3. If 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

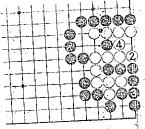
Black I fails. After 2 and 4, Black can't get two eyes, so he dies:

PROBLEM 321



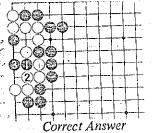
Correct Answer

Black 1 and 3 kill White. If 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2 and White still dies.

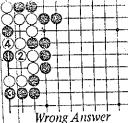


Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White can live with 2 and 4.



Black 1 and 3 kill White. White can't atari Black's two stones.

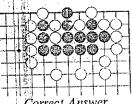


Black I fails. White lives th 2

and 4.

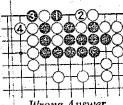
PROBLEM 323

PROBLEM 322



Correct Answer

Black I catches two stones on the left and one on the right, so Black eves.



Wrong Answer

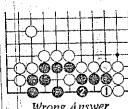
Capturing two stones with Black gets only one eye after 2:

PROBLEM 324



Correct Answer

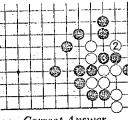
White I and 3 are the vital points for destroying Black's eye on the right.



Wrong Answer

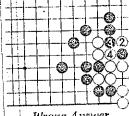
If White I, Black can live be naking his second eye with 2.

PROBLEM 325



Correct Answer

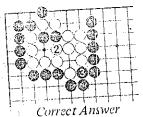
Black I is the vital point. If White 2, Black 3 kills White.



Wrong Answer

Black I may look like a vital oint, but White lives after 2 and 4.



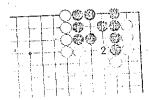


Black it is the vital point. If White 2. Black kills White with 3.

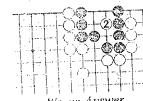
Wrong Answer

If Black plays 1 first, White lives with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 327

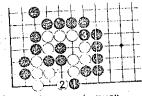


Black t is the vital point for making two eyes. If White 2. Black lives with 3.

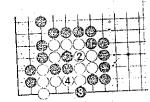


If Black 1, White 2 destroys Black's eye shape, so Black dies. *-

PROBLEM 328



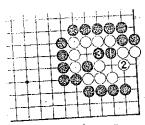
Correct Answer Black is the vital point. If White 2, Black kills White with 3.



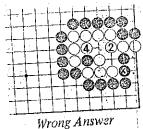
Wrong Answer

Black t is a bad move: After White captures with 4, he can easily live.

PROBLEM 329



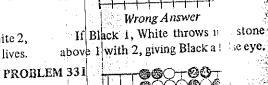
Correct Answer Black, 1 and 3 kill White, If White 2 at 3. Black 3 at 2 and White still dies.

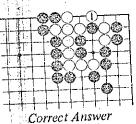


If Black 1, White gets two eyes and lives with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 330

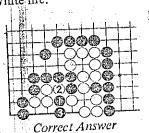
Black I is the vital point. If White 2, Black gets another eye after 3 and lives.





White I captures a black stone and gives White life.

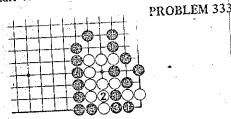
Wrong Answer White can capture two with 1 and 3, but he dies after PROBLEM 332



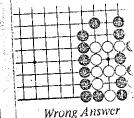
After Black 1 and 3, White can't give atari to these stones, so he dies.



second If Black i, White gets in eye at the bottom and lives w



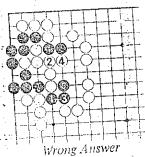
Correct Answer Black kills White by sacrificing three stones with 1 and 3.



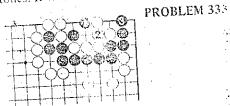
If Black 1, White gets two es with 2 and lives.

-177 -

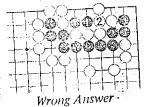
Black | ensures the capture of three white stones. If White 2, Black 3.



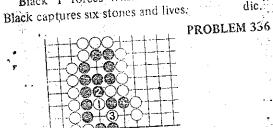
In answer to 1. White takes the vital point of 2. After 4, Black's stones die.



Correct Answer Black 1 forces White 2. After 3,

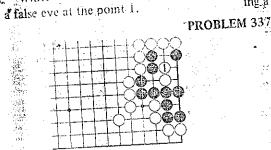


If Black plays 1, all his stones will ...



Correct Answer White I and 3 kill Black by creating Wrong Answer

If White I, Black can live by making a second real eye with 2 and 4.

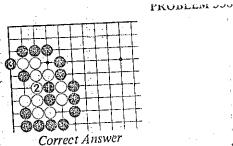


so Black dies.

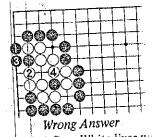
Correct Answer White saves his two stones with I, Wrong Answer.

If White I, Black gets a second eye with 2 and 4, so he lives.

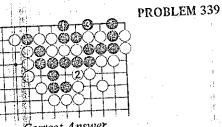
_ 178 - -



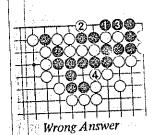
Black kills White by first sacrificing two stones with 1 and then playing 3.



If Black 1 first, White lives with the sequence to 4.

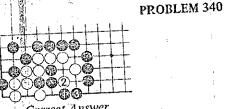


Correct Answer Black-I is the vital point for making life. If 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2 is essential.

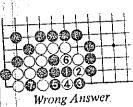


one

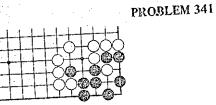
Black 1 and 3 result in on. eye after White 4, so Black dies.



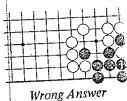
Correct Answer Black 1 is the vital point. If White 2, Black links up with 3 and White dies.



Black I fails. The sequent to 7 results in a ko.

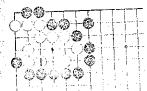


Correct Answer Black i ensures that Black will get two eyes and life.

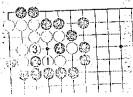


If Black 1, White 2 sets up back so Black dies.

-179 -

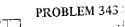


White I is the vital point for ensuring two eyes and life.



Wrong Auswer

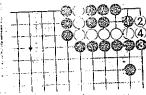
If White I, Black kills White by making a faise eye with 2 and 4.





Correct Answer

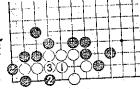
Black kills White by making an eye with 1 and 3. If 2 at 3, Black 3 at 2.



Wrong Answer

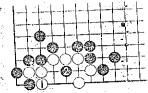
Plack 1 fails. After 2 and 4, White can get either a ko or a seki.

PROBLEM 344



Correct Answer

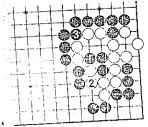
White 1 is the vital point for living. After 3, the stone at 2 can't escape.



Wrong Answer

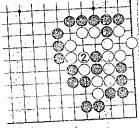
. If White I, Black strikes at the vital point of 2, killing White.

PROBLEM 345



Correct Answer

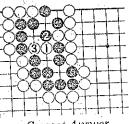
Black saves his three stones with I and 3, so White dies.



Wrong Answer.

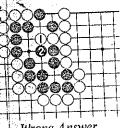
If Black 1, White catches two stones with 2 and lives.

PROBLEM 346



Correct Answer

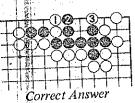
If White I and 3, Black can't put these two stones into atari, so he dies.



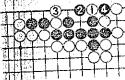
Wrong Answer

If White 1, Black gets tw eyes with 2 and lives.

PROBLEM 347



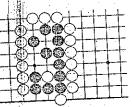
White 1 and 3 prevent Black from getting two eyes, so he dies.



Wrong Answer

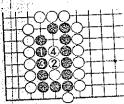
the order of moves is re rised it becomes a ko after Black 4.

PROBLEM 348



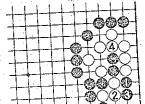
Correct Answer

Black I ensures that Black will get two eyes and life.



Wrong Answer

If Black I, White sacrific stones with 2 and 4, and Black

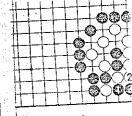


Correct Answer

White with the sequence to 5.

Black sacrifices two stones and kills

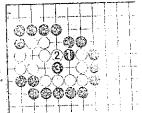
PROBLEM 349



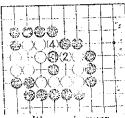
Wrong Answer

h the Black i, White lives sequence to 4.





Black I is the vital point. If White 2, Black 3 kills White.



Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White plays on the vital point of 2. After 4, White is alive.

PROBLEM 351



If Black 1, three of White s stones at the edge will be captured, so Black lives.

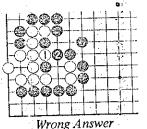


Wrong Answer

Capturing with I fails. White retakes to the left of I and Black dies.



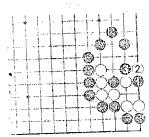
PROBLEM 352



Correct Answer White I and 3 catch a black stone, so. White gets two eyes and lives.

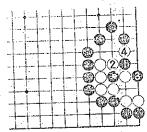
White I will capture a black stone, but the eye he gets will be false.

PROBLEM 353



Correct Answer

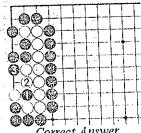
Black I is the vital point. If White 2, Black 3 reduces White to one eye.



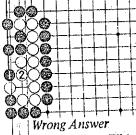
Wrong Answer

Reversing the order with 1 and 3 fails. After White 4, it becomes a ko.

PROBLEM 354



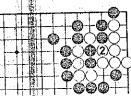
If Black sacrifices a stone with 1, he can kill the white group with 3.



Black 1 fails. After White

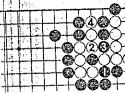
becomes a ko.

PROBLEM 355



Correct Answer

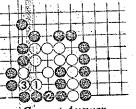
Sacrificing two stones with I and throwing in at 1 with 3 kills White.



Wrong Answer

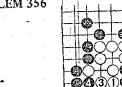
Black I and 3 fail. White will apture three stones with 4 and live.

PROBLEM 356



Correct Answer

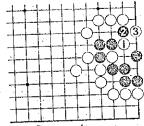
White will get two eyes and life if he plays 1 and 3.



Wrong Answer

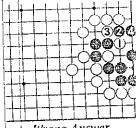
White I and 3 fail. After Blok 4, White ends up with a false eye.

PROBLEM 357



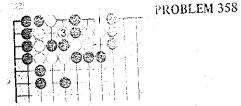
Correct Answer

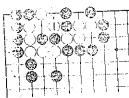
White I and 3 are the vital points for killing Black.



Wrong Answer

White 3 is a mistake. Black was live when lie plays 4.

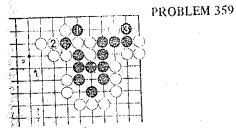




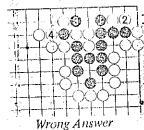
Wrong Answer

White I is the vital point. If Black 2, White lives with 3.

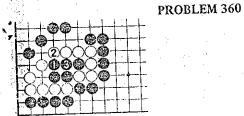
If WI te 1, Black links up to his two stones with 2, so White dies.



Correct Answer Black it is the tesuji. If White 2, Black catches a stone with 3 and lives.



Black 1 fails. After White 2, there is no way Black can live.

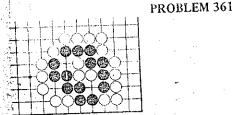


Correct Answer

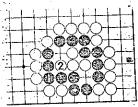
Wrong Answer

Sacrificing five stones with 1 and 3 gives White a dead 5-space big eye.

If Black 1, White can get a living 4-space big eye with 2.

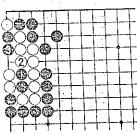


Correct Answer Black I is the vital point. It is now a seki, so Black lives.



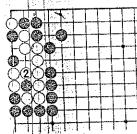
Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White 2 gives Black a dead 5-space big eye shape.



Correct Answer

Black kills White by sacrificing two stones with I and two more with 3.

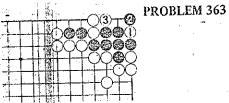


PROBLEM 362

PROBLEM 364

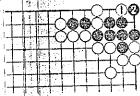
Wrong Answer

Black I fails. After White 2, Bl. can't stop White from getting two ey



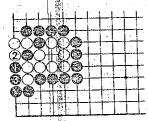
Correct Answer

The combination of 1 and 3 kills all the black stones in the corner.



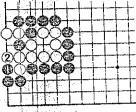
Wrong Answer

If White plays 1, the result in corner will depend on a ko.



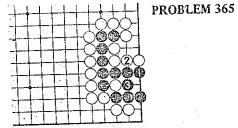
Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. After 3, White is dead.



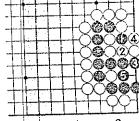
Wrong Answer

Black I fails. White gets two eyes and lives with 2.



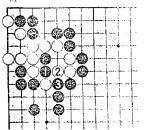
Correct Answer 1

Black I is the vital point. White 2 is Forced. Black now gets two eyes with 3.



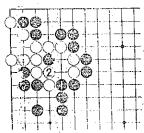
Correct Answer 2

Black could also play the seque e to 5. The result is the same as before



Correct Answer

Black sacrifices two stones with 1 and then gives White a false eye with 3.

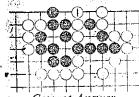


PROBLEM 366

PROBLEM 367

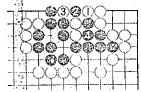
Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White makes his second eye with 2 and lives.



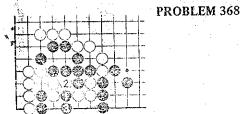
Correct Answer

If White links up his stones with 1, the black stones will die.



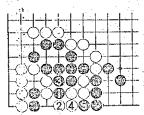
: Wrong Answer

If White 1, Black will capture three stones and live with 2 and 4.



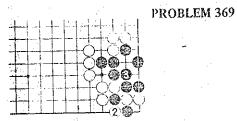
Correct Answer 1

Black can live if he captures three white stones with 1 and 3.



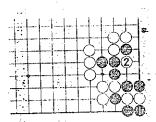
-- Correct Answer 2

If White answers Black 1 with 2, White loses five stones after Black 5.



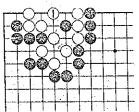
Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. If White 2, Black lives with B.



Wrong Answer

If Black takes two stones with 1, he dies after White plays 2.



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PROBLEM 370

PROBLEM 371

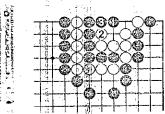
Wrong Answer

Correct Answer

white 4 is the vital point for making two eyes and life.

White I fails. After Black 2, White

is dead.

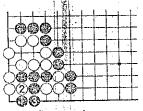


Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point. After Black 3, White is dead.

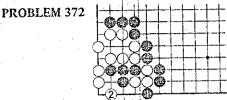
Wrong Answer

If Black captures with 1, White catches six stones, so White lives.



Correct Answer

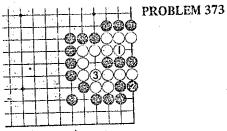
Black i is the vital point. After 3, all the white stones are dead.



Wrong Answer

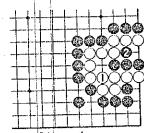
Black can capture three stones will.

1, but White makes another eye with.



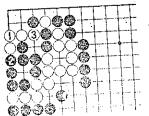
- Correct Answer

White can live with a seki if he plays I and 3.



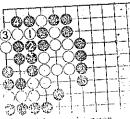
Wrong Answer

If White plays i first, he ends u with a dead 5-space big eye after 2.



Correct Answer

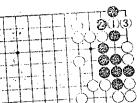
Black has the vital point. If Black 2, White 3 will eatch eight black stones.



Avrong Answer

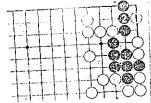
If White reverses the order of moves, he leses his stones after Black 4.

PROBLEM 375



Correct Answer

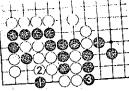
Whitest is the vital point. After 3, Black can't capture White, so he dies.



Wrong Answer-

If White plays 1, Black lives after playing 2.

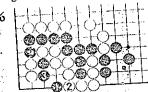
PROBLEM 376



Correct Answer

Black i is the vital point, If White

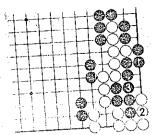
2. Black catches four stones with 3.



Reference Diagram

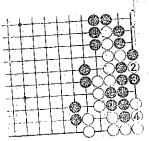
If White connects at 2 in answer to 1, all of White's stones are dead after 3.

PROBLEM 377



Correct Answer

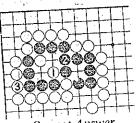
If Black plays 1 and 3, his stones cannot be captured, so White dies.



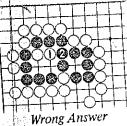
Wrong Answer

"If Black plays I first, Black will lose eight stones, so White will live.

PROBLEM 378

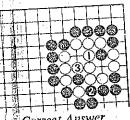


Cutting at 1 to force Black 2 is the vital move. After 3, Black is dead.



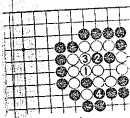
White I fails. After Black 2 White has no follow-up move, so Black eves.

PROBLEM 379



Correct Answer

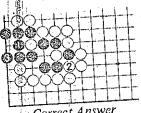
White I is the vital point for making life. If Black 2 next, White 3.



Wrong Answer

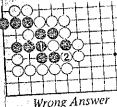
White 1 fails. After Black and 4, White is dead.

PROBLEM 380



Correct Answer

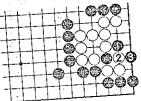
Black I is the vital point. Black can make two eyes by playing at 3 or 2.



Wrong Answer

If Black i, Black can't i ke two eyes after White 2, so he dies.

PROBLEM 381



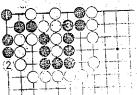
Correct Answer

Black 1 kills White. If White 2, Black links up with 3.



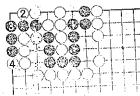
If Black captures two stones with i and 3, White lives with 2 and

-189 -



Correct Answer

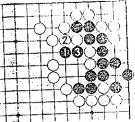
Playing I ensures that Black will win the capturing race, so Black even



Wrong Answer

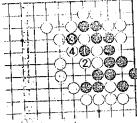
If Black I, White can capture all the black stones with 2 and 4.





Correct Answer

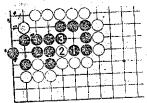
Black can capture two stones and live with 1 and 3.



Wrong Answer

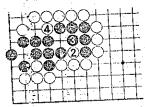
Against Black 1, White plays 2 and 4 and Black dies.

PROBLEM 384



Correct Answer

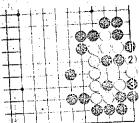
Black makes two eyes and lives by playing 1 and 3.



Wrong Answer

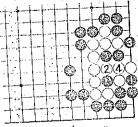
Black was a mustake. After White 2 and 4, all the black stones are dead.

PROBLEM 385



Correct Answer

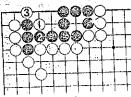
Black is the vital point. If White 2, Black 3 kills White,



Wrong Answer

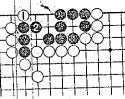
If Black reverses the order of moves, White gets two cyes with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 386



Correct Answer

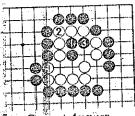
- After i and 3, Black can't capture a stone, so his group dies.



Wrong Answer

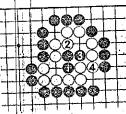
White I fails. Black plays 2 and gets two eyes and life.

PROBLEM 387



Correct Answer

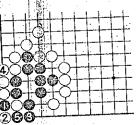
If Black sacrifices three stones with and 3, all the white stones die.

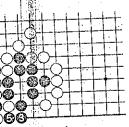


Wrong Answer

Black I fails. White lives with a seki with the sequence to 4.

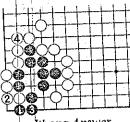
PROBLEM 388





Correct Answer

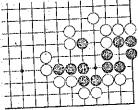
If Black first sacrifices a stone with i, he will capture two stones after 5.



Wrong Answer

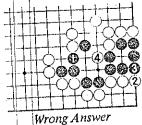
If Black ataris with 1, he can't supture any stones after White 4.

PROPLEM 389



Correct Answer

Black i is the vital point for getting two eyes and life.

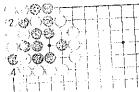


Against 1, White 2 and 4 cream a shortage of liberties, so Black dies.



Carreet Answer

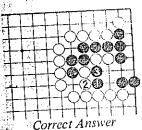
Black t is the vital polant. With 3, Black catches two stones and lives,



Wrong Answer

If Black reverses the order of moves; he can't got two eyes, so he dies.

PROBLEM 391



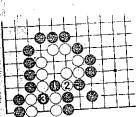
Black lives.

Black 1 and 3 eatch two stones, so

Wrong Answer

If Black 1, the life of the black group will hinge on the result of a ko.

PROBLEM 392



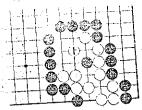
Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. If White 2, Black 3 kills White.

Wrong Answer

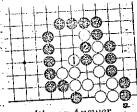
If Black I, White sacrifices two stones and gets two eyes with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 393



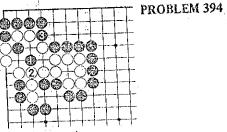
Correct Answer

White 1 catches a black stone, so White gets two eyes and life.



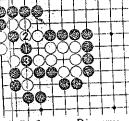
Wrong Answer

If White plays 1, Black escapes with 2, so White can't get two eyes. He dies.



Correct Answer

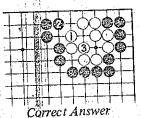
Black I is the vital point. If White 2, "Black 3 kills all the white stones.



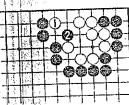
Reference Diagram If White answers 1 with 2, Black 3

also kills White's group.

PROBLEM 395



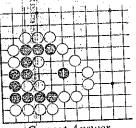
White 1 is the vital point. Next; - White 3 or White 3 at 2 makes two eyes.



Wrong Answer

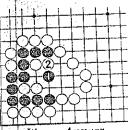
If White 1, Black strikes at the stal point of 2 and White dies.

PROBLEM 396



Correct Answer

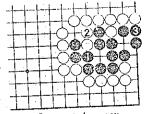
Black 1 catches the three endan-- gered white stones, so Black lives.



Wrong Answer

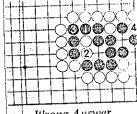
Black I fails. White can escape with 2, so Black dies.

PROBLEM 397



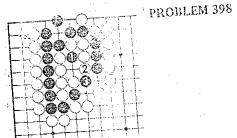
Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. Next, Black 3 or Black 3 at 2 makes two eyes.



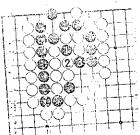
Wrong Answer

If Black plays I and 3, he en is up with only one eye after White 4.



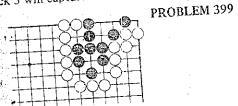
Correct Answer

Black I is the only move. If White 2, Black 3 will capture some stones.



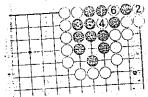
... Reference Diagram

If White answers 1 with 2, Black 3 will capture three stones, so Black lives.



Correct Answer

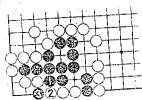
Black i ensures that Black will get one eye at the top and live.



Wrong Answer

If Black 1, the life of the black group will hinge on the result of a ko.





Correct Answer

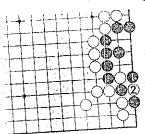
Black 1 and 3 will capture at least three stones, so Black lives.



Wrong Answer

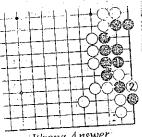
Black I tails. Even if Black captures two stones, he can't live.

PROBLEM 401



Correct Answer

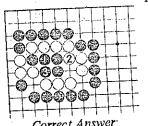
The only way for Black to live is to start a ko with 1.



Wrong Answer

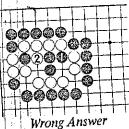
If Black 1, Black can't get two eyes after White 2, so he dies.

PROBLEM 402



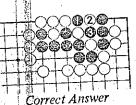
Correct Answer

Black kills White by making a 5space big eye with 1 and 3.

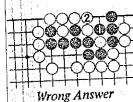


Black I fails. White gets two eyes and life after he plays 2.

PROBLEM 403



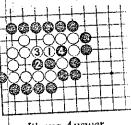
Black lives by playing 1. After 2, Black catches three stones with 3.



Black I fails, After White 2, the black group is dead.

PROBLEM 404

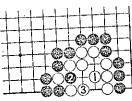
Correct Answer White I is the vital point. After 3, White can get his second eye at A.



Wrong Answer

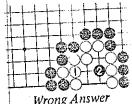
If White 1, the life of the white group will hinge on the result of a ko.

PROBLEM 405



Correct Answer

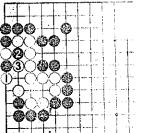
White 1 is the vital point. With 3, White gets two eyes and life.



Wrong Answer

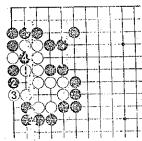
If White 1, Black strikes at the vipoint of 2 and kills White.

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Correct Answer

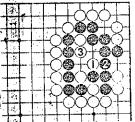
White 1 is the vital point. If Black White easily lives with 3.



Wrong Answer

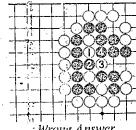
If White 1, it becomes a ko after 4. If White 1:4t 4, Black 3 kills White:

PROBLEM 407



Correct Answer

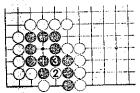
White I and 3 catch six stones in a snapback, so Black dies.



Wrong Answer

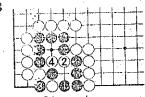
If White reverses the order of moves, Black lives with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 408



Correct Answer

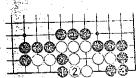
Black 1 is the vital point, If White 2, Black 3 catches that stone and lives. Black.



- Wrong Answer

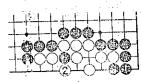
If Black 1, White 2 and 4 kill

PROBLEM 409



Correct Answer

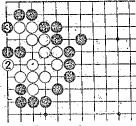
After Black 1 and 3, White will get a false eye on the right, so he dies.



Wrong Answer

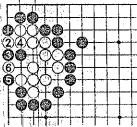
If Black 1, White immediately gets two eyes with 2, so he lives.

PROBLEM 410



Correct Answer

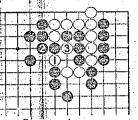
Black I kills White since Black can row link up at 3 or one line below 2.



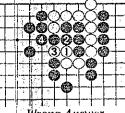
Wrong Answer

Black I fails. White catches the two black stones with the sequence to 6.

PROBLEM 411



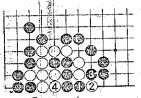
White I and 3 catch four stones in a snapback, so White lives.



Wrong Answer

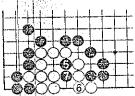
and 3 fail. After Black +, White all of White's stones die.

PROBLEM 412



Correct Answer

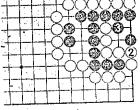
Black sacrifices five stones with 1 and 3. When White plays 4 -



Continuation

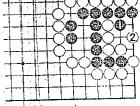
Black 5 and 7 reduce White to o big eye. Black 5 at 6 also kills White.

O PROBLEM 413



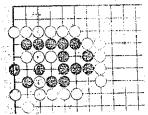
Correct Answer

Black 1 is the vital point. If White 2, Black gets another eye at 3 and lives.



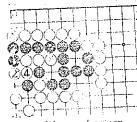
Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White plays the viol point at 2 and Black dies.



Correct Answer

If Black plays i, the three white stones can't escape, so Black lives.

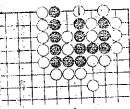


Wrong Answer

If Black 1, White saves his stones with the sequence to 4 and Black dies.

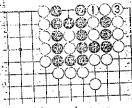


PROBLEM 415



Correct Answer

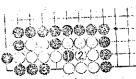
White Ekills Black, If Black takes two stones. White retakes.



Wrong Answer

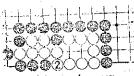
If White I, Black makes two eyes and lives with 2 and 4.

PROBLEM 416



Correct Answer

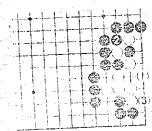
After Black 1 and 3, White is dead because he is short of liberties.



Wrong Answer

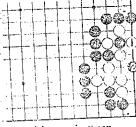
If Black simply plays 1, White 2 captures three stones; so White lives.

PROBLEM 417



Correct Answer

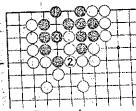
White can make two eyes and live with 1 and 3.



Wrong Answer

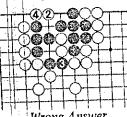
If White takes a stone with 1, Black plays at 2 and White dies.

PROBLEM 418



Correct Answer

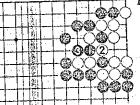
Black I sis the vital point. Next, -Black 3 or Black 3 at 2 makes two eyes.



Wrong Answer

Black catches two stones with and 3, but he is dead after White 4.

PROBLEM 419.



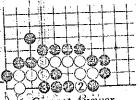
Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. If White 2, Black 3 kills White.

Wrong Answer

If Black 1, Black loses three stones when White plays 2, so White lives.

PROBLEM 420



Correct Answer

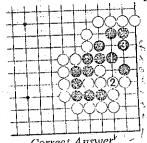
Black I is the vital point for giving White a dead 5-space big eye.



Wrong Answer

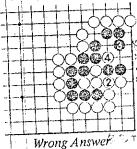
If Black 1, White can live with a seki after he plays 2.

PROBLEM 421



Correct Answer

Black I is the vital point. Next, Black 3 or Black 3 at 2 gives Black life;



If Black 1 and 3, White 4 kills Black. If 1 at 3, White 4 also kills Black.

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